

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 17th September, 1913.

No. 40.—Mr. W. B. Gordon, C.I.E., Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, on leave, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 25th September 1913, and the Hon'ble Mr. R. P. Russell, Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Public Works Department, is confirmed in that appointment with effect from the same date.

P. HAWKINS,

Under Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

EMIGRATION.

No. 7773—7789-116.

Simla, the 18th September, 1913.

RESOLUTION—By the Government of India, Department of Commerce and Industry.

Intimation has been received from His Britannic Majesty's Consul-General at Manila that Indians endeavouring to enter the United States of America after a term of residence in Manila are liable to be refused admission, and that there are no openings for Indian employment in Manila.

The Governor General in Council accordingly requests all Local Governments and Administrations to make the above intimation as widely known as possible, particularly in places from which emigration to Manila is believed to be most common. Intending emigrants should also be warned at the port of embarkation of the risks they run in proceeding to Manila.

Ordered that a copy of the above Resolution be forwarded, for information and guid-

The Secretary to the Government of Madras.
The Secretary to the Government of Bombay.
The Secretary to the Government of Bengal.
The Secretary to the Government of Bihar and Orissa.
The Secretary to the Government of the United Provinces.
The Secretary to the Government of the Punjab.
The Secretary to the Government of Burma.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Assam.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Delhi.
The Chief Commissioner of Coorg.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner of Ajmer-Merwara.
The Hon'ble the Chief Commissioner and Agent to the Governor-General, North-West Frontier Province.
The Hon'ble the Agent to the Governor-General and Chief Commissioner in Baluchistan.

ance, to the Local Governments and Administrations noted in the margin and to the Home and Foreign Departments for information.

Ordered, also, that a copy be published in the *Gazette of India* for general information.

SALT.

The 20th September, 1913.

No. 7765-57.—In continuation of the Notification in this Department No. 3934-57, dated the 24th May 1913, Mr. E. D. Bennett, Superintendent, Northern India Salt Revenue Department, is granted an extension of furlough for 6 months.

J. F. GRUNING,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 18th September, 1913.

No. 492.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following note shall be inserted after rule 1 (5) in Part II of the Ecclesiastical rules published with the Department of Education Notification No. 212, dated the 10th May 1913:—

"Note.—When a headstone or cross over a non-masonry grave exceeds a height of three feet, an additional fee of Rs. 16 (*i.e.*, Rs. 21 in all) is chargeable."

EDUCATION.

The 19th September, 1913.

No. 1823.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 6, sub-section (1), clause (c), and section 10 of the Indian Universities Act, 1904 (VIII of 1904), His Excellency the Chancellor of the Calcutta University is pleased to nominate the Revd. Dr. J. Watt, M.A., D.D., F.C.S., to be an Ordinary Fellow of the University.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 19th September 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

STAFF.

No. 778.—Colonel J. MacN. Walter, D.S.O., British Service, to be Deputy Adjutant-General, Adjutant General's Branch, *vice* Brigadier-General W. G. Hamilton, D.S.O., British Service, vacated, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed, subject to His Majesty's approval. Dated 5th September 1913.

COMMANDS.

No. 779.—Brigadier-General W. G. Hamilton, D.S.O., British Service, to be a Brigade Commander, *vice* Major-General H. Mullaly, C.B., C.S.I., British Service, and to retain the rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed. Dated 5th September 1913.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 780.—The following extracts are published for general information:—

"*London Gazette*," dated the 26th August 1913, page 6081.

* * * * *

Whitehall, August 25, 1913.

The KING has been pleased to approve of Albert Medals being conferred upon the undermentioned officers and non-commissioned officer in recognition of their gallantry in saving life on the occasion of a fire caused by explosions of cordite at Ferozepore in the year 1906:—

Albert Medal of the First Class.

Captain (then Lieutenant) Eglintoune Frederick Ross.

Albert Medal of the Second Class.

Major (then Captain) David Coley Young,

Captain (then Lieutenant) Basil Condon Battye, R.E., and

Staff-Serjeant (then Corporal) Patrick John Fitzpatrick.

A full description of the explosion and of the gallantry of various officers and others to whom Albert Medals were awarded in 1911 will be found in the London Gazette of September 26th, 1911.

Captain Ross discovered the fire, and with a detachment of his regiment entered the magazine compound with a small hand engine fed from tanks in the magazine, and attempted to put out the fire. He also worked at getting the steam engine into position.

Major Young, as General Anderson's Brigade-Major, was constantly with the General in positions of great danger. In particular he joined General Anderson at a critical moment by the door of No. 8 cell, from which the gunpowder was being removed, and remained with the General throughout the rest of the period of danger.

Captain Battye assisted in the removal of the gunpowder from No. 8 cell. He also with Staff-Serjeant Fitzpatrick, directed the operations for piercing two holes through the masonry of the roof of Cell No. 9, where the small arms ammunition was burning, and succeeded in getting the hose through these holes so as to play on the burning ammunition. By this means a check on the fire in No. 9 was effected. Both men were conspicuous throughout the day in the magazine enclosure.

"London Gazette," dated the 29th August 1913, page 6151.

India Office,

August 29, 1913.

The KING has approved of the admission of the undermentioned officer to the Indian Medical Service:—

To be Captain.

Captain Duncan Coutts, M.B., by exchange from the Royal Army Medical Corps.
Dated 29th July, 1913, but to rank from 30th July, 1909.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 781.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval:—

Majors to be Lieutenant-Colonels.

Harold Fenton Jacob, Supernumerary List	}	—14th September 1913.
Evelyn Wintour, 28th Light Cavalry		
Godfrey Walker Robinson, 27th Punjabis		
Daniel Richard Adye, 87th Punjabis		
Hugh Morris Allen, D.S.O., 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force)		
Robert William Clairmonte Keays, 75th Carnatic Infantry		
Thomas Xavier Britten, 110th Mahratta Light Infantry		
William Alexander Macdonald Bruce, Military Accounts Department		
John Lawrence William French-Mullen, C.I.E., 13th Duke of Connaught's Lancers (Watson's Horse).		
Henry Arthur Lane, 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse)		
Godfrey Maxwell Morris, 8th Gurkha Rifles		
William Bowen Powell, 7th Gurkha Rifles		
Henry Hamilton Fyers Turner, 2nd Lancers (Gardner's Horse)		
Herbert de Vere Harvest, Supernumerary List		
Francis William Pirrie, Supernumerary List		
Gordon Watling, 4th Prince Albert Victor's Rajputs		
Charles Edward Thornton, 16th Cavalry		
Edward Naismith Obbard, Military Farms Department		
William Rae Brakspear, 3rd Queen Alexandra's Own Gurkha Rifles		
William Beadon, 51st Sikhs (Frontier Force)		
Ernest Codrington, 120th Rajputana Infantry		
John Talbot, 6th King Edward's Own Cavalry		
Harry Harvey Jones, Supply and Transport Corps		
Edward Charles Bayley, C.I.E., 15th Lancers (Caretton's Multanis)		

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Northern Army List.

No. 782.—Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain Robert Sharpe to be Commissary,

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Alfred James Dorkins to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Conductor Francis McKenzie, *seconded*, to be Assistant Commissary, *seconded*, and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Conductor Francis Maher to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval, and

Conductor Edward John Harrison, supernumerary on reversion to Arsenal duty, to be absorbed ;

vice Commissary and Honorary Major George Henry Bittles, retired ; with effect from the 5th August 1913.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(Late) Bengal-Punjab List.

No. 783.—Staff-Sergeant Arthur Cubitt, Amalgamated List, to be Sub-Conductor on the Amalgamated List, *vice* Colin Chisholm, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 18th September 1913.

ARMY CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

No. 784.—Commissary and Honorary Major William Garnett to be *seconded* ; with effect from the 5th March 1912.

No. 785.—Sub-Conductor Albert Henry Barson to be Conductor ; and Staff-Sergeant George Daglish to be Sub-Conductor,

vice Commissary and Honorary Major William Garnett, *seconded* ; with effect from the 5th March 1912.

No. 786.—Staff-Sergeant John Robert Alderton to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Otto Carl Arnold, deceased ; with effect from the 2nd August 1913.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

29th Lancers (Deccan Horse).

No. 787.—Jemadar Jahan Singh, appointed on probation in Army Department Notification No. 930, dated the 18th November 1910, is confirmed in that rank ; with effect from the 29th July 1910.

No. 788.—The following promotions are made :—

32nd Mountain Battery.

Havildar-Major Harnam Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Nadir Khan, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 31st August 1913.

The 101st Grenadiers.

Havildar Dinkarrao Yadao to be Jemadar, *vice* Jemadar Sivaji Rao Kale, *seconded* with the District Police of the Bombay Presidency ; with effect from the 4th May 1913.

Jemadar Ahmad-Din to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Ghulam Muhammad to be Jemadar, *vice* Bahadur Khan, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 1st August 1913.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 789.—The undermentioned warrant officer of the Supply and Transport Corps, has been transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 18th September 1913 :—

Sub-Conductor Colin Chisholm.

RETIREMENTS.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Northern Army.

No. 790.—The undermentioned departmental officer, with honorary rank, is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 5th August 1913 :—

Commissary and Honorary Major George Henry Bittles.

ARMY CLOTHING DEPARTMENT.

No. 791.—The undermentioned departmental officer with honorary rank is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 31st January 1913 :—

Commissary and Honorary Major William Garnett.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

*United Provinces Horse.**2nd (Northern) Regiment.*

No. 792.—Captain Robert Cecil Milward, Supernumerary List, resigns his commission. Dated the 24th August 1913.

Bangalore Rifle Volunteers.

No. 793.—Major Alfred Percy Barton, V.D., to be Lieutenant-Colonel, *vice* R. H. Campbell, C.I.E., transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 10th May 1913.

Lieutenant Thomas Harry Baker resigns his commission. Dated the 17th July 1913.

Lieutenant Gustav Hermann Krumbiegel to be Captain, *vice* F. J. Richards, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 15th July 1913.

Lieutenant Claude Scott Fawcitt to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st August 1913.

Second Lieutenant Henry Hacking to be Lieutenant, *vice* G. H. Krumbiegel, promoted. Dated the 15th July 1913.

Edward Bridgeman Mills to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* H. Hacking, promoted. Dated the 15th July 1913.

Harold Eric Ormerod to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* S. E. R. Todd, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 23rd July 1913.

Maurice Joseph Determes to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st August 1913.

East Coast Volunteer Rifles.

No. 794.—Lieutenant John Dover Way resigns his commission. Dated the 18th August 1913.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 795.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer :—

Eastern Bengal Volunteer Rifles.

Major Henry Chamney, C.M.G.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 19th September 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 74.—Lieutenant A. G. Maundrell, Royal Indian Marine, 4th Class Assistant Surveyor, Marine Survey of India, is appointed Assistant Surveyor, 3rd Class, Marine Survey of India, *sub. pro tem, vice* Lieutenant L. W. R. T. Turbett, Royal Indian Marine, reverted to the general branch of the service ; with effect from the 1st September 1913.

No. 75.—The following appointment is made in the Marine Survey of India, *vice* Lieutenant A. G. Maundrell, Royal Indian Marine, promoted, with effect from the 1st September 1913 :—

To be Assistant Surveyor, 4th Class, Marine Survey of India (on probation).
Sub-Lieutenant L. Sanderson, Royal Indian Marine.

LEAVE.

No. 75.—The undermentioned officer has been granted an extension of leave by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

Assistant Engineer W. Wiil, Royal Indian Marine, ten days (urgent private affairs).

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 16th September, 1913.

No. 256.—The undermentioned gentlemen are appointed probationary Assistant Traffic Superintendents in class III, grade 5, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways and posted to the Railway noted against their names :—

Mr. Shanti Nath Hoon—Eastern Bengal Railway.

Mr. Zahiruddin Shamsie—Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway.

Mr. Abdul Aziz Khan—North Western Railway.

Mr. Gerard Linton Watkis—North Western Railway.

Mr. George Philip Vonder Horst—Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 257.—Mr. Henry George Carpenter has been appointed by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India as a probationary Assistant Traffic Superintendent in class III, grade 4 of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways and is posted to the North Western Railway.

No. 258.—Mr. R. Watson, Erecting Shop Foreman, Eastern Bengal Railway, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent on that Railway in class II of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways during the absence of Mr. J. A. Tomlinson, Officiating District Locomotive Superintendent, on Language leave.

No. 259.—Mr. W. H. Wood, Member of the Railway Board, retires with effect from the 20th September 1913.

The 18th September, 1913.

No. 260.—Mr. A. Lines, Executive Engineer, is appointed to hold charge of the office of Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, Eastern Bengal Railway, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. W. A. E. Hanby, Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 261.—Mr. T. C. Hales, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent, in class II of that Establishment, with effect from the 2nd September 1913 or any subsequent date and until further orders.

No. 262.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 261, dated 18th September 1913, Mr. W. A. Hutchison, Honorary Assistant Traffic Superintendent and Traffic Inspector, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as an Assistant Traffic Superintendent on that Railway until further orders.

The 19th September, 1913.

No. 263.—Mr. H. J. Rogers, Superintendent, 3rd grade, is granted privilege leave for two months and fourteen days combined with furlough for one year, five months, and eighteen days, under Articles 233 and 338 (b), Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 1st October 1913 or subsequent date of relief.

No. 264.—Mr. R. H. Paterson, Probationary Assistant Store-keeper, North Western Railway, is confirmed in his appointment in class III, grade 4, of the Superior Stores Establishment of State Railways with effect from the 21st June 1913.

No. 265.—Mr. F. J. Harvey, officiating Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, Northern Section, North Western Railway, is appointed to officiate as Deputy Engineer-in-Chief, Central Section, in addition to his own duties, during the absence on privilege leave of Mr. F. W. Roberts, with effect from the 26th August 1913.

T. RYAN,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 39. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 27, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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• PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 23rd September, 1913.

No. 1968.—Mr. C. W. E. Pittar is permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 14th September 1913.

The 24th September, 1913.

No. 2003.—The services of Lala Hari Chand, Extra Assistant Commissioner, Delhi, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 12th September 1913.

JAILS.

The 23rd September, 1913.

No. 138.—The services of Captain S. J. Bhathena, Indian Medical Service, are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India.

JUDICIAL.

The 17th September, 1913.

No. 1482.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27, of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, namely :—

In schedule I, after entry (5), the following shall be inserted as entry (5-A),

Every pensioned Indian officer of the Malay States Guides in possession of a pass signed by the Commandant.	ditto	ditto	ditto
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and the existing entry (5-A) shall be renumbered (5-B).

The 20th September, 1913.

No. 1552.—Mr. H. T. Hyde, Administrator General of Bengal, has been permitted to retire from the service with effect from the 4th August 1913.

The 22nd September, 1913.

No. 1562.—With effect from the date on which he assumes charge of his duties, Mr. J. K. Batten, I.C.S., First Additional Judicial Commissioner, Central Provinces, is appointed to officiate as Judicial Commissioner, Central Provinces, during the absence on combined leave of Sir H. V. Drake-Brockman, Kt., I.C.S., or until further orders.

MEDICAL.

The 26th September, 1913.

No. 795.—Major A. E. J. Lister, M.B., F.R.C.S., I.M.S., is appointed to be Professor of Physiology at King George's Medical College, Lucknow, with effect from the 1st October 1913.

POLITICAL.

The 26th September, 1913.

No. 599.—Whereas it appears to the Governor-General in Council that the pamphlet in Urdu entitled "Gawnpore ki Khuni Dastan" compiled by Khwaja Hasan Nizami and printed at the "Tauhid" press at Meerut, contains words of the nature described in section 4, sub-section (i) of the Indian Press Act of 1910 (I of 1910), in pursuance of the notification of the Governor-General in Council, No. 1008, dated the 1st October 1912, issued in accordance with the provisions of section 3 of the Delhi Laws Act of 1912 (XIII of 1912), and in pursuance of section 12 of the Indian Press Act of 1910 (I of 1910), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to declare the said pamphlet to be forfeited to His Majesty on the ground that, in his opinion, it contains words which may have a tendency to bring into hatred and contempt and to excite disaffection towards the Government established by law in British India.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 23rd September, 1913.

No. 2244-*Est.-B.*—The undermentioned officer is granted sixty days privilege leave in India with effect from the 10th September, 1913 :—

Colonel A. R. Dick, C.B., Inspecting Officer, Frontier Corps, North-West Frontier Province. Pension service 31st year commenced on the 20th March, 1913.

No. 2245-*Est.-B.*—Major G. J. Davis, 22nd Punjabis, Commandant, Kurram Militia, is appointed to officiate as Inspecting Officer, Frontier Corps, North-West Frontier Province, in addition to carrying on his own duties, with effect from the 10th September, 1913, and during the absence on privilege leave of Colonel A. R. Dick, C.B., or until further orders.

No. 3202-I. A.—In exercise of the powers conferred by Section 113 of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), as applied to the Mewar Bhil Corps by the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 2708-I. A., dated the 28th December, 1911, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the Indian Army Act Rules, published with the notification of the Government of India in the Army Department, No. 911, dated the 4th November, 1911, as amended by the like notification No. 365, dated the 25th April, 1913, shall be applied to the Mewar Bhil Corps subject to any amendments to which the rules are for the time being subject in British India, and subject also to the following modifications, namely:—

1. For rule 7 the following shall be substituted, namely:—
 “7. The Commandant of the Mewar Bhil Corps shall be the enrolling officer for the purposes of the Act”.
2. For rule 8 the following shall be substituted, namely:—
 “8. All combatants shall, when reported fit for duty, be attested as provided in Section 12 of the Act”.
3. In rule 9, clause (A) in the “Form of oath” and “Form of affirmation” the words “and go wherever I may be ordered by land or sea” shall be omitted.
4. In the “Table” appended to rule 13 for the words “The Governor General in Council” wherever they occur, the words “The Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana” shall be substituted; and the entries relating to the Indian Subordinate Medical Department shall be omitted.
5. Rule 27 clauses (B), (C), and (D), 28 to 31, and 34 shall be omitted.
6. (a) For rule 35 the following shall be substituted, namely:—
 “35. The Court shall make oath or affirmation in one of the following forms or in such other form to the same purport as may be according to its religion or otherwise binding on its conscience.”
 (b) In the “Form of oath” and “Form of affirmation” the words “vote or” and “of any particular member” shall be omitted.
7. In rule 36 the following amendments shall be made, namely:—
 (a) For the first thirteen words of the rule the following shall be substituted, namely:—
 “After the Court has sworn or made affirmation.”
 (b) In the marginal notes the words “Judge-Advocate and” shall be omitted.
 (c) The forms of oath marked (A) and (B) shall be omitted.
 (d) In the “Form of oath” and “Form of affirmation” marked (D) the words “vote or” and “of any particular member” shall be omitted.
8. Rules 49, 50, 55 clause (B), 62 to 64, 70 clauses (C) and (D), 72, 73, 78 clause (B), 89 to 91, 132 clause (A), 137 to 151, and 160 to 162 shall be omitted.
9. In rule 163 clause (A) for the words “The Governor General in Council” the words “The Agent to the Governor General in Rajputana” shall be substituted.
10. In the third appendix, Forms Nos. one and two and the form for assembly and proceedings of a Summary General Court-Martial, shall be omitted, and the “forms of proceedings of Courts-Martial” shall be subject to such variations as circumstances may require.

The 24th September, 1913.

No. 2248-Est.-A.—Lieutenant-Colonel F. W. P. Macdonald, Political Agent in Malwa, is appointed temporarily to hold charge of the current duties of the office of Resident at Indore, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 8th September, 1913, and until further orders.

The 25th September, 1913.

No. 2261-Est.-A.—Captain D. G. Wilson, of the Political Department, is posted as Assistant Political Agent, Chitral, with effect from the 12th August, 1913.

No. 1803-G.—Subject to the confirmation of His Majesty's Government, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. John S. Hunt as Vice and Deputy Consul-General for the United States of America at Calcutta.

J. B. WOOD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ACCOUNTS AND FINANCE.

ESTIMATES AND ACCOUNTS.

Simla, the 23rd September, 1913.

No. 971-F.—Monthly Preliminary Statement of Receipts and Payments at Civil Treasuries in India.

August 1913.

Lakhs of Rupees.

	AUGUST.		To END OF AUGUST.		WHOLE YEAR.	
	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	1913-1914.	1912-1913.	Budget, 1913-1914.	Actuals, 1912-1913.
Civil Revenue.						
Land Revenue (including Land Revenue due to Irrigation) ...	64	64	10.99	10.51	34.35	34.47
Opium ...	17	1.07	1.11	4.32	2.17	7.01
Salt ...	32	20	2.02	1.97	5.11	4.99
Stamps ...	65	66	3.39	3.29	7.83	7.41
Excise ...	98	93	5.40	4.96	12.68	12.38
Provincial Rates ...	3	2	29	32	4	84
Customs ...	89	83	4.32	4.16	10.29	10.79
Assessed Taxes ...	23	21	1.09	88	2.48	2.45
Forests ...	22	33	90	91	3.04	3.10
Registration ...	6	6	36	34	74	72
Tributes from Native States ...	4	4	21	19	93	93
Other Civil Revenue ...	37	24	1.57	1.54	4.72	4.49
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS ...	4.60	5.32	31.65	30.39	84.38	90.18
Major Irrigation Revenue ...	13	13	2.07	1.97	3.91	3.66
Other Public Works Ordinary Revenue ...	3	3	21	23	70	65
TOTAL CIVIL REVENUE (including Ordinary Public Works) ...	4.76	5.48	33.93	32.59	88.99	94.49
Civil Expenditure.						
Interest on Ordinary Debt and that on Railways and Irrigation Works ...	-52	-63	-2.50	-2.47	-4.79	-4.74
Opium ...	-14	-15	-64	-72	-1.70	-90
Famine Relief (Civil) ...	...	-5	-1	-8	-6	-23
Other Civil Expenditure ...	-3.30	-3.29	-17.40	-16.56	-48.96	-42.46
TOTAL CIVIL HEADS ...	-3.96	-4.12	-20.55	-20.13	-55.51	-48.35
Major Irrigation Working Expenses ...	-13	-14	-65	-66	-1.74	-1.54
Buildings and Roads Expenditure ...	-43	-44	-2.00	-2.00	-8.01	-6.22
Famine Relief (Public Works) ...	-1	-1	-1	-6	-1	-6
Other P. W. Ordinary Expenditure ...	-7	-12	-65	-62	-1.31	-1.02
Irrigation Capital Expenditure ...	-14	-13	-72	-72	-2.07	-1.78
Delhi Capital Expenditure ...	-3	...	-17	...	-1.99	-16
TOTAL CIVIL EXPENDITURE (including Public Works) ...	-4.77	-4.96	-24.81	-24.19	-70.64	-59.07
Receipts into Civil Treasuries from and issues from those Treasuries to, the following Non-Civil Departments.						
The figures comprise Revenue, Expenditure, and Debt and Remittance transactions.						
Post Office (Net) ...	+22	+33	+73	+1.35	+3.04	+2.89
Telegraph (Net) ...	-9	-9	-44	-47	-1.08	-1.09
Marine (Net) ...	-4	-4	-18	-18	-20	-43
Military Works (Net) ...	-8	-4	-39	-35	-1.20	-1.15
Military Receipts ...	+4	+8	+35	+39	+1.28	+1.11
Military Issues ...	-1.60	-1.61	-8.42	-8.23	-20.75	-20.90
Railway Receipts.						
East Indian Railway ...	+55	+64	+3.52	+3.67	+57.90	+57.53
Other Railways ...	+3.58	+3.62	+20.66	+20.52		
TOTAL ...	+4.13	+4.26	+24.18	+24.19	+57.90	+57.53
Railway Issues.						
East Indian Railway ...	-35	-53	-1.98	-2.05	-37.34	-36.36
Other Railways ...	-2.37	-2.44	-13.65	-12.37		
TOTAL ...	-2.72	-2.97	-15.63	-14.42	-37.34	-36.36
TOTAL NON-CIVIL DEPARTMENTS ...						
Civil Debt and Remittance Transactions.	-14	-8	+20	+2.28	+1.50	+1.47
Permanent Debt and Special Loans (Net : + Receipts more, - Receipts less than payments)...						
Mint Certificates and Bullion Advances (Net as above) ...	-21	+7	+4	-22	+2.87	+2.87
Current Transfers for Gold in England ...	...	...	...	...	...	+1.23
Do. for Silver in transit ...	...	...	...	...	...	...
Deposits of District Funds ...	+3	-8	+46	...	...	+10.59
Loans by Government ...	-4	-11	+17	+49	-10	+45
Exchange on Remittance Accounts ...	...	...	...	-38	...	-11
Council Bills paid (including Telegraphic) at Rs 15 per £ ...	-1.27	-2.01	-10.30	-11.60	+3	+14
Other Debt Heads ...	+4	+2.19	-1.02	+2.26	-32.47	-38.67
TOTAL DEBT AND REMITTANCE TRANSACTIONS ...	-1.45	+66	-7.65	-6.42	-32.47	-25.57
GRAND TOTAL RECEIPTS AND ISSUES ...	-1.60	+1.10	+1.67	+7.26	-10.49	+10.52
Opening Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks ...	32.21	24.19	28.94	18.42	29.31	18.42
Closing Cash Balance in Treasuries and Presidency Banks ...	30.61	25.66	30.61	25.68	18.82	28.94

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 20th September, 1913.

No 1156-F.E.—The following grade promotions in the Indian Finance Department are notified:—

With effect from the 28th July 1913—

Mr. K. L. Datta to officiate in Class I of Accountants General.

Mr. Y. C. Scott O'Connor to officiate in Class II of Accountants General.

With effect from the 12th August 1913—

Mr. A. Newmarch to officiate in Class I of Accountants General.

Mr. H. G. Tomkins to officiate in Class II of Accountants General.

Mr. J. C. Mitra to officiate in Class III of Accountants General.

Mr. R. Waterfield to officiate in Class I of the General List.

Mr. L. B. Ward to officiate in Class III (old scale) instead of in Class IV (old scale) of the General List.

The 26th September, 1913.

No. 1199-F.E.—Mr. M. K. Mitra has been posted to the office of the Examiner of Accounts, Eastern Bengal State Railway, with effect from the 18th September 1913.

No. 1200-F.E.—Mr. W. G. G. Bayly, Deputy Accountant General, Bihar and Orissa, has been granted privilege leave for 3 months and, in continuation, furlough for 1 year and 1 month with effect from the 15th September 1913.

Mr. Purna Chandra Bose, a Superintendent in the Office of the Accountant General, Bihar and Orissa, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office with effect from the same date and until further orders.

No. 1201-F.E.—It is notified that, with effect from the 1st October 1913, the Military Finance Branch of the Finance Department Secretariat will be abolished, and an office of Financial Adviser, Military Finance, created in its place. From the same date, the Military Accountant General and the Military Deputy Accountant General will cease to be *ex-officio* Deputy and Assistant Secretary, respectively, to the Government of India.

2. In consequence of this change all official communications to the Government of India, which under present rules and practice would be addressed to the Joint Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department (Military Finance), will in future be addressed to the Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, with the superscription "Military" upon the letter.

3. The present practice by which sanctions to military expenditure are ordinarily communicated to audit officers by the Secretary to the Government of India in the Army Department will be maintained.

No. 1202-F.E.—The following appointments will have effect from the 1st October 1913:—

The Honourable Mr. W. H. Michael, I.C.S., now Officiating Joint Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department (Military Finance), to be Financial Adviser, Military Finance, but while holding that appointment to retain his precedence as a Secretary to the Government of India.

Mr. W. C. Ashmore, C.I.E., now Deputy Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department (Military Finance), to be Deputy Financial Adviser, Military Finance.

Captain G. W. Ross, Military Accounts Department, now Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, Finance Department (Military Finance), to be Assistant Financial Adviser, Military Finance.

No. 1203-F.E.—Mr. G. W. C. Bradey, Secretariat Superintendent, reverted from Class I to Class II with effect from the 4th September 1913.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT (MILITARY FINANCE).

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 26th September, 1913.

No. 1320.-Accts.—The following officiating appointments and reversions of officers of the Military Accounts Department are made, with effect from the dates specified:—

I.—*From the 28th July 1913, the date of commencement of the furlough portion of Major D. A. E. Will's combined leave.*

Major E. B. Peacock, Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 2nd class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 1st class.

Captain E. S. J. Anderson, Military Accountant, 4th class, and officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 2nd class.

Captain L. F. G. S. Wyld, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, and officiating Military Accountant, 4th class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 3rd class.

Captain A. G. Murray, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain J. S. Graham, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, to officiate as Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

II.—*From the 29th July 1913, the date from which Major E. H. Payne's special duty ceased.*

Major E. B. Peacock, Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 2nd class.

Captain E. S. J. Anderson, Military Accountant, 4th class, and officiating Military Accountant, 2nd class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class.

Captain L. F. G. S. Wyld, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, and officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain A. G. Murray, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 4th class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

Captain J. S. Graham, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.

III.—*From the 11th August 1913, the date of commencement of the furlough portion of Lieutenant-Colonel B. Scott's combined leave and that on which Majors W. Donnan and D. A. E. Will returned from leave.*

Major D. A. E. Will, Military Accountant, 3rd class, to officiate as Military Accountant, 1st class.

Major R. H. E. Pennell, Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 2nd class.

Major R. deS. Dudgeon, Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 2nd class.

Captain H. F. Shairp, Military Accountant, 4th class, and officiating Military Accountant, 2nd class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class.

Captain W. V. Richards, Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, and officiating Military Accountant, 3rd class, to revert to officiating Military Accountant, 4th class.

Captain R. Prince, Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class, and officiating Military Accountant, 4th class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class.

Captain H. D. Watson, Assistant Military Accountant, 3rd class, and officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 1st class, to revert to officiating Assistant Military Accountant, 2nd class.

No. 1321-Accts.—The following officiating appointment of a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is made, with effect from the date specified:—

From the 15th September 1913, vice Captain E. S. J. Anderson granted privilege leave.

Mr. V. R. Kalyanasundram to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

No. 1323-Accts.—The following officiating appointments of Deputy Examiners of the Military Accounts Department are made, with effect from the date specified:—

From the 13th September 1913, the date of Mr. T. G. Smith's departure on combined leave.

Mr. A. E. O'Hara, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 1st grade.

Rai Saheb Satyendra Nath Auditya to officiate as Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade.

W. H. MICHAEL,

Offg. Joint Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Sim'a, the 25th September, 1913.

No. 42.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to order the following promotions to and in the Chief Engineer classes, with effect from the dates specified:—

Name.	From	To	With effect from
Gwyther, F. E. ...	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary rank.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, permanent.	8th August 1912.
White, C. A. ...	Chief Engineer, 1st class, temporary rank.	Chief Engineer, 1st class, permanent.	22nd October 1912.
Hutton, C. H. ...	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, permanent.	Chief Engineer, 1st class, permanent.	28th April 1913.
Wood, W. G. ...	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, permanent.	28th April 1913.
Parves, R-E. ...	Officiating Chief Engineer...	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	28th April 1913.
Tickell, R. H. ...	Officiating Chief Engineer ...	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	11th July 1913.
Gardiner, E. R. ...	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, permanent.	Chief Engineer, 1st class, permanent.	15th September 1913.
James, H. W. ...	Superintending Engineer, 1st class, permanent.	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	15th September 1913.
Stawell, G. C. ...	Officiating Chief Engineer ...	Chief Engineer, 2nd class, temporary.	7th April 1913.

R. P. RUSSELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

LAND REVENUE.

Simla, the 26th September, 1913.

No. 1515-300.—The services of Mr. S. Wilberforce of the Indian Civil Service are replaced at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab, with effect from the 17th September 1913.

J. H. KERR,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

SALT.

Simla, the 27th September, 1913.

No. 7845-81.—*Erratum.*—In the Notification of this Department No 7085-81, dated the 30th August 1913, for the date " 1st September 1913 " substitute the date " 2nd September 1913 ".

TELEGRAPH ESTABLISHMENT.

The 27th September, 1913.

No. 7936-155.—Mr. R. Meredith, Director of Telegraph Construction, is granted such privilege leave as may be due to him on the 30th October 1913, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it, in combination with furlough of such duration as may bring the total period of absence up to one year.

No. 7987-157.—Mr. R. O. Lees, Director of Telegraphs, 1st Class, is permitted to retire from the service of Government with effect from the 17th October 1913.

The 26th September, 1913.

No. 8031-157.—Mr. R. O. Lees, Director of Telegraphs, 1st Class, is granted special leave on urgent private affairs from the 6th to the 16th October 1913, both days inclusive.

POST OFFICE ESTABLISHMENT.

The 27th September, 1913.

No. 7974-119.—Mr. J. J. F. Rodrigues, Postmaster, Lahore, pay Rs. 600—40—800, is appointed to officiate as Presidency Postmaster, Madras, pay Rs. 800—40—1,000, with effect from the 9th September 1913 and until further orders, *vice* Rao Bahadur K. Vaithia Lingbam Pillai, on combined leave.

J. F. GRUNING,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ECCLESIASTICAL.

Simla, the 26th September, 1913.

No. 526.—The Reverend Robert Fritz Stanley McKelvie, M.A., has been appointed to be a chaplain on probation on the Bengal (Lahore) Ecclesiastical Establishment to fill an existing vacancy.

SANITARY.

The 23rd September, 1913.

No. 1512.—Captain G. R. Lynn, M.B., I.M.S., Officiating Medical Officer, 11th Lancers, is appointed to officiate as Health Officer and Civil Surgeon of the notified area, Delhi, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 3rd June 1913, during the absence on leave of Lieutenant-Colonel W. H. Ogilvie, M.B., I.M.S., or until further orders.

The 26th September 1913.

No. 1529.—The following papers regarding the proposal to throw open the ports of Madras, Calcutta and Chittagong for the embarkation of pilgrims to the Hedjaz are published for general information :—

No. 1991, dated the 23rd March 1912.

From—J. L. RIBU, Esq., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of Bombay, General Department,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education.

At the meeting of the Legislative Council held at Bombay on the 16th instant, the Hon'ble Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola moved the following resolution in connection with the regulation of pilgrim traffic :—

"That with a view to secure greater facilities to the pilgrims and to ensure reasonable rates of passage money from Bombay to the Hedjaz, the Governor in Council be requested to represent to the Government of India the desirability of throwing open for the embarkation of pilgrims the ports of Calcutta, Chittagong and Madras."

2. In support of the resolution the Honourable Member pointed out that before the advent of plague, Bombay, Karachi, Calcutta, Chittagong and Madras were the ports notified by the Government of India for the embarkation of pilgrims. But since then Bombay was the only port of embarkation and as a consequence immense number of pilgrims came to Bombay from distant parts of the country. Now that the detention of all outgoing pilgrims in a single central camp for quarantine purposes was no longer necessary and that the only restriction observed was a medical inspection for which the concentration of the traffic on a single port was not a matter of importance, the necessity no longer existed of closing the other ports to pilgrim traffic. It had already been proposed to open Karachi for the purpose, and he thought that if other ports were also opened, the difficulties which beset the Bombay authorities in connection with the regulation of the pilgrim traffic would in a great measure be removed. He contended that there was no chance of the excessive rates now charged by the steamship companies engaged in the pilgrim traffic being appreciably reduced unless the stream of pilgrims were diverted to other ports besides those of Bombay and Karachi.

3. The reply to the resolution on behalf of the Government of Bombay was to the effect that so far as Bombay was concerned the opening of Calcutta, Chittagong and Madras to the pilgrim traffic was desirable, as it would relieve the Bombay authorities of much trouble during the pilgrim season, more especially with regard to the repatriation of pilgrims who were landed in Bombay in a destitute condition, but that a resolution such as the one under consideration should have been moved in the Imperial Legislative Council and not in the local Legislative Council, as the latter were not in possession of the reasons that might exist against the removal of the embargo on the three ports referred to. It was further pointed out that the proposed opening of Karachi as a port of embarkation would go an appreciable way towards relieving the congestion of pilgrim traffic in Bombay and thus improving its conditions. Eventually, the Hon'ble Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola accepted a modification of his resolution to the effect that the Government of Bombay be requested to enquire of the Government of India whether there were any reasons for not throwing open the ports of Calcutta, Chittagong and Madras for the embarkation of pilgrims. The resolution thus modified was agreed to by the Council.

4. In pursuance of the above resolution I am directed to enquire whether there is any objection to the opening of Calcutta, Madras and Chittagong to the pilgrim traffic so as still further to relieve the great pressure of the traffic in Bombay.

Nos. 817—818, dated the 13th May 1912.

From—The Hon'ble Mr. L. C. PORTER, C.I.E., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education,

To—The Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras.
 „ Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal (Medical) Department.

In continuation of this Department endorsement no. 437, dated the 24th April 1912, forwarding a copy of a notification regarding the opening of the port of Karachi to pilgrim traffic to the Hedjaz, I am directed to enclose a copy of a letter from the Government of Bombay, no. 1991, dated the 23rd March 1912, and to say that the Government of India will be glad to receive the views of the Government of ^{Madras} ~~Bombay~~ on the proposal to throw open the port(s) of ^{Madras} ~~Calcutta and Chittagong~~ for the embarkation of pilgrims.

No. 1515, dated the 11th December 1912.

From—The Hon'ble Mr. A. G. CARDEW, C.S.I., I.C.S., Acting Chief Secretary to the Government of Madras,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education.

I am directed to reply to the letter from the Department of Education, no 817 (Sanitary), dated the 13th May 1912, asking for the views of the Government of Madras on the proposal to throw open the port of Madras for the embarkation of pilgrims to the Hedjaz.

2. His Excellency the Governor in Council has given the matter his careful consideration and has, in particular, instituted inquiries to ascertain whether the port of Madras, or a port on the west-coast of the Presidency, would prove to be a suitable embarking-place for pilgrims. The main difficulty is that neither Madras nor any west coast port is so situated as to attract a preponderance of the pilgrims from the Presidency. The latter would only serve the west-coast, and Madras would serve neither the west-coast nor the northern districts of this Presidency. Pilgrims from Malabar and South Canara, who form the bulk of the pilgrim population of this Presidency, would, if the port of Madras were thrown open for pilgrim traffic, naturally prefer the cheaper route *via* Bombay and pilgrims from the northern districts and Hyderabad would find it cheaper to go to Bombay direct instead of to Madras. The number of pilgrims visiting the Hedjaz from the southern districts of the Presidency is so small as to be negligible.

3. The letter of the Government of Bombay of the 29th March 1912 refers to (1) difficulties in connection with the regulation of pilgrim traffic and (2) the excessive rates charged by the steamship companies on account of Bombay being the only port of embarkation. On the first point, I am to observe that the reduction in the numbers who travel *via* Bombay, if a Madras port were opened, would be inconsiderable for the reasons mentioned in the foregoing paragraph, and as regards the second point it is argued *per contra* that embarkation from Bombay offers the advantage that owing to competition between the different steamer agencies it is often possible to procure passages at very cheap rates. However this may be, His Excellency in Council considers it doubtful whether the running of pilgrim ships from Madras or elsewhere in this Presidency would affect the Bombay rates or would offer a cheaper route to pilgrims, in view of the comparatively small number proceeding from this Presidency.

4. I am further to state that it has been ascertained that there is no spontaneous demand by the Mussalman community of this Presidency for the opening of a port of embarkation in the Madras Presidency and His Excellency in Council considers that until such a demand arises there is scarcely a case for altering existing conditions.

No. 92-Sany., dated the 9th January 1913.

From—JAMES DONALD, Esq., I.C.S., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal Department.

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education.

I am directed to reply to Mr Singh's letter no. 818, dated the 13th May 1912, on the subject of a proposal from the Government of Bombay to throw open the ports of Calcutta and Chittagong for the embarkation of pilgrims to the Hedjaz.

2. The port of Calcutta has been entirely closed to pilgrim traffic since the year 1897. In that year by notification no. 625, dated the 20th February 1897, the pilgrimage to the Hedjaz was altogether suspended for the season and Calcutta has not been re-opened to traffic since that time. By notification no. 2495, dated the 20th November 1897, the port of Chittagong was declared as the only port open to pilgrim traffic from this Province, and it continued to be the port of embarkation till the year 1903. In that year a few pilgrims who had entered the pilgrim camp at Chittagong left it to proceed by the Bombay route which they found to be shorter and cheaper as well as more convenient, and when no other pilgrims arrived at the camp at Chittagong, this port was closed, with the approval of the Government of India, in the year 1904, vide Home Department letter no. 514, dated the 7th April 1904. Since that time no representation against the closure of the camp or for the re-opening of either the port of Calcutta or the port of Chittagong has been made.

3. While His Excellency the Governor in Council would not object to Calcutta and Chittagong being re-opened to pilgrim traffic, past experience has shown that Chittagong cannot compete with Bombay in the matter of the pilgrim traffic, while it is unlikely that such traffic as Calcutta had in former times will be likely to return since Bombay is in every way more convenient. When the camp was first opened at Chittagong considerable difficulty was experienced in securing steamers to convey the pilgrims, and as soon as the internal restrictions were removed, the pilgrims abandoned Chittagong and proceeded by Bombay. Even were this port re-opened, pilgrims could never be certain of a ship at Chittagong and the ships could never be certain of securing a full cargo of pilgrims. Although no statistics are available to show the extent of pilgrim traffic that existed before the port of Calcutta was closed, it is understood that it was very small, and it is extremely doubtful whether the trade will ever return to Calcutta now that it has been steadily diverted to the Bombay port where the facilities are so much greater. The opening of the port of Calcutta would entail considerable expenditure on sanitary and medical measures which would be necessary to make the medical examination effective, and His Excellency the Governor in Council is of opinion that the results would not justify such an expenditure. And further the measures which would be necessary to safeguard the health of the city and the port of Calcutta would impose restrictions which would discourage pilgrims from embarking at this port. It is unlikely that the opening of either the port of Calcutta or Chittagong will have the slightest effect on reducing the pressure in Bombay or on the coast of the pilgrim passage and His Excellency the Governor in Council is, therefore, unable to support the proposal.

No. 64, dated the 18th January 1913.

From—The Hon'ble Mr. L. C. PORTER, C.I.E., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bombay, General Department.

With reference to your letter no. 1991, dated the 23rd March 1912, on the subject of a proposal made by the Hon'ble Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola to throw open the ports of Madras, Calcutta and Chittagong for the embarkation of pilgrims to the Hedjaz, I am directed to forward for the information of the Government of Bombay, copies of letters* from the Governments of Madras and Bengal. The Government of India agree in the opinion expressed therein that the opening of the

* 1. Letter from the Government of Madras, no. 1315, dated the 21st December 1912.
2. Letter from the Government of Bengal, no. 92-Sany., dated the 9th January 1913.

ports of Madras, Calcutta and Chittagong is likely to have little or no effect on the congestion of pilgrim traffic in Bombay and that the results would not justify the large expenditure involved in the proposal. They trust that the opening of the port of Karachi to such traffic which has been recently sanctioned by them, will afford appreciable relief to the port of Bombay.

No. 729, dated the 2nd May 1913.

From—The Hon'ble Mr. L. C. PORTER, C.I.E., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education,

To—The Secretary to the Government of Bengal, Municipal Department.

With reference to the correspondence ending with your telegram no. 898-Sany., dated the 18th March 1913, I am directed to forward, for the information of the Government of Bengal, an extract from the proceedings of the Imperial Legislative Council of the 20th March 1913 containing the debate on a resolution moved by the Hon'ble Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola and accepted in an amended form by the Government of India.

2. I am to enquire whether in view of the opinions expressed in the Imperial Council in the course of this debate the Government of Bengal are prepared to modify the views communicated in your letter no. 92-Sany., dated the 9th January 1913.

No. 78-T. San., dated Dacca, the 31st July 1913.

From—The Hon'ble Mr. JAMES DONALD, M.A., I.C.S., Officiating Secretary to the Government of Bengal,

To—The Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Education.

I am directed to acknowledge the receipt of your letter no. 729, dated the 2nd May 1913, on the subject of the opening of the ports of Calcutta and Chittagong for embarkation of pilgrims to the Hedjaz.

2 In reply, I am to say that the Governor in Council has consulted several leading Muhammadan gentlemen of this province on the question and they have expressed themselves as entirely in agreement with the views set forth in my letter no. 92-San., dated the 9th January 1913. In their opinion the assumption which was made by the Hon'ble Sir Ibrahim Rahimtoola in the course of the debate in the Imperial Council that a large number of pilgrims would annually go through the ports of Calcutta and Chittagong if these ports were open to pilgrim traffic would have no justification in actual experience, and they consider that the opening of these ports would afford no appreciable relief to the traffic to Bombay. In view of these facts I am to say that the Governor in Council adheres to the views communicated in my letter referred to.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 25th September 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 796.—The following promotions are made, *vice* Rai Sahib L. N. Bose, Superintendent, 2nd Grade, on leave, with effect from the 13th October 1913 :—

Mr. A. B. Kunning, Superintendent, 3rd Grade, to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd Grade.

Mr. P. P. Hypher, Secretariat Assistant, 1st Grade, to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd Grade.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 797.—On return from leave the services of Captain R. Scott, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 798.—Lieutenant Robert Chetwood Moore, The Gloucestershire Regiment, is admitted to the Indian Army, subject to confirmation by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India ; with effect from the 13th August 1913.

Lieutenant Moore will have seniority in the rank of Lieutenant from the 27th April 1906 and is promoted to the rank of Captain, with effect from the 27th January 1913.

No. 799.—The following admission to the Indian Army is made, subject to confirmation by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India :—

To be Lieutenant.

Granville Alaric Richard Spain, Double Company Officer, 103rd Mahratta Light Infantry, from the Royal Field Artillery. Dated the 7th September 1913, but to rank from the 26th September 1910.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 800.—The undermentioned Indian Military Pupils, having passed their final examination, are admitted into the service as 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 18th July 1913 :—

No. 1389, Tulsi Ram Gupta.

No. 1390, Ballu Ram Suchadeva.

No. 1391, Hasan-din Dar.

No. 1392, Azam Ali Khan.

No. 1393, Hari-chand.

No. 1394, Jawand Singh.

No. 1395, Mulk-raj Puri.

No. 1396, Das Ram.

No. 1397, Chaudhri Ram.

No. 1398, Harditt Singh.

No. 1399, Muhammad Rafi.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

No. 801.—Rai Sahib L. N. Bose, Superintendent, 2nd Grade, is granted combined leave for one year, seven months and twenty-four days, *vis.*, privilege leave for two months and twenty-three days, and furlough for the remaining period ; with effect from the 13th October 1913.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

No. 802.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Assistant Surgeons, having completed seven years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 21st April 1913 :—

Arthur Thomas Torpy.

Hubert Ronald Kelly.

No. 803.—The undermentioned 4th Class Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class, to be 3rd Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the dates noted against their names :—

Henry Doyle

George Herbert Mason

John Auty Rogers

Herbert Clarence Pownes

John Emmanuel Reid Heppollette

Anthony Leo Gonsalves,—8th September 1913.

},—1st September 1913.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 804.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Lieutenant Alfred Devine, to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Captain and

1st Class Assistant Surgeon Peter Hyacinth Rodrigues to be Senior Assistant Surgeon, with the honorary rank of Lieutenant,

vice Senior Assistant Surgeon and Honorary Captain J. Amor, deceased ; with effect from the 9th August 1913.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(Late) Madras List.

No. 805.—Deputy Commissary and Honorary Captain John Lawrence to be Commissary,

Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant James Alfred King to be Deputy Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Captain, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Conductor James Aldous Bloomfield to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Sub-Conductor John Poulter to be Conductor and

Staff-Sergeant Alfred John Howe, Amalgamated List, to be Sub-Conductor on the Amalgamated List,

vice Commissary and Honorary Captain Peter Joseph Burke, retired ; with effect from the 26th September 1913.

NATIVE ARMY.

• APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 806.—The following promotions are made :—

30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse).

Kot-Dafadar Muhammad Amir Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Mirza Abid Ali Beg, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 18th August 1913.

42nd Deoli Regiment.

Jemadar Nanda to be Subadar, *vice* Jagmatha, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st May 1913.

Jemadar Gorla to be Subadar, *vice* Chandra, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st August 1913.

Havildar Bhaguta to be Jemadar, *vice* Mangal Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st May 1913.

95th Russell's Infantry.

Jemadar Bhawani Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Ramnarayan Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Hardan Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st July 1913.

123rd Outram's Rifles.

No. 807.—The promotion of Colour-Havildar Shiunath Singh should have effect from the 15th June 1913, and not as stated in Army Department Notification No. 612, dated the 18th July 1913.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 808.—The undermentioned officer has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 10th September 1913:—

Colonel Cecil Barry Brownlow, Unemployed Supernumerary List.

INDIAN MEDICAL SERVICE.

No. 809.—Colonel Charles Fancourt Willis, C.B., M.D., Indian Medical Service, Bombay, has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 1st October 1913.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

(Late) Madras List.

No. 810.—The undermentioned departmental officer with honorary rank is permitted to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the 20th September 1913:—

Commissary and Honorary Captain Peter Joseph Burke.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Cossipore Artillery Volunteers.

No. 811.—Bailey Gordon Darby to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 18th August 1913.

Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles.

No. 812.—Alexander William Woodhead to be Captain, *vice* H. W. Shawcross, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 1st July 1913.

John deCourcy Pook to be Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st July 1913.

Herbert Ewart Winn to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st July 1913.

1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 813.—Lieutenant Daniel Lewis Melver to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 25th September 1912.

Major Arthur Newall Tuck, v D., Supernumerary List, resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated the 6th September 1912.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 814.—Surgeon-Lieutenant-Colonel James Stuart Brooke, v.D., F.R.C.S.I., L.K.Q.C.P.I., resigns his commission. Dated the 1st October 1913.

Bombay, Baroda and Central India Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 815.—Captain (Honorary Major) Henry Archibald Kerr Sconce resigns his commission, and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated the 6th June 1913.

Lieutenant William John McCanlis to be Captain, *vice* H. A. K. Sconce, resigned. Dated the 6th June 1913.

Second Lieutenant James Charles Crawford to be Lieutenant, *vice* W. J. McCanlis, promoted. Dated the 6th June 1913.

Second Lieutenant Charles William Melville Collins (supernumerary) is absorbed in the vacancy caused by the promotion of J. C. Crawford. Dated the 6th June 1913.

Audry John May to be Second Lieutenant, supernumerary to the establishment pending absorption. Dated the 6th June 1913.

Rangoon Volunteer Rifles.

No. 816.—Second Lieutenant Henry Jepps Inman to be Lieutenant, *vice* C. H. Gaunt, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 1st April 1913.

Second Lieutenant Alexander Keith Faulkner to be Lieutenant, *vice* R. E. Henderson, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 1st April 1913.

Second Lieutenant Alan Hubert Lloyd to be Lieutenant, *vice* A. C. Hamilton, resigned. Dated the 1st April 1913.

Ernest Frederick Baum to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* W. L. Henderson, promoted. Dated the 7th May 1913.

1st Battalion, North-Western Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 817.—Captain Arthur Ernest Pearse, Supernumerary List, resigns his commission. Dated the 3rd July 1913.

South Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 818.—Reginald Horace Wigfall to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 15th May 1913.

JUDICIAL.

No. 819.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 113 of the Indian Army Act, 1911 (VIII of 1911), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in Form No. 1—Combatants—Enrolment of—published as the First Appendix to the Indian Army Act Rules promulgated in the *Gazette of India*, Army Department Notification No. 911, dated the 3rd November 1911, namely:—

- (a) The warning at present appearing after Question No. 2 shall be printed immediately above Question No. 1 and in the first line of the warning for the word "six" the word "nine" shall be substituted.
- (b) After Question 8 the following shall be inserted, namely:—
"9. Are you in receipt of any allowance from Government; if so, on what account?.....9....."
- (c) The present questions Nos. 9 to 13 and the figures for answers opposite to them shall be renumbered 10 to 14.
- (d) In the certificate of the Enrolling Officer for the words and figures "Nos. 3 to 8," the words and figures "Nos. 1 to 9" shall be substituted.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 26th September 1913.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that reports of the deaths of the undermentioned Commissioned and Warrant Officers on the dates specified, were received in the Army Department between the 10th and 24th September 1913 :—

Corps.	Rank and Name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Remarks.
14th Punjab	Captain Henry Allen Wilson	18th September 1913.	England.	...	...
Indian Subordinate Medical Department.	Assistant Surgeon Egbert Sherman McMullen.	22nd September 1913.	Subatha.	...	...

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 26th September 1913.

PROMOTIONS.

No. 77.—The following promotions are made in the Royal Indian Marine with effect from the dates specified :—

To be Engineers.

Assistant Engineer William Ewart Williams,—2nd September 1913.

Assistant Engineer Charles Parnis,—9th September 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*
Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 23rd September, 1913.

No. 266.—Mr. C. H. Courthope-Munroe, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, Eastern Bengal Railway, is, at his own request, permitted to resign the service of Government with effect from the 31st July 1913.

The 24th September, 1913.

No. 267.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the agency of the Bengal Dooars Railway Company for two branch lines of Railway on the metre gauge from Patgram station on the Bengal Dooars Railway to Mathabhanga and from Patgram station to Mekliganj, a total distance of about 20 miles.

This survey will be known as the Patgram-Mathabhanga and Patgram-Mekliganj Railway Survey.

No. 268.—With reference to Railway Board Notification No. 252, dated the 27th November 1912, Mr. A. G. Saldanha and Mr. H. J. Rogers are confirmed in the appointments of Superintendent, 2nd Grade, and Superintendent, 3rd Grade, respectively, with effect from the 4th December 1912.

Notification No. 121, dated the 1st May 1913, is hereby cancelled.

The 26th September, 1913.

No. 269.—Mr. G. Thomson, Officiating District Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, is confirmed in that rank and permanently promoted to Class II, grade 5, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways.

No. 270.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that the Government of India have sanctioned the construction, by the Dhrangadhra Durbar, of an extension of the Dhrangadhra Railway from Dhrangadhra to Halvad, a length of about 19 miles.

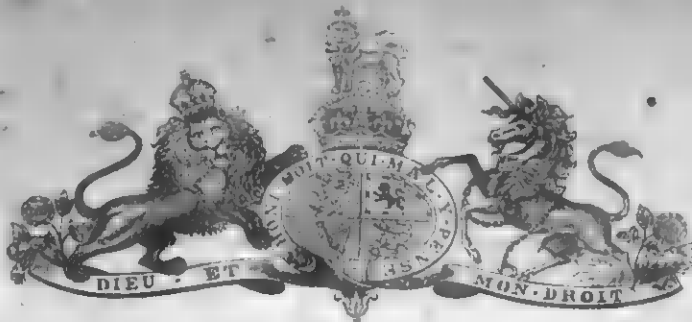
This Railway will be known as the Dhrangadhra-Halvad Extension of the Dhrangadhra Railway.

No. 271.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned a detailed survey being carried out by the Agency of Messrs. Gillanders Arbuthnot & Co., for a line of Railway on the 5' 6" gauge from Jullundur City to the Mirthal Ferry on the Beas River *via* Tanda and Mukerian, a distance of about 56 miles.

2. This survey will be known as the Jullundur City-Mirthal Ferry Railway Survey.

T. RYAN,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 40. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 4, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 1st October, 1913.

No. 2068.—The Hon'ble Sir Robert Warrand Carlyle, K.C.S.I., C.I.E., an Ordinary Member of the Council of the Governor General of India, reported his return to India on the 30th September 1913, from the leave of absence granted to him in the Home Department notification no. 1790-C., dated the 15th March 1913, and resumed charge of his office on the same date.

JUDICIAL.

The 26th September, 1913.

No. 1607.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 27 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XL of 1878), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendment shall be made in the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, namely :—

In Schedule I, clause (4), after the words "Geological Survey", the words "or of the Civil Veterinary Department" shall be inserted.

The 30th September, 1913.

No. 1648.—The services of Mr. B. B. Newbould, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the afternoon of the 4th September 1913.

No. 1650.—The services of Mr. B. K. Mullick, I.C.S., are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bihar and Orissa, with effect from the afternoon of the 4th September 1913.

No. 1652.—The services of Mr. Hari Nath Ray are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, with effect from the forenoon of the 1st September 1913.

The 3rd October, 1913.

No. 1707.—In exercise of the power conferred by the Statute 33 Vict., Cap. 3, section 6, and in continuation of the rules published in the notifications quoted on the margin, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to make the following rule which has been sanctioned by the Secretary of State in Council with the concurrence of a majority of the members present :—

No. 67, dated the 24th January 1895.
No. 1859, dated the 8th November 1895.
No. 661, dated the 26th March 1896.
No. 1713, dated the 30th October 1895.
No. 1128, dated the 26th August 1910.
No. 1241, dated the 9th September 1910.

6, and in continuation of the rules published in the notifications quoted on the margin, the Governor General in Council has been pleased to make the following rule which has been sanctioned by the Secretary of State in Council with the

The Government of Bihar and Orissa may appoint any subordinate judge, being a member of the Provincial Civil Service and a native of India of proved merit and ability, to be also an assistant sessions judge.

POLICE.

The 27th September, 1913.

No. 1062.—The services of the undermentioned officers are replaced at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India with effect from the date on which their duties with the Assam Military Police terminated :—

Captain W. B. Hore, 120th Rajputana Infantry.

Lieutenant A. D. D. Carter, 4th Gurkha Rifles.

No. 1066.—Mr. F. C. Isemonger, officiating Assistant Director of Criminal Intelligence, is appointed to officiate as Personal Assistant to the Director, Criminal Intelligence, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the afternoon of the 15th September 1913, and until further orders.

The 1st October, 1913.

No. 1087.—The services of Captain S. J. B. Sparling, 57th Wilde's Rifles, and Lieutenant A. B. Porter, 6th King Edward's Own Cavalry, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Burma for employment with the Burma Military Police, with effect from the date on which they assume charge of their duties.

PORT BLAIR.

The 27th September, 1913.

No. 248.—Engineer E. Guppy, Royal Indian Marine, Engineer and Harbour Master, Port Blair, is granted privilege leave for ninety days with effect from the 29th September 1913.

PUBLIC.

The 1st October, 1913.

NO. 2013.—It is hereby notified for general information that the under-mentioned officers will take rank in the articles of the Warrant of Precedence for India, published with the Home Department notification no. 208, dated the 10th February 1899, which are indicated below in each case :—

- (1) Governor of Bengal, in Article 2.
- (2) Ordinary Members of the Council of the Governor of Bengal, in Article 13.
- (3) Members of the Executive Council of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bihar and Orissa, when within their own jurisdiction, immediately above the officers included in Article 14, and when without their jurisdiction, in Article 15.
- (4) Joint Secretaries to the Government of India, in Article 21.
- (5) Financial Commissioner, Central Provinces, in Article 26.
- (6) Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor of Bengal, in Article 27.
- (7) Advocates General, Madras and Bombay, immediately below Article 30.
- (8) Members of the Legislative Council of a Chief Commissioner, in Article 40.
- (9) Director of the Indian Institute of Science, in Article 45.
- (10) Judicial Commissioner, Chota Nagpur, Chairmen of the Boards of Trustees for the improvement of the cities of Bombay and Calcutta, and President, Rangoon Municipal Committee, within their respective charges, in Article 50.
- (11) President, Forest Research Institute and College, Dehra Dun, in Article 54.
- (12) Collectors of Customs at Calcutta, Bombay, Madras, Rangoon and Karachi, in Article 66.
- (13) Chairman of the Port Trust, Madras, in Article 68.
- (14) Electrical Engineer-in-Chief, Telegraph Department, in Article 69.
- (15) Registrars of Co-operative Credit Societies under local Governments and Comptroller of Patents, in Article 70.
- (16) Principals of Government Colleges, Officers of the Indian Agricultural Service, or of the General List of the Indian Finance Department, or of the Public Works Engineer establishment, or of the Superior Revenue establishment of State Railways, or of the Civil Veterinary, Forest, Survey, Mines, Postal, Telegraph, Customs, or Scientific Departments, or officers of the Indian Institute of Science, or Sanitary Engineers, not being Superintending Engineers, or Consulting Architects to local Governments, drawing Rs. 1,250 a month and upwards, officers of the Police Department drawing Rs. 1,200 a month and upwards, Deputy Controllers of Military Accounts, Director of Survey, Madras, Electrical Adviser to the Government of India, Judicial Commissioner, Chota Nagpur, and Secretary to the Bengal Legislative Council and Assistant Secretary to the Government of Bengal in the Legislative Department, in Article 73.
- (17) Registrars of Co-operative Credit Societies and Excise Commissioners under local Administrations, in Article 77.
- (18) Principals of Government Colleges, Officers of the Indian Educational Service and the graded Educational Service, or of the Indian Agricultural Service, or Sanitary Engineers, or Consulting Architects, or Electrical Inspectors, drawing Rs. 1,000 a month

and upwards; and officers of the General List of the Indian Finance Department, or officers of the higher branch of the Military Accounts Department, or of the Public Works Engineer establishment, or of the Superior Revenue establishment of State Railways, or of the Civil Veterinary, Forest, Survey, Police, Mines, Postal, Telegraph, Customs, or Scientific Departments, drawing Rs. 900 a month and upwards, Assistant Commissioners, Northern India Salt Revenue, drawing Rs. 800 a month and upwards, Chemical Examiner for Customs and Excise, Collector of Income Tax, Calcutta, Director, Vaccine Institute, Belgaum, First Assistant Superintendent, Port Blair, Legal Assistant in the Legislative Department of the Government of India, officers of the Archaeological Department drawing Rs. 800 a month and upwards, officers of the Excise and Salt Departments drawing Rs. 800 a month and upwards, officers of the Provincial Services of not less than 18 years' standing drawing Rs. 600 a month and upwards, Registrar to the Chief Court, Lower Burma, and Secretary to the Board of Revenue in the Department of Revenue Settlement, Survey, Land Records and Agriculture, Madras, when a member of the Provincial Civil Service, in Article 78.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 30th September, 1913.

No. 1825-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. A. J. A. Craven, as Consular Agent for the United States of America at Chittagong.

No. 2314-Est.-A.—Major C. A. Smith, of the Political Department, is granted privilege leave for three months and furlough in continuation for fifteen months under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 8th September, 1913.

No. 2315-Est.-A.—Mr. J. A. O. Fitzpatrick, of the Political Department, is posted as Political Agent, Tochi, with effect from the 8th September, 1913.

The 1st October, 1913.

No. 1834-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Senor Don Manuel Zuniga Medina as Consul General for Chile at Calcutta.

No. 2324-Est.-A.—Mr. R. E. Holland of the Political Department is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for three months with effect from the 15th September, 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b), Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2325-Est.-A.—Lieutenant Colonel V. G. Drake Brockman, I.M.S., Residency Surgeon, Mewar, held charge of the current duties of the office of Resident in Mewar, in addition to his own duties, from the 15th to the 17th September, 1913, inclusive.

The 2nd October, 1913.

No. 1841-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise provisionally the appointment of Halil Halid Bey as Consul General for Turkey at Bombay.

No. 1854-G.—With reference to Notification No. 241-G., dated the 30th January, 1913, Mr. J. G. Bendien, Consul for the Netherlands at Bombay, resumed charge of his office on the 16th September, 1913.

No. 2342-Est.-B.—Captain L. S. Bayley, R.G.A., is appointed Inspecting Officer, Kashmir Imperial Service Artillery, with effect from the 23rd September, 1913.

The 3rd October, 1913.

No. 3287-I. B.—The Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the following amendments shall be made in the Schedule to the Notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 787-I.B., dated the 9th April, 1913, specifying certain Courts established or continued by the Governor General in Council which have power to serve summonses issued by Courts in British India under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908 (V of 1908), *viz.*—

Against the entry relating to the Kolhapur and Southern Mahratta Country for the words "The Court of the Assistant Political Agent in the Southern Mahratta Country", the words "The Court of the Assistant Resident, Kolhapur," shall be substituted.

Against the entry relating to the Mahi Kantha Agency the words "The Court of the Aval Karkun at Mahisa" shall be inserted between the words "Vatrak Kantha" and the words "The District Court".

J. B. WOOD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 2354-Est.-A.—The Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Arthur Henry McMahon, G.C.V.O., K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, is placed on special duty in that Department with effect from the 11th September, 1913, and until further orders.

No. 2355-Est.-A.—Mr. J. B. Wood, C.I.E., of the Political Department, is appointed to officiate as Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 11th September, 1913, and until further orders.

H. WILKINSON,

Deputy Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 3rd October, 1913.

No. 1241-F.E.—Mr. Gossain Das Datta, a Superintendent in the office of the Accountant-General, United Provinces, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office, with effect from the 21st September 1913 and until further orders.

No. 1242-F.E.—Mr. J. W. Pringle, Chief Superintendent, Paper Currency Office, Calcutta, has been granted privilege leave for 2 months with effect from the 1st September 1913.

Mr. J. M. Bose, a Superintendent in the Paper Currency Office, Calcutta, has been appointed to officiate as Chief Superintendent, Class II, in that office, with effect from the same date and during the absence on leave of Mr. Pringle.

No. 1243-F.E.—In this Department Notification No. 1165-F.E., dated the 19th September 1913, published on page 876 of the *Gazette of India*, Part I, dated the 20th September 1913, against the name of Mr. A. T. Bhattacharya for "7th September 1913" read "8th September 1913".

No. 1250-F.E.—The following substantive promotions in the Indian Finance Department are notified:—

*With effect from the 26th June 1913—

Rao Bahadur K. Balarama Ayyar is confirmed in Class I of the Public Works List.

With effect from the 1st July 1913—

Mr. S. K. Levett-Yeats, C.I.E., is promoted to Class II of Accountants-General, but will continue to officiate in Class I.

Mr. H. G. Tomkins, C.I.E., is confirmed in Class III of Accountants-General.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 2nd October, 1913.

No. 43.—With reference to the Public Works Department Notification No. 20, dated the 15th April 1912, the services of Mr. R. J. Angus, Assistant Engineer, Simla Imperial Sub-Division, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal, Public Works Department, with effect from the 1st October 1913.

R. P. RUSSELL,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LAND SURVEYS.

Simla, the 3rd October, 1913.

No. 1585.—Major A. Mears, I.A., Deputy Superintendent, Survey of India, is appointed to officiate as a Superintendent in the Survey of India, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel C. H. D. Ryder, D.S.O., R.E., on deputation, or until further orders.

GENERAL.

The 3rd October, 1913.

No. 2389—299-4.—With reference to the Home Department's Notification No. 2068 (Establishments), dated the 1st October 1913, the Hon'ble Sir Edward MacLagan, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., I.C.S., reverted to his substantive appointment of Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, with effect from the 30th September 1913, and is granted privilege leave for 15 days with effect from the same date under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

J. H. KERR,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

No. 2393—299-5.—With reference to the Department of Revenue and Agriculture Notification No. 2389—299-4, dated the 3rd October 1913, the Hon'ble Mr. J. H. Kerr, C.I.E., I.C.S., will continue to officiate as Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, during the absence on privilege leave of the Hon'ble Sir Edward MacLagan, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., I.C.S., or until further orders.

F. NOYCE,

Under Secretary to the Government of India.

FORESTS.

The 30th September, 1913.

No. 962-F.—213-6.—Mr. J. L. Baker, Deputy Conservator of Forests, Andamans, is granted privilege leave for thirty-six days with effect from the afternoon of the 13th September 1913, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations.

From the same date Mr. B. P. Kelly, Extra Assistant Conservator of Forests, Andamans, is appointed to hold charge of the Andamans Forest Division during the absence on leave of Mr. Baker.

J. H. KERR,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 3rd October, 1913.

No. 1245-Genl.—With reference to the Education Department notifications nos. 1066, 1067, 1069 and 1070, dated the 5th September 1913, and in consequence of the appointment of Mr. G. R. Kaye as Offg. Assistant Secretary to the Government of India, with effect from the 8th September 1913, Mr. R. H. Blaker, Superintendent, 1st grade, will continue to officiate as Registrar, Mr. P. A. Collins as 1st grade Superintendent and Mr. T. M. Smith as 2nd grade Superintendent in that Department from that date.

Mr. L. D. Harrington continues to officiate as Superintendent, and grade, till the afternoon of the 15th September when Mr. T. M. Smith's privilege leave expired, thereafter he will officiate as 3rd grade Superintendent.

SANITARY.

The 30th September, 1913.

No. 1545.—Captain R. E. Wright, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to the Bacteriological Department substantively *pro tempore* from the 17th April to the 12th September 1912.

No. 1546.—Captain J. A. Cruickshank, M.B., I.M.S., is appointed to the Bacteriological Department substantively *pro tempore*, with effect from the 19th March 1913.

The 3rd October, 1913.

No. 1571.—The services of Captain E. C. Hodgson, I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Madras.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 3rd October, 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

PERSONAL STAFF.

No. 820.—The Viceroy and Governor-General has been pleased to make the following appointment on His Excellency's Personal Staff:—

Colonel F. Lee, British Service, to be Officiating Military Secretary, with effect from the 25th April 1913.

COMMANDS.

No. 821.—Colonel Fitz J. M. Edwards, D.S.O., Indian Army, to be a Colonel on the Staff, *vice* Brigadier-General E. B. Burton, C.B., Indian Army, and is granted the temporary rank of Brigadier-General whilst so employed. Dated 29th September 1913.

FURLOUGH AND LEAVE.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 822.—With reference to Army Department Notifications Nos. 305, dated the 11th April 1913, and 1123, dated the 6th December 1912, Major F. S. Walker, Indian Army, and Captain R. Scott, Indian Army, have been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India extensions of leave on private affairs to the 2nd November 1913 and 11th October 1913, respectively.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 823.—The following extract is published for general information :—

"London Gazette," dated the 9th September 1913, page 5419.

* * * * *

India Office,
September 9, 1913.

The KING has approved of the admission of the undermentioned gentlemen to the Indian Medical Service as Lieutenants on probation :—

Sahib Singh Sokhey, M.B.
Atul Krishna Sinha, M.B.
Subramanya Doraisamy.
James Findlay, M.B.
Allan Seddon, M.B.
Jyotish Chandra De, M.B.
William Collis Spackman, M.B.
Nanalal Maganlal Mehta.
Charles Harry Powell Allen.
Peregrine Stephen Brackenbury Langton.
Robert Morrison Easton, M.B.
Reginald Victor Martin.

} Dated 26th July, 1913.

* * * * *

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 824.—The following promotions are made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Herbert Des Vœux, Supernumerary List,—28th September 1913.

Captains to be Majors.

Charles Sumner Stooks, 5th Light Infantry
Claude Bayfield Stokes, 3rd Skinner's Horse
Vivian Edward Muspratt, 30th Lancers (Gordon's Horse)
Edward Currie Alexander, D.S.O., 55th Coke's Rifles (Frontier Force)
Eric Grey Drummond, 4th Gurkha Rifles

} —28th September 1913.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 825.—2nd Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon (Supernumerary Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar) Niranjan-das is absorbed in the rank of Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 1st Class, ranking as Subadar, and

No. 701, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Shankar-das (E) to be Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, 2nd Class, ranking as Jemadar ;

vice 1st Class Senior Sub-Assistant Surgeon, ranking as Subadar, Jwala-parshad, retired ; with effect from the 15th September 1913.

(E) Passed in English.

Bombay Establishment.

No. 826.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 16th September 1913 :—

No. 282, Vroj-Lal Umed Ram Pandit.
No. 283, Govind Dinkar Paranjope.
No. 285, Dali Shankar Mulji Trivedi.
No. 286, Udhav Sakha Ram Shindge.

No. 827.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be and Class Sub-Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 16th September 1913 :—

No. 337, Ganesh Raghunath Shirodker.
 No. 338, Gordhandas Jethabhai Desai.
 No. 339, Yeshvant Shiveramji Masoji.
 No. 341, Balwant Narayan Masurker.
 No. 342, Joseph Appaji Karvekar.
 No. 343, Waman Ramkrishna Rajpathak.
 No. 345, Maganlal Kanji.
 No. 346, Dowlatrao Ramchandra Rao.
 No. 347, Vithal Mahadeo Satpute.
 No. 349, Bhalchandra Sakharan Shede.
 No. 350, Aaron Ezekeil Ziradker.
 No. 351, Shanker Laxman Matker.
 No. 353, Yeshvant Ramchandra Jadhav.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 828.—The following promotion is made :—

98th Infantry.

Jemadar Abdur Rahman Khan to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Muhammad Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Bholé Khan, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 5th August 1913.

PENSIONS.

WARRANT OFFICERS.

No. 829.—The undermentioned warrant officer has been transferred to the pension establishment, with effect from the 6th October 1913 :—

Conductor Leonard George Myatt, supernumerary, India Miscellaneous List.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 830.—Lieutenant-Colonel Hugh Morris Allen, D.S.O., 25th Cavalry (Frontier Force), has been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service subject to His Majesty's approval ; with effect from the 4th October 1913.

ADJUTANT GENERAL'S BRANCH.

No. 831.—Mr. H. M. Stowell, I.S.O., Personal Assistant to the Adjutant General in India, is permitted to retire from the service ; with effect from the 1st October 1913.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

United Provinces Horse.

1st (Southern) Regiment.

No. 832.—John Alexander Nish to be Second Lieutenant, *vice* T. F. G. Jones, promoted. Dated the 1st April 1913.

Samuel Henry Taylor to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 24th August 1913.

Claude Arthur Cecil Streatfeild to be Second Lieutenant, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 25th August 1913.

Northern Bengal Mounted Rifles.

No. 833.—John Oswald Little to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 31st March 1913.

East Indian Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 834.—Captain (Honorary Major) Charles Collins, Supernumerary List, resigns his commission. Dated the 17th June 1913.

Poona Volunteer Rifles.

No. 835.—Major Dossabhoj Dinshah Khamhatta, V.D., *Khan Bahadur*, resigns his commission and is granted, on retirement, the honorary rank of Lieutenant-Colonel with permission to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated the 1st August 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General*,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 3rd October 1913.

Under Clause 53 of the Regulations appended to the Regimental Debts Act, 1893, it is notified that a report of the death of the undermentioned Commissioned Officer on the date specified, was received in the Army Department between the 25th and 30th September 1913:—

Corps.	Rank and name.	Date of Decease.	Place of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	REMARKS.
3rd Battalion, The Duke of Cambridge's Own (Middlesex Regiment).	Lieutenant George Richard Home.	28th September 1913.	Lucknow ...	...	Was attached to Military Farms Department, Lucknow.

Statement of Deposits on account of Estates between the 10th and 30th September 1913.

On whose account.	Rank.	Corps.	Date of Decease.	Testate or Intestate.	Total unclaimed amount deposited.	Date to which claims will be received.
Herbert Ernest Jardine Batty.*	Captain.	Indian Medical Service.	25th May 1913.	Intestate.	Rs. A. P. 1,099 4 4	2nd December 1913.

* Widow.—Mrs. Evelyn C. Batty.

Address.—C/o The Hon'ble Mr. Justice Batchelor, Nipaan Sea Road, Bombay.

Father.—Mr. Herbert Batty.

Address.—C/o Messrs Grindlay & Co., 74, Parliament Street, Westminster, London, S.W.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General*,

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.
(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 1st October, 1913.

No. 272.—Mr. A. K. Homan, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is transferred from the North Western Railway to the Eastern Bengal Railway.

The 2nd October, 1913.

No. 273.—Mr. F. C. Freeman, Store-keeper, North Western Railway, is promoted from class II, grade 4, to class II, grade 3, of the Superior Stores Establishment of State Railways, with effect from the 1st October 1913.

The 3rd October, 1913.

No. 274.—With reference to Railway Board's Notification No. 253, dated the 19th September 1913, Mr. Vaman Ganesh Gadgil, officiating Secretariat Assistant, 1st grade, is appointed to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade, until further orders.

No. 275.—Mr. H. Gibson, Assistant Carriage and Wagon Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 3, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, officiated as District Carriage and Wagon Superintendent in class II of that establishment, from the 5th May 1913 to the 26th June 1913.

T. RYAN,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.

GOVERNMENT OF THE UNITED PROVINCES.

NOTIFICATION.

EDUCATIONAL DEPARTMENT.

Dated Naini Tal, the 11th September, 1913.

No. 1519-XV-362.—The agreement hereinafter set forth entered into by the Society known as the managing committee of the Edward Kshatriya Boarding House, in accordance with the provisions of Part VII of the Land Acquisition Act, 1894 (I of 1894), is hereby published for general information.

By order, etc.,

S. P. O'DONNELL,

Secretary to Government, United Provinces.

THIS AGREEMENT made the 15th day of August 1913 between the Secretary of State for India in Council hereinafter called the Secretary of State of the one part and the managing committee of the Edward Kshatriya Boarding House a Society registered under Act No. XXI of 1860 hereinafter called the Society of the other part.

Whereas the said Society has by public subscription acquired land measuring 3 bighas 16 biswas in Mauza Nagheta in the town of Hardei and built on a portion thereof a boarding house at a cost of Rs. 20,000 for the accommodation of the Kshatriya and other Hindu boys prosecuting their studies in any of the local educational institutions.

Whereas the said Society has made an application to the Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh to acquire for the purposes of the said Society under the provision of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894 a plot of land No. 69 measuring 19 biswas 2 roods, 15 poles situate in Mauza Nagheta in the town of Hardei to provide space for a play ground and other extensions to or appertaining to the said Boarding House as may from time to time appear necessary to the said Society.

And whereas the aforesaid Local Government is satisfied that the said Society is a Society within the meaning of Section III (c) of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act I of 1894.

And whereas the aforesaid Local Government after making and holding such enquiry as is required and prescribed by law, is satisfied that the acquisition of the aforesaid land desired by the said Society is needed for the construction of some work and that such work is likely to prove useful to the public.

And whereas under section 41 of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act I of 1894, the said Society is required to enter into an agreement with the Secretary of State for India in Council, regarding the matters specified in the aforesaid section.

It is hereby agreed and declared as follows:—

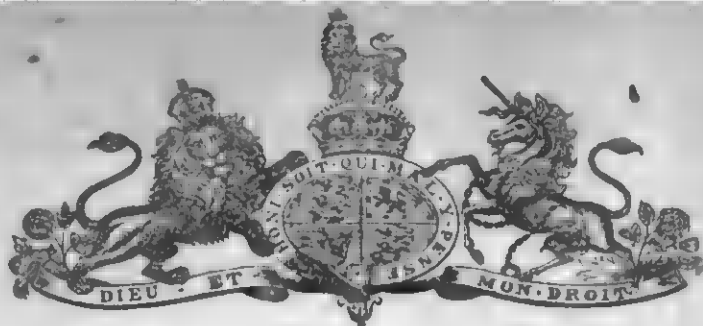
- (1) That the aforesaid Society will pay to the Local Government of the United Provinces of Agra and Oudh or to such person or persons whom the Local Government may appoint on its behalf all such sum or sums of money as shall be awarded under the provisions of the aforesaid Land Acquisition Act of 1894 as compensation to any person or persons who may be found on enquiry held under the provisions of the said Act to be interested in the land hereinbefore mentioned as required by the said Society.
- (2) That the said Society will defray and pay to the Local Government from its funds all such other charges as may be incidental to the acquisition of the aforesaid land under the provisions of the Land Acquisition Act I of 1894.
- (3) That upon the said Society having made the payments mentioned in the foregoing paragraphs Nos. 1 and 2 of this agreement the Local Government will forthwith in consideration of the payment of the compensation money and cost of acquisition aforesaid convey and grant to the said Society all the aforesaid plot of land No. 69 measuring 19 biswas 2 roods 15 poles situate in Mauza Nagheta in the town of Haridol free from all incumbrances and occupancy rights and together with all rights easements and appurtenances thereto in fact or by reputation belonging or now or heretofore enjoyed therewith to hold the said plot of land unto and the use of the said Society.
- (4) That the said Society will perpetually hold and enjoy the aforesaid land and premises and use the said land and premises for the purposes hereby agreed upon.
- (5) That the said Society will use the aforesaid plots of land for the purposes of a play ground and other extensions to or appertaining to the said Boarding House as may from time to time appear necessary to the said Society subservient to the registered objects of the said Society or for such other purpose of public utility as may be consistent with the upkeep and use of the said Boarding House so long as the building exists as such.
- (6) That the said Society will allow the public to have the full right and liberty to utilise the aforesaid Boarding House known as the Edward Kshatriya Boarding House and play ground and other accessories and appurtenances that shall be attached thereto according to its rules and regulations and subject to the payment of such fees and the observance of such rules and regulations on the part of the students and scholars and their guardians as are or shall be for the time being fixed or framed by the said Society or such person or persons as the said Society shall appoint on their behalf or by any higher authority to whom the said Society is or may be by law subject.

In witness whereof the said parties have hereto set their hands the day and year first above written.

W. J. D. BURKITT,

UJAGAR SINGH, *Vakil*,

Judicial Secretary to Government, United Provinces. Joint Secretary of the Kshatriya Sabha, Haridol.



The Gazette of India.

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 41. } SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 11, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

MILITARY SECRETARY'S OFFICE.

NOTIFICATION.

Simla, the 9th October, 1913.

NO. 227-M.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General will leave Simla by special train from Summer Hill Station at 2-15 P.M. on Tuesday, the 14th October 1913. His Excellency's departure will be private.

A Viceregal salute will be fired as His Excellency leaves Viceregal Lodge.

His Excellency will visit Kapurthala, Bikanir, Hyderabad, Bijapur, Mysore, Bangalore, the Kolar Gold Fields, Mandapam, Madura, Trichinopoly, Tanjore, Madras, Cuttack, Gaya, Bankipore and Alwar and arrive at Delhi on the 5th December, his arrival being private.

(913)

All covers intended to reach His Excellency the Viceroy and party during the tour should be addressed "Viceroy's Camp" without the addition of any post town.

The party accompanying His Excellency will be—

Her Excellency the Lady Hardinge.

Miss Osborne.

J. B. Wood, Esq., C.I.E., I.C.S., Officiating Foreign Secretary.

Sir James DuBoulay, K.C.I.E., I.C.S., Private Secretary.

Colonel F. Lee, Officiating Military Secretary.

Lieutenant Colonel F. A. Maxwell, V.C., C.S.I., D.S.O., Military Secretary.

Lieutenant-Colonel Sir James Roberts, Kt., C.I.E., I.M.S., Surgeon.

Captain A. A. Tod, A.-D.-C.

Captain J. J. Astor, A.-D.-C.

Captain R. L. Benson, A.-D.-C.

All communications, other than those of an urgent nature, should as usual be addressed to the headquarters of the several departments at Simla.

By Command,

F. LEE, Colonel,

Offg. Military Secretary to the Viceroy.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

MEDICAL.

Simla, the 7th October, 1913.

No. 839.—The services of Lieutenant-Colonel J. Crimmin, C.B., C.I.E., I.M.S., are placed at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 1st October 1913.

The 9th October, 1913.

No. 844.—Major D. McCay, I.M.S., Professor of Physiology and officiating Professor of Materia Medica, Medical College, Calcutta, and Second Physician to the College Hospital, is granted privilege leave for two months and five days under articles 260 and 271 of the Civil Service Regulations combined with furlough on medical certificate for a total period of seven months, with effect from the 1st September 1913.

No. 845.—Major E. E. Waters, M.D., I.M.S., is appointed to officiate as Professor of Materia Medica, Medical College, Calcutta, and Second Physician to the College Hospital, during the absence on leave of Major D. McCay, M.D., I.M.S., or until further orders.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 6th October, 1913.

No. 1870-G.—With reference to Notification No. 1166-G, dated the 17th June, 1913, Mr. J. D. S. Nabapiet, Consul for Brazil at Calcutta, resumed charge of his office on the 23rd September, 1913.

The 7th October, 1913.

No. 2400-Est. A.—*Corrigendum.*—In Foreign Department Notification No. 2174-Est. A., dated the 17th September, 1913, granting combined leave for six months to Military Assistant Surgeon G. A. Richardson, for "furlough for four months and thirteen days" read "furlough for four months and fourteen days".

No. 2403-*Est.-A.*—Major R. W. Knox, Indian Medical Service (Madras), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, is granted privilege leave for three months, combined with furlough for eleven months and four days, with effect from the 30th August, 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2404-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant-Colonel C. A. Johnston, Indian Medical Service (Madras), Medical Officer, 2nd Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners, is appointed to officiate as an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class, and is posted temporarily as Residency Surgeon, Mysore, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 30th August, 1913, and until further orders.

The 8th October, 1913.

No. 1885-*G.*—With reference to Notification No. 1651-*G.*, dated the 3rd September, 1913, the provisional recognition of the appointment of Mr. A. F. Sells as Consul for Denmark at Bombay, has been confirmed by His Majesty's Government.

No. 2419-*Est.-A.*—The Hon'ble Lieutenant-Colonel Sir Arthur Henry McMahon, G.C.V.O., K.C.I.E., C.S.I., Secretary to the Government of India, in the Foreign Department, is placed on special duty as British Plenipotentiary for the Tibet Conference with effect from the 11th September, 1913 and until further orders.

(Notification No. 2354-*Est.-A.*, dated the 3rd October, 1913, is hereby cancelled.)

No. 2423-*Est.-A.*—Mr. L. M. Crump of the Political Department is granted privilege leave for two months and nineteen days, combined with furlough for seven months and eleven days, with effect from the 20th September, 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b), Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2426-*Est.-A.*—Mr. J. M. K. Misick, First Assistant to the Deputy Inspector General of Police, Criminal Investigation Department and Railways, Punjab, is placed on special duty under the Government of India in the Foreign Department, with effect from the 8th September, 1913, and until further orders.

No. 2433-*Est.-A.*—Major C. E. Luard of the Political Department is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for nine months, with effect from the 28th September, 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b), Civil Service Regulations.

No. 3329-*I.B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the Schedule to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 780-*I.B.*, dated the 9th April, 1913, providing for the administration of justice on certain railways in Kathiawar, namely:—

After the entries relating to the Junagadh Railway, the following shall be added, namely:—

Khiadia-Amreli- Chhalia Rail- way.	Jetpur- Luci.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto
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No. 3330-*I.B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the Schedule to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 782-*I.B.*, dated the 9th April, 1913, providing for the administration of justice on certain railways in Kathiawar, namely:—

After the entries relating to the Junagadh Railway, the following shall be added, namely:—

Khiadia-Amreli- Chhalia Rail- way.	Sarada.	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto	Ditto
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No. 3331-*I.B.*—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor-General in Council is pleased to direct that the following addition shall be made to the Schedule to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 784-*I.B.*, dated the 9th April, 1913, applying the provisions of the Indian

Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and of the Indian Railway Board Act, 1905 (IV of 1905), to the lands occupied by certain railways in Native States, namely :—

After the entries relating to the Junagadh Railway, the following shall be added, namely :—

Khajalia-Amreli- Bala's Railway	Baroda Jalpur	—	—	—	The Government of Bombay.
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The 6th October, 1913.

No 1892-G.—With reference to the Notifications of the Government of India in the Foreign Department Nos. 1920-G and 536-G., dated, respectively, the 9th September, 1910 and the 17th March, 1911, the following notification, which has been published at page 5844 of the "London Gazette" of the 15th August, 1913, is republished for general information :—

At the Court at *Buckingham Palace*, the 12th day of *August*, 1913.

PRESENT :

The KING'S Most Excellent Majesty.

Lord President.

Mr. Secretary Harcourt.

Sir William Carington.

Mr. Fischer.

Sir Louis Mallet.

WHEREAS by treaty, grant usage, sufferance, or other lawful means, His Majesty the King has jurisdiction within China :

Now, therefore, His Majesty, by virtue and in exercise of the powers in this behalf by the Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890, or otherwise in His Majesty vested, is pleased, by and with the advice of His Privy Council, to order, and it is hereby ordered, as follows :—

1. This Order may be cited as "The China (Amendment) Order in Council, 1913," and shall be read as one with the China Order in Council, 1904, hereinafter referred to as the "Principal Order," and this Order and the China Orders in Council, 1904 to 1910, may be cited together as "The China Orders in Council, 1904 to 1913."

2. In this Order, unless the context otherwise requires :—

"Judgment" includes decree, order, sentence, or decision ;

"Record" means the aggregate of papers relating to an Appeal to His Majesty in Council (including the pleadings, proceedings, evidence and judgments) proper to be laid before His Majesty in Council on the hearing of the Appeal ;

"Registrar" includes the officer having the custody of the records in the Supreme Court.

3. (1) Any person committing a breach of any International Regulations approved by the Secretary of State under article 74 of the Principal Order shall, on conviction, be liable to the punishment, forfeiture, or fine therein prescribed, or, if no such punishment or fine is prescribed, he shall be liable, on conviction, to imprisonment with or without hard labour for a period not exceeding one month, or to a fine not exceeding £ 20.

(2) Where a fine is recovered for breach of such Regulations, and the Regulations contain no provisions as to the manner in which it shall be disposed of and applied, it shall be disposed of and applied in such manner as the Minister may direct.

4. In the application of the Perjury Act, 1911, by the Court, in the exercise of its criminal jurisdiction on the principles of, and in conformity with English law for the time being under article 35 (2) of the Principal Order, the words "judicial proceeding" in the said Act shall be deemed to include a proceeding before a Chinese Court, or a Court in China of any State in amity with His Majesty.

5. If any person subject to the jurisdiction of the Court does any act in relation to proceedings in a Chinese Court, or before a Chinese judicial officer, or in a Court or before a judicial officer in China of any State in amity with His Majesty, which, if done in the

course of, or in relation to, any proceedings in the Court, would have been punishable as an offence, such person shall be guilty of an offence, and shall be liable, on conviction, to such punishment as he would have been liable to if the offence had been committed in the course of, or in relation to, proceedings in the Court.

6. When a British subject is accused of an offence, the cognizance whereof appertains to any Court established under the Principal Order, and it is expedient that the offence be inquired of, tried, determined, and punished in a British possession, the accused may (under "The Foreign Jurisdiction Act, 1890," section 6) be sent for trial to Lahore, and the Chief Court of the Punjab shall be the authorized Court for the purposes of that enactment.

The Court may, where it appears to be so expedient, by warrant under the hand of a Judge and the Seal of the Court, cause the accused to be sent for trial to Lahore accordingly.

The warrant shall be sufficient authority to any person to whom it is directed to receive and detain the person therein named, and to carry him to and deliver him up at Lahore, according to the Warrant.

When any person is to be so sent to Lahore, the Court before which he is accused shall take the preliminary examination, and, if it seems necessary and proper, shall bind over such of the proper witnesses as are British subjects in their own recognizances to appear and give evidence at the trial.

Nothing in this article shall affect the operation of article 50 of the Principal Order.

Appeals in Criminal Cases.

7. Any person who is convicted of an offence on a trial under article 45 of the Principal Order, or who is sentenced on a conviction for an offence under article 48 of the Principal Order, to be imprisoned without the option of a fine, may appeal to the full Court—

(i) Against his conviction—

(a) On any ground of appeal which involves a question of law alone; or

(b) With the leave of the Full Court, or upon the certificate of the Court which tried him, that it is a fit case for appeal, against his conviction on any ground of appeal which involves a question of fact alone, or a question of mixed law and fact; or

(c) With the leave of the Full Court on any other ground which appears to the Full Court to be a sufficient ground of appeal.

(ii) With the leave of the Full Court, against the sentence passed on his conviction, unless the sentence is one fixed by law.

8. After the hearing and determination at a summary trial under article 48 of the Principal Order of any information or complaint, either party to such summary trial may, if dissatisfied with the said determination as being erroneous in point of law, appeal to the Full Court.

9.—(1) When a person desires to appeal to the Full Court under articles 7 or 8 he shall give notice of his Appeal, or of his application for leave to appeal, to the Court against whose judgment or sentence he desires to appeal, in such manner as may be prescribed, within 7 days of the date of his conviction or of the determination of an information or complaint.

(2) An appellant may, in such manner as may be prescribed, present his case and his argument in writing, and deliver the same to the Registrar of the Court before which the trial took place. The respondent may in like manner present his case and argument in writing, and deliver the same to the Registrar of the said Court.

(3) Such Court shall thereupon send under the seal of the Court to the Registrar of the Supreme Court the notice, the case, and the argument, if any, and a report by the Judge who presided at the trial, together with such other papers and in such manner as may be prescribed.

(4) Where the trial took place before a Judge of the Supreme Court, sitting elsewhere than at Shanghai, the papers may be transmitted to the Registrar of the Supreme Court through the Provincial Court of the district.

10. Where notice is given under article 9, the Court before which the trial was had may, as it thinks fit, either postpone judgment on the conviction or respite execution of the judgment, and either commit the person convicted to prison or take security for him to come up for judgment or to deliver himself for execution of the judgment (as the case may require) at an appointed time and place.

11. An appellant shall not be entitled to be present at the hearing of an Appeal except by leave of the Full Court, or of the Court before which he was convicted.

12.—(1) Appeals under articles 7 and 8 of this Order shall be heard, and determined by the Full Court.

(2) In the hearing and determination of such Appeals the Full Court shall, so far as circumstances admit, follow the practice of the Court of Criminal Appeal in England, and the provisions contained in sections 1 (5), 4, 5, 6, 8, 9, 11 (2), 14 (2), (3), 17 and 21 of the Criminal Appeal Act, 1907, or of any law amending or substituted for the same.

(3) Provided that the Full Court shall not annul a conviction or sentence, or vary a sentence, on the ground—

- (a) Of any objection which, if stated during the trial, might, in the opinion of the Court, have been properly met by amendment at the trial; or
- (b) Of any error in the summoning of the jury or the assessors; or
- (c) Of any person having served as a jurymen or an assessor who was not qualified; or
- (d) Of any objection to any person as a jurymen or assessor which might have been raised before or at the trial; or
- (e) Of any informality in the swearing of any witness; or
- (f) Of any error or informality which, in the opinion of the Court, did not affect the substance of the case or subject the convicted person to any undue prejudice.

(4) The Full Court shall not award costs to either side in an Appeal under this part of the Order save in an appeal under article 8.

13. The power of the Judge of the Supreme Court, under article 119 of the Principal Order, to make rules of Court shall extend to rules for the purpose of regulating the manner of presenting Appeals, as to the papers which are to be sent to the Full Court, and the transmission of the same, and generally as to the conduct of Appeals and all matters connected therewith.

14. Article 52 of the Principal Order shall apply to all proceedings before the Full Court under this Order.

15. When notice has been given of any Appeal or application for leave to appeal, the Judge of the Supreme Court shall, save where the trial took place before himself, have power, for reasons to be recorded in the minutes, to order that it shall be heard and determined or dealt with, in the manner provided in this Order by himself alone instead of by the Full Court.

16. Where a person is convicted of any offence before any Court, if the Judge of such Court thinks fit to reserve for the consideration of the Full Court any question of law arising at the trial, he shall state a case, setting out the facts and the grounds of the conviction, and the question of law, and send or deliver it to the Registrar of the Supreme Court.

The jurisdiction of the Full Court under this article shall be exercised subject to the provisions of this Order.

17. There shall be no Appeal in a criminal case to His Majesty the King in Council from a decision of the Full Court or from a decision of the Judge alone under article 15, except by special leave of His Majesty in Council.

18. Reports to the Minister under article 64 of the Principal Order of sentences of death shall not be sent until the expiration of the time allowed for an Appeal, or for applying for leave to appeal, against the conviction, or, if there is an Appeal, until the determination of the Appeal.

Appeals to His Majesty in Council.

19. Subject to the provisions of this Order, an Appeal shall lie to His Majesty in Council—

- (1) As of right, from any final judgment of the Supreme Court made in a civil action, where the matter in dispute on the Appeal amounts to or is of the value of £ 500 or upwards, or where the Appeal involves, directly or indirectly, some claim or question to or respecting property or some civil right amounting to or of the value of £ 500 or upwards; and

(2) At the discretion of the Supreme Court, from any other judgment of the Supreme Court, whether final or interlocutory, if, in the opinion of the Supreme Court, the question involved in the Appeal is one which, by reason of its great general or public importance or otherwise, ought to be submitted to His Majesty in Council for decision.

20. Applications to the Supreme Court for leave to appeal shall be made by motion within fifteen days from the date of the judgment to be appealed from, and, unless the application is made in Court at the time when such judgment is given, the applicant shall give the opposite party notice of his intended application.

21. Leave to appeal under article 13 shall only be granted by the Supreme Court in the first instance—

(a) Upon condition of the appellant within two months from the date of the hearing of the application for leave to appeal, giving security to the satisfaction of the Court, to an amount not exceeding £ 500, for the due prosecution of the Appeal, and for the payment of all such costs as may become payable to the respondent in the event of the appellant's not obtaining an order granting him final leave to appeal, or of the Appeal being dismissed for non-prosecution, or of His Majesty in Council ordering the appellant to pay the respondent's costs of the Appeal (as the case may be); and

(b) Upon such other conditions (if any) as to the time or times within which the appellant shall take the necessary steps for the purpose of procuring the preparation of the Record and the despatch thereof to England as the Court, having regard to all the circumstances of the case, may think it reasonable to impose.

22. Where the judgment appealed from requires the appellant to pay money or perform a duty, the Supreme Court shall have power, when granting leave to appeal, either to direct that the said judgment shall be carried into execution or that the execution thereof shall be suspended pending the appeal, as to the Court shall seem just, and in case the Court shall direct the said judgment to be carried into execution, the person in whose favour it was given shall, before the execution thereof enter into good and sufficient security, to the satisfaction of the Court, for the due performance of such Order as His Majesty in Council shall think fit to make thereon.

23. The preparation of the Record shall be subject to the supervision of the Supreme Court, and the parties may submit any disputed question arising in connection therewith to the decision of the Court, and the Court shall give such directions thereon as the justice of the case may require.

24. The Registrar, as well as the parties and their legal agents, shall endeavour to exclude from the Record all documents (more particularly such as are merely formal) which are not relevant to the subject matter of the Appeal, and generally, to reduce the bulk of the Record as far as practicable, taking special care to avoid the duplication of documents and the unnecessary repetition of headings and other merely formal parts of documents; but the documents omitted to be copied or printed shall be enumerated in a list to be placed after the index or at the end of the Record.

25. Where in the course of the preparation of a Record one party objects to the inclusion of a document on the ground that it is unnecessary or irrelevant, and the other party nevertheless insists upon its being included, the Record, as finally printed, shall, with a view to the subsequent adjustment of the costs of and incidental to such document, indicate in the index of papers, or otherwise, the fact that, and the party by whom, the inclusion of the document was objected to.

26. The Record shall be printed in accordance with the rules in the Schedule to this Order, and may be printed either locally or in England.

27. Where the Record is printed locally the Registrar shall, at the expense of the appellant, transmit to the Registrar of the Privy Council forty copies of such Record, one of which copies he shall certify to be correct by signing his name on, or initialling, every eighth page thereof, and by affixing thereto the seal of the Supreme Court.

28. Where the Record is to be printed in England, the Registrar shall, at the expense of the appellant, transmit to the Registrar of the Privy Council one certified copy of such Record, together with an index of all the papers and exhibits in the case. No other certified copies of the Record shall be transmitted to the agents in England by or on behalf of the parties to the Appeal.

29. Where part of the Record is printed locally and part is to be printed in England, articles 21 and 22 shall, as far as practicable, apply to such parts as are printed locally and such as are to be printed in England respectively.

30. The reasons given by the Judge, or any of the Judges, for or against any judgment pronounced in the course of the proceedings out of which the Appeal arises, shall, unless

they are included in the Record, be communicated in writing by such Judge or Judges to the Registrar, and shall by him be transmitted to the Registrar of the Privy Council at the same time when the Record is transmitted.

31. Where there are two or more applications for leave to appeal arising out of the same matter, and the Supreme Court is of opinion that it would be for the convenience of the Lords of the Judicial Committee and all parties concerned that the Appeals should be consolidated, the Court may direct the Appeals to be consolidated, and grant leave to appeal by a single order.

32. An appellant, who has obtained an order granting him conditional leave to appeal, may, at any time prior to the making of an order granting him final leave to appeal, withdraw his appeal on such terms as to costs and otherwise as the Supreme Court may direct.

33. Where an appellant, having obtained an order granting him conditional leave to appeal, and having complied with the conditions imposed on him by such order, fails thereafter to apply with due diligence to the Supreme Court for an order granting him final leave to appeal, the Court may, on an application in that behalf made by the respondent, rescind the order granting conditional leave to appeal, notwithstanding the appellant's compliance with the conditions imposed by such order, and may give such directions as to the costs of the Appeal and the security entered into by the appellant as the Court shall think fit, or make such further or other order in the premises as, in the opinion of the Court, the justice of the case requires.

34. On an application for final leave to appeal, the Supreme Court may inquire whether notice, or sufficient notice, of the application has been given by the appellant to all parties concerned, and, if not satisfied as to the notices given, may defer the granting of the final leave to appeal, or may give such other directions in the matter as, in the opinion of the Court, the justice of the case requires.

35. An appellant who has obtained final leave to appeal shall prosecute his Appeal in accordance with the rules for the time being regulating the general practice and procedure in Appeals to His Majesty in Council.

36. Where an appellant, having obtained final leave to appeal, desires, prior to the dispatch of the Record to England, to withdraw his Appeal, the Supreme Court may, upon an application in that behalf made by the appellant, grant him a certificate to the effect that the Appeal has been withdrawn and the Appeal shall thereupon be deemed, as from the date of such certificate, to stand dismissed without express Order of His Majesty in Council, and the costs of the Appeal and the security entered into by the appellant shall be dealt with in such manner as the Court may direct.

37. Where an appellant, having obtained final leave to appeal, fails to show due diligence in taking all necessary steps for the purpose of procuring the dispatch of the Record to England, the respondent may, after giving the appellant due notice of his intended application, apply to the Supreme Court for a certificate that the Appeal has not been effectually prosecuted by the appellant, and if the Court sees fit to grant such a certificate, the Appeal shall be deemed, as from the date of such certificate, to stand dismissed for non-prosecution without express Order of His Majesty in Council, and the costs of the Appeal and the security entered into by the appellant shall be dealt with in such manner as the Court may direct.

38. Where at any time between the order granting final leave to appeal and the dispatch of the Record to England the Record becomes defective by reason of the death, or change of status, of a party to the Appeal, the Supreme Court may, notwithstanding the order granting final leave to appeal, on an application in that behalf made by any person interested, grant a certificate showing who, in the opinion of the Court, is the proper person to be substituted or entered on the Record in place of, or in addition to, the party who has died, or undergone a change of status, and the name of such person shall thereupon be deemed to be so substituted or entered on the Record, as aforesaid without express Order of His Majesty in Council.

39. Where the Record subsequently to its dispatch to England becomes defective by reason of the death, or change of status, of a party to the Appeal, the Supreme Court shall, upon an application in that behalf made by any person interested, cause a certificate to be transmitted to the Registrar of the Privy Council showing who, in the opinion of the Court, is the proper person to be substituted, or entered, on the Record, in place of, or in addition to, the party who has died or undergone a change of status.

40. The Case of each party to the Appeal may be printed either locally or in England and shall, in either event, be printed in accordance with the rules in the Schedule to this Order, every tenth line thereof being numbered in the margin, and shall be signed by at least one of the counsel who attends at the hearing of the Appeal, or by the party himself if he conducts his Appeal in person.

41. The Case shall consist of paragraphs numbered consecutively, and shall state, as concisely as possible, the circumstances out of which the Appeal arises, the contentions to be urged by the party lodging the same, and the reasons of appeal. References by page and line to the relevant portions of the Record as printed shall, as far as practicable, be printed in the margin, and care shall be taken to avoid, as far as possible, the reprinting in the Case of long extracts from the Record. The taxing officer, in taxing the costs of the Appeal, shall, either of his own motion, or at the instance of the opposite party, inquire into any unnecessary prolixity in the Case, and shall disallow the costs occasioned thereby.

42. Where the Judicial Committee directs a party to bear the costs of an Appeal incurred in China, such costs shall be taxed by the proper officer of the Supreme Court in accordance with the rules for the time being regulating taxation in the Supreme Court.

43. The Supreme Court shall execute any Order which His Majesty in Council may think fit to make on an Appeal from a judgment of the Supreme Court in like manner as any original judgment of the Supreme Court should or might have been executed.

Consular Registers of Companies.

44. A register of companies incorporated or registered in the United Kingdom or in any British possession and carrying on business in China shall be kept in the office of every consulate in China.

45. The consulate at which companies shall be registered shall be that in the district of which their chief local office is situated, or their business is chiefly carried on, and notice shall be given at the consulate of any other district in which the company is also carrying on business as to the place at which the company is so registered.

46. On the registration of a company at a consulate there shall be deposited and filed in the office of the consulate a copy of the certificate of incorporation of the company, or other document corresponding thereto, a copy of the memorandum and articles of association or other documents corresponding thereto, a statement showing the nominal capital of the company, and the amounts thereof which have been subscribed and paid up respectively, and, if the company has been incorporated under a law which provides for the periodical filing of a list of the shareholders, a copy of the last list so filed.

47. The consular officer shall, on the registration of a company at the consulate, issue to the person making the registration a certificate, signed and sealed with the consular seal, that the company has been so registered.

48—(1) Every company registered under this Order shall register the name and address of the manager or other chief local representative in China, and shall from time to time, as may be necessary, register any alteration of the representative of the company or in his address. Names and addresses so registered shall be open to the inspection of the public.

(2) Rules of Court made under article 119 of the Principal Order may provide that service of writs, notices, or other documents upon the person registered under this article, or at his address, shall be good service of such documents upon the company.

49. Registration of a company under this Order shall not require to be renewed annually, but may be renewed from time to time as the parties may desire, and must be renewed when any change takes place in the name of the company.

50. On every registration of a company under this Order, and on every renewal thereof, there shall be payable a fee of £1, and on every registration under article 41 there shall be payable a fee of 2s.

51.—(1) A company shall not be entitled to be recognised or protected as a British company unless it is registered under this Order, but shall, although not so registered, be subject to the jurisdiction of His Majesty's Courts in China.

(2) Nothing in this article shall affect the right of the Secretary of State to direct that British protection shall not be accorded to a company, even though it has been registered under this Order.

Orders of a Court of Consuls.

52—(1) Where by agreement among the diplomatic representatives in China of foreign States, Regulations have been, or are, made for the establishment, control or procedure of a Court of Consuls, or other like Court, to deal with disputes or suits relating to the property or proceedings of any board, committee, association or other like group of persons which has been appointed for public purposes at any treaty port or foreign settlement or concession in China, and on which other nations besides Great Britain are represented, and such Regulations have been or are approved by the Secretary of State, the jurisdiction of the said Court shall not, so far as persons subject to the Principal Order are concerned, be deemed to conflict with article 6 of the Principal Order, and the Court shall enforce on all persons subject to its jurisdiction the orders and decrees of such Court of Consuls or other like Court.

(2) Regulations approved by the Secretary of State under this article shall be published in the same manner as King's Regulations.

53.—(1) Articles 84, 86, 87, 145 and 176 of the Principal Order are hereby repealed but such repeal shall not—

(a) Affect the past operation of such articles or any right, title, obligation, or liability thereunder; or

(b) Interfere with the institution or prosecution of any legal proceedings thereunder.

(2) Appeals in criminal cases and Appeals to His Majesty in Council commenced under any articles hereby repealed shall be continued so far as is practicable in accordance with this Order.

And the Right Honourable Sir Edward Grey, Baronet, K.G., one of his Majesty's Principal Secretaries of State, is to give the necessary directions herein.

Almeric FitzRoy.

SCHEDULE.

1. Records and Cases in Appeals to His Majesty in Council shall be printed in the form known as Demy Quarto.

2. The size of the paper used shall be such that the sheet, when folded and trimmed, will be 11 inches in height and 8½ inches in width.

3. The type to be used in the text shall be pica type, but long primer shall be used in printing accounts, tabular matter, and notes.

4. The number of lines in each page of pica type shall be forty-seven or the reabouts, and every tenth line shall be numbered in the margin.

The 10th October, 1913.

No. 1904-G.—With the sanction of His Majesty's Government, the Governor General in Council is pleased to recognise the appointment of Mr. J. McAusland Mackenzie as in temporary charge of the Consulate for Denmark at Rangoon, during the absence of Mr. J. F. Jensen.

No. 3362-F. C.—In consequence of the misconduct of Dr. Dinanath Balkrishna Naik Dandekar, L.M. and S., F.R.I.P.H. (London), of Bombay, he is hereby deprived of the title of Rao Bahadur which was conferred on him, as a personal distinction, in the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 11-I. B., dated the 2nd January 1911.

J. B. WOOD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

Simla, the 10th October, 1913.

No. 1270-F. E.—Mr. W. Courtenay has been posted as Assistant Accountant General, Punjab, with effect from the 25th September 1913.

No. 1271-F. E.—Mr. E. W. Saxton, Chief Superintendent, office of the Assistant Accountant General, Post Office and Telegraphs, Madras, has been granted privilege leave for fifteen days with effect from the 30th September 1913.

No. 1272-F. E.—In supersession of this Department Notification No. 1083-F.E., dated 5th September 1913, published in the Gazette of India, Part I, dated the 6th September 1913, Mr. R. B. C. Scott, Government Examiner of Accounts, South Indian Railway, has been granted privilege leave for one month and twenty-five days and, in continuation, furlough on medical certificate for one year, one month and five days, with effect from the 11th August 1913.

No. 1275-P. E.—Mr. F. W. Johnston, C.S.I., C.I.E., I.C.S., Deputy Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, has been placed on special duty with effect from the 6th October 1913 and until further orders.

Mr. B. N. Mitra, C.I.E., Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Finance Department, has been appointed to hold charge of the duties of Deputy Secretary in that Department in addition to his own, with effect from the same date and during the absence of Mr. Johnston.

Mr. G. W. C. Bradley, a Secretariat Superintendent, Class II, has been placed on special duty with effect from the 6th October 1913 and until further orders.

No. 1276-P. E.—Mr. T. C. Cooke, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, and officiating Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, Military Accounts Department, is promoted permanently to that grade with effect from the 1st October 1913, *vice* Mr. T. Smith, Assistant Controller, retired.

No. 1277-P. E.—Mr. W. S. W. Shepherd, Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, temporary, Military Accounts Department, is promoted permanently to that grade with effect from the 1st October 1913, *vice* Mr. T. C. Cooke, promoted.

No. 1278-P. E.—Mr. J. W. Lewis, officiating Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, Military Accounts Department, is temporarily appointed to be a Deputy Examiner, 2nd grade, with effect from the 1st October 1913, *vice* Mr. W. S. W. Shepherd, promoted.

No. 1280-P. E.—Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. R. Cordue, R.E., Mint Master, Bombay, has been granted privilege leave for eight days and in continuation furlough on medical certificate for eleven months and twenty-two days, with effect from the 4th October 1913.

Captain H. J. K. Wallis, I.A., has been appointed to officiate as Mint Master, Bombay, with effect from the 4th October 1913, *vice* Lieutenant-Colonel W. G. R. Cordue, R.E.

SEPARATE REVENUE.

OPIUM.

The 10th October, 1913.

No. 1273-F. E.—It is hereby notified that—

- (1) In the calendar year 1914 not more than 13,200 uncertified chests of Bengal opium will be offered for sale and not more than 1,100 chests in each month of the year.
- (2) Of the quantity to be offered for sale in each of the months of January to November 940 chests will be Benares opium and 160 chests Patna opium, and at the sale in December 941 chests will be Benares opium and 159 chests will be Patna opium.
- (3) Government reserves to itself the right to alter the quantity and class of opium to be offered for sale in each month. No reduction in the quantities to be sold, however, will be made without three months' previous notice.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 9th October, 1913.

No. 2432.—The services of the Hon'ble Mr. J. H. Kerr, C.I.E., I.C.S., Officiating Secretary to the Government of India, Department of Revenue and Agriculture, are replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bengal with effect from the forenoon of the 15th October 1913.

F. NOYCE,

Under Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATIONS.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 11th October, 1913.

No. 8395-82.—The Hon'ble Mr. R. E. Enthoven, C.I.E., I.C.S., Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, has been granted by His Majesty's Secretary of State for India, extraordinary leave, without pay, up to the 31st October 1913, in continuation of the privilege leave granted to him in the Notification of this Department, No. 4040-82, dated the 24th May 1913.

Mr. J. F. Gruning, I.C.S., is appointed substantive *pro tempore* Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, from the 16th August to the 31st October 1913, after which date his services will be replaced at the disposal of the Government of Bihar and Orissa.

H. A. F. LINDSAY,

Under Secretary to the Government of India.

CUSTOMS ESTABLISHMENT.

The 11th October, 1913.

No. 8309-2.—Mr. P. W. Singleton, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, was granted privilege leave for one month with effect from the 1st September 1913.

No. 8453-2.—Mr. F. D. Lalkaka, an Assistant Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is granted privilege leave for three months with effect from the 3rd November 1913, or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the leave.

No. 8463-2.—Mr. M. M. S. Gubbay, I.C.S., a Collector in the Imperial Customs Service, is granted privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for one year and three months, with effect from the 1st November 1913 or such subsequent date as he may avail himself of the leave.

POST OFFICE.

The 11th October, 1913.

No. 8347-103.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian Post Office Act, 1898 (VI of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that, with effect from the 1st January 1914, the following amendment shall be made in the rules issued with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 2883-45, dated the 26th April 1913, namely:—

In rule 47 for "Rs. 500" shall be substituted "Rs. 600".

TELEGRAPHS.

The 11th October, 1913.

No. 8415-87.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 7 of the Indian Telegraph Act, 1885 (XIII of 1885), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct that the rules published with the Notification of the Government of India in the Department of Commerce and Industry, No. 7571-163, dated the 8th October 1903, as subsequently amended, governing the exchange by radio-telegraph of public correspondence with ships at sea, shall be made applicable to all Indian coast stations now existing and which may be opened in the future for such correspondence.

GEOLOGY AND MINERALS.

The 11th October, 1913.

No. 8458-168.—Mr. J. J. A. Page, Assistant Superintendent, Geological Survey of India, is permitted to resign the service with effect from the 16th October 1913.

LIGHTING OF COASTS.

The 11th October, 1913.

No. 8488-8.—In accordance with the provisions of section 16 of the Burma Coast-lights Act, 1879 (IX of 1879), the Governor General in Council has directed the publication of the following *pro forma* account showing the receipts and charges in connection with the Burma Coast-lights for the year which ended on the 31st March 1913:—

Annual pro forma account of the Burma Coast Light Dues for the year 1912-13.

CAPITAL EXPENDITURE UP TO		Interest at 4 per cent on capital expenditure.	Annual sinking fund payment necessary to liquidate the capital expenditure incurred to date in 60 years assuming interest at the rate of 3 per cent.	Excess of the annual receipts over the annual establishment and maintenance charges.*	Profit or loss.
Year.	Amount.				
1	2	3	4	5	6
	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.	Rs.
1912-13	46,48,588	1,85,944	29,546	2,53,531	+38,041

* Note.—General charges on account of the supervision of the Lights by the Principal Port Officer, Burma, and by other Administrative Officers of the Government, also the cost of pensions to the establishment, are not included in the charges incorporated in this statement.

J. F. GRUNING,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 10th October 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 836.—The services of Major W. T. Barry, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

LONDON GAZETTE.

No. 837.—The following extracts are published for general information:—
"London Gazette," dated the 16th September 1913, page 6562.

War Office,
16th September 1913.

MEMORANDA.

Sardar Abdul Rahman Khan, Effendi, to be granted the honorary rank of Lieutenant. Dated 17th September 1913.

"London Gazette," dated the 19th September 1913, pages 6631 and 6634.

War Office,

19th September 1913.

The KING has been graciously pleased to approve of the following promotion in the Army :—

REVERT.

Major James Alban Wilson, D.S.O., Indian Army, to be Lieutenant-Colonel, in recognition of his able conduct of operations against the Totok and Chinlong group of villages in the Naga Hills. Dated 27th March 1913.

India Office,

September 19, 1913.

The KING has approved of the resignation of the service by the undermentioned officer of the Indian Army :—

Lieutenant John Lewis Carr. Dated 10th September 1913.

PROMOTIONS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 838.—Consequent on the grant of combined leave to Lieutenant-Colonel R. R. Vaughan, Indian Army, Cantonment Magistrate, 2nd Grade, the following promotion is notified :—

Lieutenant-Colonel N. T. Parker, Cantonment Magistrate, 3rd Grade, to be officiating Cantonment Magistrate, 2nd Grade; with effect from the 1st May 1913.

No. 839.—Major W. C. S. Prince, Indian Army, Cantonment Magistrate, 3rd Grade, officiated as Cantonment Magistrate, 2nd Grade, from 11th August 1913 to 17th September 1913 (both days inclusive), owing to the absence on privilege leave of Lieutenant-Colonel H. de V. Harvest, Indian Army, Cantonment Magistrate, 2nd Grade.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 840.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major to be Lieutenant-Colonel.

Arthur John Netherton Harward, 48th Pioneers,—5th October 1913.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 841.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Assistant Surgeons, having completed seven years' service in that class, to be 1st Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 17th September 1913 :—

Reginald Henry Willick Hart.	} Supernumerary, 1st Class.
William George St. John Hussey.	
Walter Arthur Clifford Netscher	
Charles Mullins.	
Donald Day Stewart.	
Hugh Norman Stewart.	

Bombay Establishment.

No. 842.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Assistant Surgeons, having completed seven years' service in that class, to be 1st Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 17th September 1913 :—

Robert George Ives.
Claude Cyril Kelly.

No. 843.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Assistant Surgeons having completed seven years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Assistant Surgeons, with effect from the 27th September 1913 :—

Hubert Felix DePenning.
Stanislaus George Smyth.
Lionel Vivian O'Brien Easdon.
William Hugh Maher.
Hermann Frank Otto.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 844.—The undermentioned 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 1st October 1913:—

No. 1115, Ishar Singh (E).

No. 845.—The undermentioned 3rd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, having completed five years' service in that class and passed the required departmental examination, to be 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon, with effect from the 1st October 1913:—

No. 1288, Gur-dayal Singh (E).

No. 845.—In Army Department Notification No. 825, dated the 3rd October 1913, for "15th September 1913," read "16th September 1913."

(E) Passed in English.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 847.—The following promotions are made:—

and Queen Victoria's Own Sappers and Miners.

Subadar Govindaraju, *Bahadur*, to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Ramasami (I) to be Subadar and Havildar Govindasami to be Jemadar, *vice* Alexander, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 9th October 1913.

7th Duke of Connaught's Own Rajputs.

Subadar Shiuatbar Singh to be Subadar-Major, Jemadar Ahibaran Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Gopal Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Adhar Singh, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st August 1913.

83rd Wallajahbad Light Infantry.

Jemadar Muhammad Azam to be Subadar and Havildar-Major Abdul Azim to be Jemadar, *vice* Fakir Ahmad, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st August 1913.

127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Jemadar Sultan Ali to be Subadar, *vice* Ali Haidar, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st September 1913.

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 848.—No. 1174, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Kehar Singh is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 17th September 1913.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 849.—Captain Henry Law Harkness, Supply and Transport Corps, has been transferred by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to the Temporary Half-Pay List, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 12th October 1913.

No. 850.—Lieutenant William Frank Heyland, 127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry, has been transferred by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to the Permanent Half-Pay List, subject to His Majesty's approval; with effect from the 12th October 1913.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

1st Punjab Volunteer Rifles.

No. 851.—Arthur Thurston to be Captain, *vice* I. W. Seymour, transferred to the Supernumerary List. Dated the 1st April 1913.

1st Battalion, Calcutta Volunteer Rifles.

No. 852.—Captain George Anderson resigns his commission. Dated the 14th September 1913.

Allahabad Volunteer Rifles.

No. 853.—Lieutenant-Colonel James Farquharson MacLaren, V.D., M.B., I.M.S. (retired), Medical Officer, resigns his commission. Dated the 18th August 1913.

Naini Tal Volunteer Rifles.

No. 854.—Major Ernest Horatio Ashworth resigns his commission. Dated the 1st September 1913.

Eastern Bengal State Railway Volunteer Rifles.

No. 855.—Captain Geoffrey Berkley Barton resigns his commission. Dated the 1st October 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, Major-General,

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 10th October 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 78.—Engineer S. J. Fenner, Royal Indian Marine, is appointed Engineer for Superintending the work in ships, Bombay Dockyard, *vice* Engineer E. S. Borner, Royal Indian Marine; with effect from the 26th September 1913.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, Major-General,

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.**(RAILWAY BOARD.)****NOTIFICATIONS.**

Simla, the 10th October, 1913.

No. 276.—In pursuance of sub-section (1) of section 135 of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and in continuation of the Notification of the Government of India in the Railway Department, No. 27, dated the 16th January 1913, the Governor General in Council is pleased to declare that the Administration of the Oudh and Rohilkhand Railway shall be liable to pay in aid of the funds of the local authority set out in the Schedule here-to annexed the tax specified in the second column thereof.

SCHEDULE.

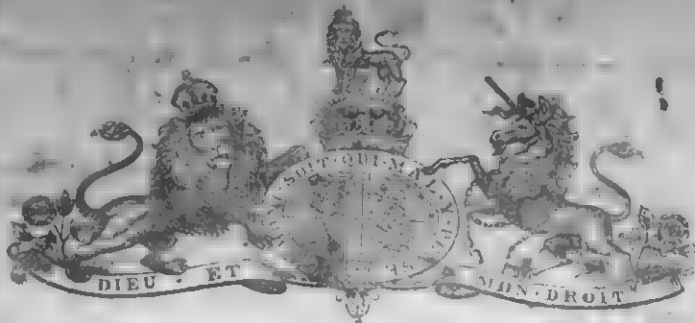
Local Authority.	Tax.
1	2
Cawnpore Cantonment	Compound tax.

No. 277.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned the construction, by the agency of the Eastern Bengal Railway Administration, of a line of railway on the broad gauge, from the proposed Ishardi station north of the Lower Ganges Bridge now under construction to Serajganj, a length of 49 miles.

This railway will be known as the Sara-Serajganj Railway.

T. RYAN,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.



The Gazette of India

PUBLISHED BY AUTHORITY.

No. 42.

SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 18, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 16th October, 1913.

No. 52.—Whereas by Resolution passed by the Secretary of State for India in Council on the 28th day of July, 1891, the provisions of section 1 of the Government of India Act, 1870 (33 Vict., c. 3), were declared applicable to the tracts known as Angul and the Khondmals in Orissa;

And whereas the Lieutenant-Governor of Bihar and Orissa has proposed to the Governor General in Council a draft of the following Regulation, together with the reasons for proposing the same;

And whereas the Governor General in Council has taken the draft and reasons into consideration, and has approved of the draft and the same received the assent of the Governor General on the 10th day of October, 1913.

In pursuance of the direction contained in the said section, the said Regulation is now published in the Gazette of India and will be published in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette.

REGULATION No. III of 1913.

THE ANGUL LAWS REGULATION, 1913.

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THE SCHEDULE.—ENACTMENTS DECLARED IN FORCE IN THE DISTRICT OF ANGUL OR PART THEREOF.

A regulation to provide for the peace and good government of the Angul District.

WHEREAS it is expedient to consolidate and amend the law providing for the peace and good government of the Angul District in the Orissa Division; It is hereby enacted as follows:—

CHAPTER I.

PRELIMINARY.

1. (1) This Regulation may be called the Short title and com. Angul Laws Regulation, commencement, 1913; and

(2) It shall come into force on such day as the Local Government may, by notification in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette, direct.

2. In this Regulation and in every enactment in force in the district, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context,—

- (a) "accountant" means any person charged with the duty of keeping the accounts of any demand due to the Government and accruing within the district;
- (b) "Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate" includes any Sub-Deputy Collector and Sub-Deputy Magistrate who is specially empowered by the Commissioner to discharge the functions of a Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate;
- (c) "Deputy Commissioner" means the officer in chief executive charge of the district, by whatever other title he may be designated;
- (d) "district" means the district comprising Angul and the area known as the Khondmals;
- (e) "District Court" and "District Judge" means the Court of the Deputy Commissioner and the Deputy Commissioner, respectively;
- (f) "High Court" means, with reference to criminal proceedings against European British subjects or persons jointly charged with such subjects, the High Court of Judicature at Fort William in Bengal; and, in any other case, the Court of the Commissioner;
- (g) "Sub-divisional Officer" means the Officer in charge of a Sub-division of the district; and
- (h) "Superintendent of Police" means the chief officer in charge of the Angul District Police, by whatever other title he may be designated.

Angul Laws.

(Chapter II.—Law applicable in the District.—Sections 3-8. Chapter III.—Constitution and Jurisdiction of Courts.—Sections 9-13.)

CHAPTER II.

LAW APPLICABLE IN THE DISTRICT.

3. (1) So much of each of the enactments specified in the Schedule as is at the commencement of this Regulation in force in the territories to which the enactment generally applies shall, in the form in which it is for the time being so in force, be deemed to be in force in the district, or in such part thereof as is mentioned in the 3rd column of the said Schedule, subject to any modifications made by this Regulation.

(2) An enactment not comprised in the Schedule shall not be deemed to be in force in any part of this district, unless it is expressed by special mention of the district of Angul or any part of that district to extend thereto or is, after the commencement of this Regulation, declared in force therein or extended thereto in exercise of the powers conferred by section 5 of this Regulation or by any other enactment for the time being in force in the district.

Explanation.—Enactments not comprised in the Schedule, and not declared in force or extended as aforesaid, shall not be deemed to be in force in the district or any part thereof merely on the ground that they are referred to in some enactment which is so in force.

4. Subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, the Local Government may, by notification in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette, declare that any enactment which is comprised in the Schedule shall no longer be in force in the district; and, on the publication of such notification, such enactment shall be repealed in the said district.

5. Subject to the control of the Governor General in Council, the Local Government may, by notification in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette, declare that any enactment not comprised in the Schedule shall be in force in the district or any part thereof, and on the publication of such notification, such enactment shall be deemed to be comprised in the Schedule.

6. For the purpose of facilitating the application of any enactment for the time being in force in the district, any Court may construe such enactment with such alterations, not affecting the substance thereof, as may be necessary or proper to adapt it to the matter before the Court.

7. Notwithstanding anything in this Regulation, proceedings when not comprised in the Schedule, no finding, sentence, judgment, decree or order of any Court shall be reversed, set aside or modified on appeal, revision or other-

wise, by reason of any irregularity in procedure, unless such irregularity has, in the opinion of the Court, caused a failure of justice.

8. Any person liable to be imprisoned in any prison in the district or to be transported, under any order or sentence passed by any officer or Court duly empowered under this Regulation, may be confined in any prison in British India, or may be transported to any place which the Local Government may select.

CHAPTER III.

CONSTITUTION AND JURISDICTION OF COURTS.

9. The district shall be divided, for Civil, Criminal and Revenue purposes, into the Sadr or Angul sub-division and the Khondmals sub-division.

10. There shall be the following Courts in the district, and they shall be subject to the general superintendence and control of the Local Government:—

- (1) the Court of the Honorary Magistrate or Bench of Magistrates;
- (2) the Court of the Sub-Deputy Collector and Sub-Deputy Magistrate;
- (3) the Court of the Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate;
- (4) the Courts of the Sub-divisional officers of Angul and of the Khondmals;
- (5) the Court of the Deputy Commissioner; and
- (6) the Court of the Commissioner.

11. The Local Government may establish any other Court and may invest it with such powers as it may prescribe to be exercised in the district.

12. (1) The immediate control and supervision of the Court of the Deputy Commissioner and of any other Court of equal or similar powers that may hereafter be established in accordance with the provisions of section 11 shall be vested in, and every such Court shall be subordinate to, the Court of the Commissioner.

(2) The immediate control and supervision of the Courts mentioned in clauses (1) to (4) of section 10 and of any other similar Court that may hereafter be established under section 11, shall be vested in, and all such Courts shall be subordinate to, the Court of the Deputy Commissioner.

13. The Local Government may, by notification in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette, define the local limits of the jurisdiction and the powers of any Court constituted under this Regulation, or of any officer of the Government employed in the district.

*Angul Laws.**(Chapter III—Constitution and Jurisdiction of Courts.—Section 14.)*

14. (1) The Courts mentioned in section 10 shall ordinarily have the powers specified in the following table :—

Name of Court.	Revenue powers.	Criminal powers.	Civil powers.
1	2	3	4
I.—The Court of the Honorary Magistrate or Bench of Magistrates. V of 1898.	...	The ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the third class, as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	.....
II.—The Court of the Sub-Collector and Sub-Deputy Magistrate. V of 1898.	Powers corresponding to those of a Deputy Collector under any law for the time being in force in the district.	The ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the second class, as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	.....
III.—The Court of the Deputy Collector and Deputy Magistrate. V of 1898.	Powers corresponding to those of a Deputy Collector under any law for the time being in force in the district.	The ordinary powers of a Magistrate of the second class, as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	Powers corresponding to those of a Civil Court, under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, to try original civil suits of which the value does not exceed one hundred rupees.
IV.—The Courts of the Sub-divisional Officers of Angul and of the Khondwals. V of 1898.	Ditto.	The Ordinary powers of a Sub-divisional Magistrate of the first class, as defined in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	Powers corresponding to those of a Civil Court, under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, to try original civil suits of which the value does not exceed five hundred rupees.
V.—The Court of the Deputy Commissioner. V of 1898.	Powers corresponding to those of a Collector under any law for the time being in force in the district.	The ordinary powers of a District Magistrate and of a Sessions Judge, under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	Powers of a Court of Small Causes under the Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887; the limit of powers in each case to be fixed by the Local Government.
VI.—The Court of the Commissioner. V of 1898.	Powers corresponding to those of a Commissioner and of the Board of Revenue under any law for the time being in force in the district.	The ordinary powers of a High Court, under the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, except in regard to criminal proceedings against European British subjects or persons jointly charged with European British subjects.	Powers corresponding to those of a High Court under the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908.

*Angul Laws.**(Chapter IV.—Administration of Criminal Justice.—Sections 15-28.)*

(2) The Local Government may, by notification in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette,—

- (a) confer upon any Court mentioned in column 1 of the foregoing table any further powers in addition to those specified in respect of such Court in that table, or
- (b) authorize the Board of Revenue to exercise supervision and control over any such Court in all or any matters relating to revenue.

CHAPTER IV.

ADMINISTRATION OF CRIMINAL JUSTICE.

15. The district shall be a sessions division, the Court of the Deputy Commissioner shall be the Court of Session, and the Deputy Commissioner shall be the Judge of that Court.

16. As Sessions Judge the Deputy Commissioner may take cognizance of any offence as a Court of original jurisdiction without the accused person being committed to him for trial by a Magistrate, and, when so taking cognizance of an offence, shall, subject to the provisions of this Regulation, follow the procedure prescribed by the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, for the trial of warrant cases by Magistrates.

V of 1898.

17. A trial before a Court of Session may be without a jury or the aid of assessors.

18. (1) The police-officer of highest rank present at a police-station shall be deemed to be the officer in charge of such police-station.

(2) Any police-officer may exercise the powers conferred, by section 55 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, on an officer in charge of a police-station.

V of 1898.

19. (1) Notwithstanding anything contained in section 57 or section 61 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, an officer in charge of a police-station may detain a person arrested without warrant for such time as in all the circumstances of the case is reasonable.

V of 1898.

(2) When such officer of his own authority detains any such person in custody for a longer period than twenty-four hours, exclusive of the time necessary for the journey from the place of arrest to the nearest Magistrate's Court, he shall, in the report prescribed by section 62 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, state his reasons for prolonging the detention of such person, and, where the detention extends beyond three days, shall submit further reports of the reasons therefor at such intervals as the Magistrate to whom the report under section 62 was submitted may, by general or special order, direct.

V of 1898.

20. Nothing in the first paragraph of sub-section (f) of section 162 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, shall be construed to apply to a statement made to a police-officer who is also a Magistrate.

V of 1898.

21. Notwithstanding anything in any law for the time being in force, a prosecution for an offence against the State, or for the offence of giving false evidence in respect of a statement made by a person who has accepted a tender of pardon, may be entertained upon complaint made by order of, or under authority from, the Deputy Commissioner.

22. Any Magistrate tendering a pardon to an accomplice under section 337 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, may, notwithstanding anything contained in that section, try the case himself.

V of 1898.

23. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, the period of limitation for an appeal from any sentence or order in any criminal case shall be thirty days from the date of such sentence or order.

IX of 1908.

24. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, no appeal shall lie in any case in which the Deputy Commissioner, exercising the powers of a District Magistrate or of a Court of Session, passes a sentence of imprisonment for a term not exceeding three months, or of fine not exceeding one hundred rupees, or of whipping only.

V of 1898.

25. Where an offence referred to in section 195 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, is committed before the presiding officer of a Criminal Court, or in contempt of his authority, or is brought to his notice in the course of a judicial proceeding, he may himself try for such offence the person accused thereof.

V of 1898.

26. Notwithstanding anything contained in section 495 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, any Court may allow any police-officer to conduct a prosecution.

V of 1898.

27. Any Court may, for reasons stated in writing, refuse to exercise, in the manner mentioned in sub-section (9) of section 520 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, the power of postponement or adjournment given by section 344 of that Code.

V of 1898.

28. In the case of any proceeding the record of which has been called for and examined by himself, or which has been reported for orders under section 435 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, or which otherwise comes to his knowledge, the Deputy Commissioner or the Commissioner may, in his discretion, exercise any of the powers conferred on a Court of appeal

V of 1898.

Angul Laws.

(Chapter IV.—Administration of Criminal Justice.—Section 29. Chapter V.—Administration of Civil Justice.—Sections 30-36.)

by sections 195, 423, 426, 427 and 428 of that Code, and may, for sufficient reasons to be recorded, enhance the sentence:

Provided that—

- (1) no order under this section shall be made to the prejudice of the accused, unless he has had an opportunity of being heard in his defence;
- (2) nothing in this section shall apply to an entry made under section 273 of that Code, or shall be deemed to authorize the conversion of a finding of acquittal into one of conviction.

29. Nothing in this Chapter with respect to procedure in inquiries or trials, or with respect to sentences or appeals therefrom, or the period of limitation for such appeals or to the enhancement or execution of sentences, shall be construed to affect the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1908, or of the Indian Limitation Act, 1908, in its application to European British subjects or to persons jointly charged with such subjects.

V of 1908.
IX of 1908.

CHAPTER V.

ADMINISTRATION OF CIVIL JUSTICE.

30. (1) When in any civil proceeding it is necessary to decide any question regarding succession, inheritance, pre-emption, caste, special property of females, betrothal, marriage, adoption, guardianship, minority, bastardy, family relationship, wills, legacies, gifts, partitions or any other religious or social usage or institution,

the Buddhist law, in cases where the parties are Buddhists, the Muhammadan law, in cases where the parties are Muhammadans, and the Hindu law, in cases where the parties are Hindus, shall form the rule of decision,

except in so far as such law has, by any enactment in force in the district, been amended or abolished, or is opposed to any custom having the force of law in the district.

(2) In cases not provided for by sub-section (1), or by any other law for the time being in force, the Court shall act according to justice, equity and good conscience.

31. In any suit instituted after the commencement of this Regulation,—

- (a) interest on any debt or liability for a period exceeding one year shall not be decreed at a higher rate than two per cent per mensem, notwithstanding any agreement to the contrary, and no compound interest arising from any adjustment of account which is not final, or from any claim by bond, decree or otherwise, which has been increased on renewal without the passing of fresh consideration, shall be decreed; and,

- (b) the total interest decreed on any loan or debt shall not exceed one-fourth of the principal sum, if the period be not more than one year, and shall not in any other case exceed the principal of the original loan or debt.

32. The Court may at any time, of its own motion, for reasons to be recorded in writing, refer any matter arising in any suit to the arbitration of any village Panchayat which has been vested by the Deputy Commissioner with powers in this behalf.

Reference by Court to arbitration. 33. Where any suit involves—

- (a) the examination or adjustment of accounts, or
- (b) questions of pedigree or local caste, or of local or family custom, or
- (c) any other question of family law,

the Court may, of its own motion or on the application of any of the parties, and after recording its reasons in writing, refer to arbitration any matter of difference between the parties.

34. Notwithstanding anything contained in Bar to arbitration in certain cases, and limitation of awards. Schedule II of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908—

- (a) no matter in which any settlement proceeding or any interest of the Government is involved shall be referred to arbitration;
- (b) no award which is contrary to any of the provisions of this Regulation, shall have any effect.

35. (1) Whenever any matter is referred to arbitration, under section 33 or under the Second Schedule to the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, three arbitrators shall be appointed; namely, one by the plaintiff, one by the defendant, and one by the Court.

(2) The Court shall consider any objection that may be made by the plaintiff or the defendant to any appointment within seven days from the date of such appointment, and may, if it thinks fit, direct that a fresh appointment be made.

36. Subject to the modifications contained in Application of Second Schedule of Code of Civil Procedure, 1908. sections 32 to 35, the provisions of the Second Schedule of the Code of Civil Procedure, 1908, shall, so far as may be, apply to all references to arbitration made in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation.

V of 1908.

V of 1908.

V of 1908.

*Angul Laws.**(Chapter V.—Administration of Civil Justice.—Sections 37-39. Chapter VI.—Recovery of Public Demands.—Sections 40-45.)*

37. The Crown shall be presumed, until the Use and control of contrary is proved, to be rivers, etc. entitled to the exclusive use and control of—

- (a) the water of all rivers and streams flowing in natural channels,
- (b) all natural collections of water, and
- (c) all tanks and irrigation-embankments belonging to, or constructed wholly or in part by or at the expense of, the Government,

within the district.

38. (1) An original decree or order made by the Court of a Sub-divisional Officer in any civil or revenue suit, the value of which does not exceed fifty rupees, shall, subject to the provisions of this Regulation with respect to revision, be final.

(2) From every other decree or order made by the Court of a Sub-divisional Officer, and from every decree or order made in any civil or revenue suit by any other Court subordinate to the Court of the Deputy Commissioner, an appeal shall lie to the Court of the Deputy Commissioner.

(3) An original decree or order made by the Court of a Deputy Commissioner in any civil or revenue suit, the value of which does not exceed five hundred rupees, shall, subject to the provisions of this Regulation with respect to revision, be final.

(4) From every other original decree or order made by the Court of a Deputy Commissioner in any civil or revenue suit, an appeal shall lie to the Court of the Commissioner.

(5) Save as provided by sub-section (6), and subject to the provisions of this Regulation with respect to revision, every appellate decree or order of the Court of the Deputy Commissioner in any civil or revenue suit shall be final.

(6) An appeal from an appellate decree or order of the Court of the Deputy Commissioner in a civil or revenue suit, the value of which exceeds one thousand rupees, and in which the Deputy Commissioner has reversed or modified the orders of the Lower Court, shall lie to the Court of the Commissioner.

39. The Commissioner or the Deputy Commissioner may, of his own motion or otherwise, call for the record of any civil or revenue case decided by any Court under his control and supervision, and may pass such order thereon as he may think fit.

CHAPTER VI.

RECOVERY OF PUBLIC DEMANDS.

40. Whenever—
Certificate that public demand is in arrear.

- (1) any sum due to the Government, or

(b) any rent due to a sarbarakar who, under the terms of the settlement made with him, has previously paid the amount thereof to the Government, or

(c) any plough-contribution due to a sardar or mutha malik who has previously paid the amount thereof to the Government,

remains unpaid on the date next following that on which payment is due, the accountant shall certify in writing to the Sub-divisional Officer the fact of the arrear and the amount due.

41. (1) On receipt of any such certificate the Sub-divisional Officer may, after making such inquiry as he thinks fit, and if he be satisfied that the demand specified in the certificate or any part thereof is justly due, issue a notice to the defaulter ordering him within a given time,—

(a) to pay the amount specified in the notice, or

(b) to appear before him and state any objection he may have to paying such amount, or any part thereof.

(2) When any objection is made under clause (b) of sub-section (1), the Sub-divisional Officer shall, after making such inquiry as may be necessary, determine the same.

42. The Sub-divisional Officer may recover any amount ascertained to be due in accordance with the provisions of section 41, together with all cost of realizing the same by attachment and sale of any property belonging to the defaulter.

43. (1) The Sub-divisional Officer shall not proceed against any immovable property of a raiyat, unless and until he has satisfied himself that the raiyat has no moveable property by the sale of which the sum due from him can be realized.

(2) Before any immovable property of a raiyat is sold under the provisions of this Chapter, the case shall be reported for the orders of the Deputy Commissioner. On receipt of such report, the Deputy Commissioner may,

(a) order the sale of such property, or

(b) attach such property and make such arrangements as he thinks fit to liquidate the debt.

44. All the proceedings of a Sub-divisional Officer under this Chapter shall be subject to revision by the Deputy Commissioner and by the Commissioner who may set aside or modify the orders of the said Sub-divisional Officer in any way he thinks fit; but there shall be no appeal as a matter of right, to either of the said officers.

45. Every Sub-divisional Officer shall keep, in such form as may from time to time be prescribed by the Commissioner, a register of his proceedings under this Chapter; and every payment made by any defaulter shall be duly entered in such register.

Angul Laws.

(Chapter VII.—Police.—Sections 46-50.)

CHAPTER VII.

POLICE.

46. Subject to the approval of the Deputy Commissioner, the Superintendent of Police may, after consulting the house-holders of any village, appoint any person to be a village-chaukidar, and may, for any misconduct or neglect of duty, dismiss any village-chaukidar.

Power to appoint and dismiss village chaukidars.

47. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may, from time to time by written order,—

(a) declare any local area or group of dwellings to be a village for the purposes of this Chapter, and

(b) direct each house-holder of the village to make a monthly or annual payment, in money or in grain, or in both, of such amount as may be fixed by the Deputy Commissioner, after consulting such house-holders, to defray the cost of the salary and uniform of the village-chaukidar.

(2) The said payments shall be made to the headman, sarbarakar or other person appointed by the Deputy Commissioner in this behalf.

(3) It shall be the duty of the person so appointed to see that the said payments are punctually made, and duly to account for the same; and the Deputy Commissioner may impose a fine not exceeding ten rupees on any person who neglects to perform such duty.

(4) All arrears of the said payments may be realized from the said house-holders, under the written order of the Deputy Commissioner in each case, by sale of the defaulter's moveable property.

(5) The Deputy Commissioner may authorize the Sub-divisional Officer to exercise all or any of his powers under this section.

Penalty for village-chaukidar withdrawing from his duties, etc.

48. Every village-chaukidar who—

(a) withdraws from the duties of his office without the express permission of the Superintendent of Police or of some officer duly authorized by him to grant such permission, or

(b) resigns his office without the permission of the Superintendent of Police, unless he has given at least two months' notice of his intention to resign, or

(c) is guilty of cowardice, shall be liable, on conviction before a Magistrate, to a fine not exceeding ten rupees.

Provided that no prosecution shall be instituted against any village-chaukidar under this section without the previous sanction of the Deputy Commissioner.

49. Any village-chaukidar who is guilty of any wilful misconduct in his office or neglect of his duty,

Power to fine village-chaukidars delinquent.

such misconduct or neglect not being an offence within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code, or of section 48, and not being of so grave a character as, in the opinion of the Superintendent of Police, to require his dismissal from his office,

shall be liable, under the orders of such Superintendent, to a fine not exceeding three rupees.

50. Every village-chaukidar appointed under this Regulation shall perform the following duties, namely:—

(i) he shall give immediate information to the officer in charge of the police-station within the limits of which the village of which he is a chaukidar is situated, of all the matters specified in section 45 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, V of 1898, which may occur within such village or which may come to his notice otherwise;

(ii) he shall keep the police informed of all disputes which are likely to lead to any riot or serious affray;

(iii) he shall arrest—

all proclaimed offenders and escaped convicts,

all persons whom he may find in the act of committing any of the offences specified in section 45 of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898, and

V of 1898.

any person against whom a reasonable suspicion exists of his having been concerned in any offence so specified, whether such offence has been or is being committed within or outside his village;

(iv) he shall observe, and, from time to time, report to the officer in charge of the police-station within the limits of which such village is situated,—

the movements of all bad characters in such village,

the movements of any other person who may be lurking in such village without any ostensible means of subsistence, or who cannot give a satisfactory account of himself;

(v) he shall report to the officer in charge of the said police-station the arrival of any suspicious characters or vagrants or wandering gangs in the neighbourhood;

(vi) he shall present himself at the said police-station at such intervals as the Deputy Commissioner may direct;

(vii) he shall supply any local information which the Deputy Commissioner or the Superintendent of Police may require; and

Angul Laws.

(Chapter VII.—Police.—Sections 51-54. Chapter VIII.—Registration of Documents.—Sections 55-58.)

(viii) he shall obey the orders of the Deputy Commissioner and of the Superintendent of Police with respect to—

- the place where he is to reside,
- keeping watch in the village, and
- other matters connected with his duties as village-chaukidar.

51. Whenever a village-chaukidar arrests any person, he shall forthwith take the person so arrested to the police-station within the limits of which the village of which he is a chaukidar is situated:

Provided that, if the arrest is made at night, such person may be so taken as soon as convenient on the following morning.

52. An appeal shall lie to the Deputy Commissioner from every order of the Superintendent of Police punishing a village-chaukidar with fine or dismissal; and, subject to the general power of revision of the Commissioner, the order which the Deputy Commissioner may pass on such appeal shall be final.

V of 1861,
Ben. Act VII
of 1869.

53. The district shall be deemed to be a general police-district within the meaning of the Police Act, 1861, as modified by the Bengal Police Act, 1869; and, except in so far as the Local Government otherwise directs, the Commissioner shall exercise in it all powers and authorities conferred on an Inspector-General of Police.

54. (1) The Local Government may make rules—

- (a) to regulate the appointment, and to prescribe additional duties, of village-chaukidars,
- (b) to regulate the grant of rewards to village-chaukidars, village officers and panchayats,
- (c) to prescribe the duties and powers of sarbarakars, sardars, mutha waliks and other village head-men, and members of panchayats, as officers of police,
- (d) to prescribe the manner in which village-officers shall watch and inspect bad characters, and
- (e) to prescribe penalties for the breach of rules made under clause (c) or clause (d) of this section.

(2) The penalties prescribed under clause (e) may be fine extending to fifty rupees or imprisonment extending to three months, or both.

CHAPTER VIII.

REGISTRATION OF DOCUMENTS.

55. (1) The Sub-divisional Officer of Angul and the Sub-divisional Officer of the Khondmals shall be *ex officio* Sub-Registrars of their respective sub-divisions:

Provided that the Deputy Commissioner may, with the approval of the Commissioner, direct any other gazetted officer to perform the duties of Sub-Registrar of either sub-division instead of the Sub-divisional Officer; and any officer to whom such a direction is given, shall thereupon be a Sub-Registrar *ex officio*.

(2) The Local Government may appoint such other persons as it thinks proper to be Sub-Registrars for the sub-divisions of the district, or for any part of them.

(3) Every Sub-Registrar shall be deemed to be a public servant within the meaning of the Indian Penal Code.

XLV of 18

56. (1) The Deputy Commissioner shall be *ex officio* Registrar of the district; and all Sub-Registrars appointed by or under section 55 shall be subject to his general control and superintendence.

(2) The Deputy Commissioner may, by order in writing, delegate his powers as Registrar during his absence from head-quarters to any Sub-Registrar.

57. All documents may be registered at the option of the parties by or in whose favour such documents are executed; but the Local Government may, by notification in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette, declare, with respect to documents of any class described in such notification,—

- (a) that documents of that class executed on or after a date to be prescribed by the said notification, and purporting or operating to create, declare, assign or extinguish, whether in present or in future, any right, title or interest, whether vested or contingent to or in immoveable property situate in any part of the district specified in the notification, shall be registered in accordance with the provisions of this Regulation, and
- (b) that no such document shall affect any property comprised or referred to therein, or shall be received in evidence of any transaction affecting such property unless it has been so registered.

58. (1) The Local Government may make rules to regulate the registration of documents under this Regulation.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing provisions, the Local Government may make rules—

- (a) to define the time, place and mode of presenting documents for registration;
- (b) to regulate the duties and powers of registering officers and of the Deputy Commissioner as *ex officio* Registrar, and to specify the cases in which those officers may enforce the appearance of executants and witnesses; and

*Angul Laws.**(Chapter IX.—Landlord and Tenant.—Sections 59-67.)*

(c) to fix the fees payable for registration, searches and copies, and the time when fees shall be payable.

(3) All such rules shall be published in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette.

(4) The provisions of sections 81 and 82 of the Indian Registration Act, 1908, regarding offences by registering officers and other persons, shall, so far as they can be made applicable, apply to like offences when committed with respect to the registration of documents under this Regulation.

CHAPTER IX.

LANDLORD AND TENANT.

59. In this Chapter, the word "raiyyat," as used with reference to any land, includes a village sarbarakar as regards land possessed and cultivated by him.

60. No Court shall enforce or recognize any contract which affects the rent payable by a raiyyat for his holding—

(a) where there has been a settlement, by enhancing the rent recorded at such settlement or by making such rent payable in a manner different from that recorded at the settlement, or

(b) where there has been no settlement, by enhancing the rent to an amount exceeding that which the Court considers fair and equitable,

unless the contract or agreement has been made with the written permission of the Deputy Commissioner.

61. (1) No transfer or charge (whether permanent or temporary) by a tenant-holder or raiyyat of his right in his tenure or holding or any portion thereof, whether by mortgage, lease, sale, gift, exchange or otherwise, shall be valid unless it is made with the written consent of the Deputy Commissioner.

(2) No transfer or charge in contravention of sub-section (1) shall be registered, or shall be in any way recognized as valid by any Court, in the exercise of civil or revenue jurisdiction.

(3) If any tenant-holder or raiyyat transfers his right in his tenure or holding or any portion thereof in contravention of sub-section (1), the Deputy Commissioner may, in his discretion, eject the person in possession of the land in respect of which such transfer was made, and may either—

(a) restore the land to the tenant who transferred it, or to any of his heirs, or

(b) re-settle the land with another tenant.

Explanation.—For the purpose of this sub-section a mortgage with possession shall be deemed to be a transfer.

(4) No suit shall be maintainable in any Court in respect of such ejectment; but an appeal shall lie to the Commissioner if presented within three months from the date of the order of ejectment, and his decision shall be final:

Provided that nothing in this section shall affect the validity of any transfer of a raiyyat's right in his holding or any portion thereof made in the Khondmals sub-division, before the first day of January, 1897.

62. No decree or order shall be passed by any Court for the sale of the raiyyat's right under right of a raiyyat in his holding, nor shall any such right be sold in execution of any decree or order: Provided that:—

(a) any holding may, subject to the restrictions imposed by section 43, be sold, in execution of a decree of a competent Court, to recover an arrear of rent which has accrued in respect of the holding;

(b) nothing in this section shall prevent the sale of a holding under Chapter VI, and

(c) in the Khondmals sub-division, nothing in this section shall affect the right to execute a decree for sale of a holding passed, or the terms or conditions of any contract registered, before the first day of January, 1905.

63. If a raiyyat surrenders or abandons his holding, the Deputy Commissioner may, in his discretion, settle the holding with any heir or relation of such raiyyat, or with any other raiyyat.

64. A tenant shall not be ejected from his tenure or holding without an order of the Deputy Commissioner.

65. With the previous sanction of the Commissioner, the Deputy Commissioner may delegate all or any of his powers under this Chapter to the Sub-divisional Officer.

66. All proceedings of the Deputy Commissioner or Sub-divisional Officer under this Chapter shall be subject to revision by the Commissioner.

67. The Local Government may make rules—

(a) to provide for the recording of changes occurring in tenancies in the Angul Sub-division, and the conduct of inquiries respecting such changes;

(b) to regulate the conduct of inquiries respecting changes in tenancies in the Khondmals Sub-division;

(c) to prescribe the duties of sardars, mutha maliks and heads of villages as to reporting changes in tenancies;

(d) to regulate the maintenance of survey and settlement records;

(e) to prescribe the duties of village sarbarakars, kanungos and revising officers;

Angul Laws.

[Chapter X.—Sanitation.—Section 68. Chapter XI.—Miscellaneous.—Sections 69-75.]

(f) to guide the Deputy Commissioner or Sub-divisional Officer in the exercise of any of his powers under this Chapter; and

(g) to prescribe a penalty which may extend to a fine of one hundred rupees for the breach of any rule made under clauses (a), (b), (c), (d), and (e) of this section.

CHAPTER X.

SANITATION.

68. (1) The Local Government may, by notification in the Bihar and Orissa Gazette, declare that any area specified in such notification shall be subject to Sanitary and Municipal control, and may make rules to provide for such control.

(2) Such rules may provide for—

(i) preventing nuisances affecting the public health, safety or convenience;

(ii) regulating the disposal of night-soil, the contents of privies, drains and cesspools, offensive matter, carcasses of animals and rubbish, and the management of privies, drains and cesspools;

(iii) regulating cremations and burials and the disposal of corpses;

(iv) regulating the use of, and preventing nuisances in regard to, public water-supply, bathing and washing places, rivers, streams, reservoirs, tanks and wells;

(v) regulating traffic on roads, and preventing obstructions, encroachments and nuisances on or near roads;

(vi) preventing damage to, or encroachment on, public lands or grounds;

and may provide that the breach of any such rule shall be punishable with fine which may extend to twenty rupees.

CHAPTER XI.

MISCELLANEOUS.

69. (1) The Deputy Commissioner may require, or authorize any Sub-divisional Officer to require, any proprietor, farmer, rent collector, sarbarakar, sardar, mutha malik or occupier of land,

(a) to furnish such information, accounts and documents as he may be capable of furnishing, and

(b) to supply provisions and labour at market rates for the use of troops and officers of the Government marching in or through the district on the public service.

(2) Any such person failing to comply with any such requisition shall be punishable with fine which may extend to one hundred rupees.

(3) Any person aggrieved by any order of the Deputy Commissioner under this section may appeal to the Commissioner, whose orders shall be final.

70. (1) Whenever any property is sold by public auction by or under the orders of a public servant competent to cause the sale of such property, the auction-purchaser of such property shall be bound to pay the amount for which such property is sold, at such time and at such place as may be notified at the time of sale, and shall be bound to conform to all the conditions under which the sale is made.

(2) If the auction-purchaser fails to pay the amount for which the property is sold, at such time or place as is notified at the time of sale, or fails to comply with any of the conditions under which the sale is made, the officer by or under whose orders the property is sold may direct the re-sale of such property.

(3) Such re-sale shall be made at the risk of the auction-purchaser at the first sale; and the difference between any bid made by him and the proceeds of the second sale rendered necessary in consequence of his default shall be recoverable from him, together with all costs incurred, as a sum due to the Government.

Explanation.—The expression "public servant," as used in this section, has the same meaning as in the Indian Penal Code.

71. The Deputy Commissioner may, with the sanction of the Commissioner, make rules to regulate the writing of petitions and the conduct of cases in his Court and in the Courts subordinate to him.

72. The Local Government may make rules to prohibit, restrict or regulate the appearance of legal practitioners in cases arising in the district.

73. Notwithstanding anything contained in the Court-fees Act, 1870, the presiding officer of any Court may, in special cases, by an order in writing and for reasons to be recorded therein, exempt any document from the payment of such fees.

74. Notwithstanding any thing contained in the Indian Oaths Act, 1873, any form of oath or solemn affirmation which is common amongst, or is held binding by, the persons of the race or persuasion to which any witness in, or party to, any judicial proceeding (not being the accused in any criminal proceeding) belongs, and is not repugnant to justice or decency, and does not purport to affect any third person, may be administered to such witness or party.

75. The Angul District Regulation, 1894, and 1 of 1904, the Angul District (Amendment) Regulation, 1904, are hereby repealed.

Auction-sale and liability of auction-purchasers.

Control of agents and petition-writers.

Legal practitioners.

Power of Court to grant exemption from payment of Court-fees.

Oath or solemn affirmation.

Repeal.

XLV of 1894

VII of 1870

X of 1873

IV of 1906

*Angul Laws.**(The Schedule.)*

THE SCHEDULE.

(See section 3.)

ENACTMENTS DECLARED IN FORCE IN THE DISTRICT OF ANGUL OR PART THEREOF.

1	2	3
Number and year.	Short title.	Places in which in force.

PART I.—Bengal Regulations.

II of 1798 (section 7 and clause tenth of section 8).	The Bengal Land-revenue Regulation, 1798.	The whole district.
X of 1804 ...	The Bengal State-offences Regulation, 1804.	Ditto.
XI of 1806 ...	The Bengal Troops Transport and Travellers' Assistance Regulation, 1806.	Ditto.
XI of 1812 ...	The Bengal Foreign Immigrants Regulation, 1812.	Ditto.
III of 1818 ...	The Bengal State Prisoners Regulation, 1818.	Ditto.
XI of 1822 (section 38).	The Bengal Government Indemnity Regulation, 1822.	Ditto.
VI of 1825 ...	The Bengal Troops Transport Regulation, 1825.	Ditto.
XVII of 1829	The Bengal Sati Regulation, 1829.	Ditto.

PART II.—Acts of the Governor General of India in Council.

XVIII of 1850	The Judicial Officers' Protection Act, 1850.	The whole district.
XXXIV of 1850	The State Prisoners Act, 1850.	Ditto.
XII of 1855 ...	The Legal Representatives' Suits Act, 1855.	Ditto.
XIII of 1855...	The Indian Fatal Accidents Act, 1855.	Ditto.
XV of 1855 ...	The Hindu Widows' Re-marriage Act, 1855.	Ditto.
XI of 1857 ...	The State Offences Act, 1857.	Ditto.
III of 1858 ...	The State Prisoners Act, 1858.	Ditto.
XLV of 1860...	The Indian Penal Code ...	Ditto.
V of 1861 ...	The Police Act, 1861 ...	Ditto.
LII of 1864 ...	The Foreigners Act, 1864 ...	Ditto.
IV of 1869 ...	The Indian Divorce Act	Ditto.
VII of 1870 ...	The Court-fees Act, 1870 ...	The Angul Sub-division.
I of 1871 ...	The Cattle-trespass Act, 1871	The whole district.
V of 1871 (section 18).	The Prisoners Act, 1871 ...	Ditto.

1	2	3
Number and year.	Short title.	Places in which in force.

PART II.—Acts of the Governor General of India in Council—contd.

I of 1872 ...	The Indian Evidence Act, 1872.	The whole district.
III of 1872 ...	The Special Marriage Act, 1872.	Ditto.
X of 1873 ...	The Indian Oaths Act, 1873	Ditto.
II of 1874 ...	The Administrator General's Act, 1874.	Ditto.
IX of 1874 ...	The European Vagrancy Act, 1874.	Ditto.
XIV of 1874...	The Scheduled Districts Act, 1874.	Ditto.
I of 1878 ...	The Opium Act, 1878 ...	Ditto.
VI of 1878 ...	The Indian Treasure-trove Act, 1878.	Ditto.
VII of 1878 ...	The Indian Forest Act, 1878	Ditto.
VIII of 1878 (sections 144 to 154).	The Sea Customs Act, 1878	Ditto.
XI of 1878 (except section 15).	The Indian Arms Act, 1878	Ditto.
V of 1881 ...	The Probate and Administration Act, 1881.	Ditto.
XIX of 1883...	The Land Improvement Loans Act, 1883.	Ditto.
XIII of 1885...	The Indian Telegraph Act, 1885.	Ditto.
XVIII of 1885	The Land Acquisition (Mines) Act, 1885.	Ditto.
IX of 1887 ...	The Provincial Small Cause Courts Act, 1887.	Ditto.
VII of 1889 ...	The Succession Certificate Act, 1889.	Ditto.
I of 1890 ...	The Revenue Recovery Act, 1890.	Ditto.
VIII of 1890...	The Guardians and Wardes Act, 1890.	Ditto.
XI of 1890 (section 2, except sub-section (2), section 5, so much of section 8 as relates to section 5, and sections 9 and 11.)	The Prevention of Cruelty to Animals Act, 1890.	Ditto.
XIII of 1890 (section 9).	The Excise (Malt Liquors) Act, 1890.	Ditto.
I of 1894 ...	The Land Acquisition Act, 1894.	Ditto.
IX of 1894 ...	The Prisons Act, 1894 ...	Ditto.
III of 1897 ...	The Epidemic Diseases Act, 1897.	Ditto.

*Angul Laws.**(The Schedule.)*THE SCHEDULE—*contd.*

1	2	3	1	2	3
Number and year.	Short title.	Places in which in force.	Number and year.	Short title.	Places in which in force.
PART II.— <i>Acts of the Governor General of India in Council—contd.</i>			PART II.— <i>Acts of the Governor General of India in Council—contd.</i>		
VIII of 1897...	The Reformatory Schools Act, 1897.	The whole district.	VI of 1908 ...	The Explosives Substances Act, 1908.	Ditto.
X of 1897 ...	The General Clauses Act, 1897.	Ditto.	IX of 1908 ...	The Indian Limitation Act, 1908.	The Angul Sub-division.
XIV of 1897 ...	The Indian Short Titles Act, 1897.	Ditto.	XVI of 1909 (sections 81 and 82).	The Indian Registration Act, 1908.	The whole district.
V of 1898 ...	The Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898.	Ditto.	IV of 1909 ...	The Whipping Act, 1909 ...	Ditto.
VI of 1898 ...	The Indian Post Office Act, 1898.	Ditto.	II of 1910 ...	The Indian Paper Currency Act, 1910.	Ditto.
II of 1899 ...	The Indian Stamp Act, 1899	The Angul Sub-division.	V of 1910 ...	The Dourine Act, 1910 ...	Ditto.
XIII of 1899...	The Wlanders and Percy Act, 1899.	The whole district.	VIII of 1911...	The Indian Army Act, 1911	Ditto.
III of 1900 ...	The Prisoners Act, 1900 ...	Ditto.	IV of 1912 (except Chapter IV).	The Indian Lunacy Act, 1912	Ditto.
I of 1903 ...	The Repealing and Amending Act, 1903.	Ditto.	PART III.— <i>Acts of the Lieutenant-Governor of Bengal in Council.</i>		
VII of 1903 ...	The Indian Works of Defence Act, 1903.	Ditto.	IV of 1865 ...	The Bengal Prevention of Inoculation Act, 1865.	The Angul Sub-division.
XV of 1903 ...	The Indian Extradition Act, 1903.	Ditto.	V of 1875 ...	The Bengal Survey Act, 1875	The whole district.
I of 1904 ...	The Poisons Act, 1904 ...	Ditto.	III of 1876 ...	The Bengal Irrigation Act, 1876.	Ditto.
III of 1906 ...	The Indian Coinage Act, 1906	Ditto.	I of 1899 ...	The Bengal General Clauses Act, 1899.	Ditto.
V of 1906 ...	The Code of Civil Procedure, 1906.	Ditto.	III of 1906 ...	The Bengal Disorderly Houses Act, 1906.	Ditto.
			V of 1909 ...	The Bengal Excise Act, 1909.	Ditto.

The 17th October, 1913.

No. 53.—The Governor General is pleased to accept the resignation by the Hon'ble Mr. J. H. Kerr, C.I.E., of his office of Additional Member of the Legislative Council of the Governor General.

No. 54.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 10 of the Indian Councils Act, 1861 (24 and 25 Vict. c. 67), as modified by the Indian Councils Act, 1909 (9 Edw. 7, c. 4), and in pursuance of the provisions of Regulation XI (2) of the Regulations for the nomination and election of Additional Members of the Legislative Council of the Governor General, the Governor General is pleased to nominate Sir Edward Douglas MacLagan, K.C.I.E., C.S.I., being an official, to be an Additional Member of the said Council, *vice* Mr. Kerr resigned.

No. 55.—Dr. Sarat Chandra Banerjee, Rai Bahadur, M.A., D.L., Legal Assistant in the Legislative Department of the Government of India, is granted privilege leave for one month and four days, under Articles 246 and 260 of the Civil Service Regulations, with effect from the 27th October, 1913, or any subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

[illegible]

No. 3381-I.B.—In exercise of the powers conferred by the Indian (Foreign Jurisdiction) Order in Council, 1902, and of all other powers enabling him in that behalf, the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the following addition shall be made in the schedule to the notification of the Government of India in the Foreign Department, No. 784-I.B., dated the 9th April 1913, applying the provisions of the Indian Railways Act, 1890 (IX of 1890), and of the Indian Railway Board Act, 1905 (IV of 1905), to railway lands in certain Native States, namely:—

After the entries relating to the Dhasa Branch of the Bhavnagar Railway System the following shall be added, namely:—

<i>Botad-Jasdan Branch.</i>			
Botad-Vinchhia	...	Bhavnagar	...
		Jasdan	
			The Government of Bombay.

The 15th October, 1913.

No. 2512-Est.-A.—Major J. W. Grant, M.B., Indian Medical Service (Bengal), an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd class and Residency Surgeon, Western Rajputana States, is granted privilege leave for twenty-one days with effect from the 22nd September, 1913.

No. 2513-Est.-A.—Sub-Assistant Surgeon Chunni Lal Hira Lal, in charge of the Residency Hospital, Jodhpur, is appointed to hold charge of the current duties of the Office of Residency Surgeon, Western Rajputana States, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the 22nd September, 1913, and until further orders.

J. B. WOOD,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

FINANCE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

PENSIONS.

Simla, the 17th October, 1913.

No. 2393-A.—Mr. R. J. Blaikie, Deputy Examiner, 1st grade, Military Accounts Department, is permitted to retire from the service, with effect from the 13th August 1913.

LEAVE AND APPOINTMENTS.

The 17th October, 1913.

No. 1330-F.E.—With effect from the 20th August 1913:

Mr. S. C. Mitra, Chief Superintendent, Class II, is promoted to Class I.

Mr. H. R. Jones, Chief Superintendent, Class II, is appointed to officiate in Class I until further orders.

No. 1321-F.E.—Mr. E. Bartley, Chief Superintendent, Class II, is appointed to officiate in Class I with effect from the 1st September 1913 and during the absence on leave of Mr. J. W. Pringle.

No. 1322-F.E.—Mr. A. Krishna Rao Moodaliar, Officiating Chief Superintendent, Central Provinces, was granted privilege leave from 2nd to 26th September 1913, both days inclusive.

J. B. BRUNYATE,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF REVENUE AND AGRICULTURE.

NOTIFICATION.

FORESTS.

Simla, the 16th October, 1913.

No. 1013-F. 226-6.—Consequent on the grant by the Chief Commissioner of the Central Provinces of privilege leave for three months combined with furlough for fifteen months to Mr. R. M. Williamson, Officiating Conservator of Forests, III grade, in charge of the Western Circle, Assam, Mr. W. F. Perrée, Officiating Conservator of Forests, III grade, Eastern Circle, Assam, is appointed to hold charge of the Western Circle, in addition to his own duties, with effect from the afternoon of the 3rd October 1913, the date on which Mr. Williamson made over charge of his office.

From the same date Mr. Williamson reverts to his substantive appointment in the class of Deputy Conservators, Central Provinces.

E. D. MACLAGAN,

Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF COMMERCE AND INDUSTRY.

NOTIFICATION.

POST OFFICE ESTABLISHMENT.

Simla, the 18th October 1913.

No. 8698-140 —Mr. C. H. Harrison, I.C.S., Postmaster-General in the special first grade, in charge of the Madras Circle, is granted privilege leave for three months, with effect from the 29th October 1913, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

J. F. GRUNING,

Offg. Secretary to the Government of India.

DEPARTMENT OF EDUCATION.

NOTIFICATIONS.

GENERAL.

Simla, the 17th October 1913.

No. 1331.—With reference to this Department Notification No. 1066, dated the 5th September 1913, Kunwar Maharaj Singh, Assistant Secretary to the Government of India in the Department of Education, is granted an extension of privilege leave for thirteen days, with effect from the 4th October 1913.

No. 1332.—In consequence of the above extension of leave granted to Kunwar Maharaj Singh, the temporary promotions, notified in this Department's Notification Nos. 1067 and 1243, dated the 5th September and the 3rd October 1913, will continue.

No. 1334.—Mr. R. H. Blaker, Officiating Registrar, Department of Education, Government of India, is granted privilege leave for one month, with effect from the 27th October 1913, or the subsequent date on which he may avail himself of it.

No. 1335.—In consequence of the grant of the above leave to Mr. R. H. Blaker, the following temporary promotions are notified, with effect from the same date :—

Mr. P. A. Collins, Superintendent, 2nd grade, will continue to officiate as Superintendent, 1st grade.

Mr. T. M. Smith, Superintendent, 3rd grade, will continue to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade.

Mr. L. D. Harrington will continue to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade.

L. C. PORTER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

ARMY DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 17th October 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

CANTONMENT MAGISTRATES' DEPARTMENT.

No. 856.—On return from leave, the services of Lieutenant-Colonel R. R. Vaughan, Indian Army, are placed at the disposal of the Government of the Punjab for employment as a Cantonment Magistrate.

PROMOTIONS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 857.—The following promotion is made, subject to His Majesty's approval :—

Major and Brevet Lieutenant-Colonel Alexander Montagu Spears Elsmie, Commandant, 56th Punjabi Rifles (Frontier Force), to be Lieutenant-Colonel.
Dated the 22nd September 1913.

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT.

Northern Army.

No. 858.—Sub-Conductor William Patrick Courtenay Kelly to be Conductor and Staff-Sergeant Herbert Harrison to be Sub-Conductor on the General List, *vice* George Pennington, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 26th August 1913.

Southern Army.

No. 859.—Conductor William Edward Green, *seconded*, to be Assistant Commissary, *seconded*, and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Conductor William Staveley to be Assistant Commissary and to have the honorary rank of Lieutenant, subject to His Majesty's approval,

Sub-Conductor Alfred Michael Hinkley to be Conductor and

Staff-Sergeant George Charles Hall to be Sub-Conductor on the General List,

vice Assistant Commissary and Honorary Lieutenant Samuel Knight, deceased ; with effect from the 4th September 1913.

General List.

No. 860.—Staff-Sergeant Joseph Edward Jackson to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor George Robert Grayson of the Northern Army List, appointed Assistant Overseer, Ammunition Factory, Dum Dum, and *seconded* ; with effect from the 29th July 1913.

No. 861.—Staff-Sergeant Charles Russell Roper to be Sub-Conductor, *vice* Sub-Conductor Harry Ward of the Northern Army List, appointed Assistant Overseer, Cordite Factory, Aruvankadu, and *seconded* ; with effect from the 30th August 1913.

NATIVE ARMY.

APPOINTMENTS AND PROMOTIONS.

No. 862.—The following promotions are made :—

26th King George's Own Light Cavalry.

Jemadar Muhammad Amin to be Ressaidar, *vice* Muhammad Akbar, transferred to the pension establishment ; with effect from the 11th September 1913.

31st Duke of Connaught's Own Lancers.

Ressaidar Mahmud Khan to be Risaldar, Jemadar Kabul Singh to be Ressaidar and Dafadar Jaising Rao Mahadik to be Jemadar, *vice* Lakshiman Rao Jadhav, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 9th September 1913.

33rd Queen Victoria's Own Light Cavalry.

Ressaidar Shiu Chand to be Risaldar, Jemadar Muhammad Arshad Khan to be Ressaidar and Dafadar Mahmud Khan to be Jemadar, *vice* Taj Muhammad Khan, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st September 1913.

31st Punjabis.

Jemadar Nika Singh to be Subadar and Colour-Havildar Kishn Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Bhola Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 1st September 1913.

58th Infantry.

Colour-Havildar Shiuambar Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Sri-pal Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 15th September 1913.

Colour-Havildar Ram Bakhsh Singh to be Jemadar, *vice* Har Bakhsh Singh, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 19th September 1913.

107th Pioneers.

Jemadar Babaji Sivaji, on transfer from the 3rd Sappers and Miners, to be Subadar and Havildar Babu Rao Mohite to be Jemadar, *vice* Ganpat Balwant, deceased; with effect from the 7th August 1913.

127th Queen Mary's Own Baluch Light Infantry.

Subadar Gulab Shah to be Subadar-Major and Jemadar Zergun Shah to be Subadar, *vice* Yar Muhammad, *Sardar Bahadur*, transferred to the pension establishment; with effect from the 16th September 1913.

SUPPLY AND TRANSPORT CORPS.

9th Mule Corps.

No. 863.—Jemadar Ghulam Muhammad to be Ressaidar, *vice* Inayat Khan, 33rd Mule Corps, retired; with effect from the 1st September 1913.

REWARDS.

INDIAN DISTINGUISHED SERVICE MEDAL.

No. 864.—His Excellency the Viceroy and Governor-General is pleased to sanction the award of the Indian Distinguished Service Medal to the undermentioned non-commissioned officer:—

No. 1844, Dafadar Sher Muhammad, Queen Victoria's Own Corps of Guides (Frontier Force) (Lumsden's).

RESIGNATIONS.

INDIAN SUBORDINATE MEDICAL DEPARTMENT.

SUB-ASSISTANT SURGEON BRANCH.

Bengal Establishment.

No. 865.—No. 946, 1st Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Wazir Ali is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 20th October 1913.

Madras Establishment.

No. 866.—No. 1376, 2nd Class Sub-Assistant Surgeon Vellore Srinivasa Mudali is permitted to resign the service; with effect from the 17th September 1913.

RETIREMENTS.

INDIAN ARMY.

No. 857.—The undermentioned officers have been permitted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India to retire from the service, subject to His Majesty's approval, with effect from the dates specified :—

Colonel George Warder Mitchell,—30th September 1913.

Colonel Turenne Jermyrn

Colonel Percy Holland, C.B.

Colonel George Ranier Crawford, C.B.

Brevet Colonel Arthur Nicholls

Lieutenant-Colonel Theodore Charles MacKenzie Trower Hogg, 8th Cavalry,—20th October 1913.

Major George Henry Badcock, Army Remount Department,—16th October 1913.

VOLUNTEER CORPS.

APPOINTMENTS, PROMOTIONS AND RESIGNATIONS.

Allahabad Volunteer Rifles.

No. 868.—Major Walter Percy Spencer Milsted resigns his commission and is permitted, on retirement, to retain his rank and wear the uniform of the Corps. Dated the 28th August 1913.

Captain Percy Whereat Mabbett to be Major, *vice* W. P. S. Milsted, resigned. Dated the 29th August 1913.

Lieutenant Colin Campbell to be Captain, *vice* P. W. Mabbett, promoted. Dated the 29th August 1913.

Second Lieutenant William Henry John Lett to be Lieutenant, *vice* C. Campbell, promoted. Dated the 29th August 1913.

Guy Montgomery Routh to be Captain, to fill an existing vacancy. Dated the 1st September 1913.

MEDALS AND DECORATIONS.

No. 85.—His Excellency the Governor-General of India is pleased to confer the Volunteer Officers' Decoration upon the undermentioned officer :—

*United Provinces Horse.**2nd (Northern) Regiment.*

Captain William Wallace Johnstone.

CANTONMENTS.

REGULATIONS.

No. 870.—In exercise of the powers conferred by section 23 of the Cantonments Act, 1910 (XV of 1910), the Governor-General in Council is pleased to extend to the Cantonment of Kasauli the provisions of sections 183 (1) (i) and 19 (1) of the Punjab Municipal Act, 1911 (Punjab Act III of 1911), in the adapted form set forth below :—

1. The Cantonment Committee may, by bye-law, provide for the registration of all or any specified classes of dogs and in particular and without prejudice to the generality of the foregoing—

(i) provide for the imposition of an annual fee for such registration.

(ii) require that every registered dog shall wear a collar to which shall be attached a metal token to be issued by the Cantonment Committee,

(iii) provide that any dog, not registered and wearing such token, may, if found in any public place, be detained at a place to be set apart for the purpose, and will be liable to be destroyed or otherwise disposed of after a period to be specified in the bye-law.

2. In making any bye-law under the foregoing rule, the Cantonment Committee may direct that a breach or an abetment of a breach of it, shall be punishable with fine which may extend to fifty rupees, and when the breach is a continuing breach with a further fine which may extend to five rupees for every day after the first during which the breach continues.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

MARINE DEPARTMENT.

Simla, the 17th October 1913.

APPOINTMENTS.

No. 79.—The services of Engineer W. H. Waters, Royal Indian Marine, are placed at the disposal of the Government of Bombay for employment as 3rd Engineer and Shipwright Surveyor to that Government; with effect from the 6th October 1913.

LEAVE.

No. 80.—Lieutenant B. H. Marsden, Royal Indian Marine, has been granted by the Most Hon'ble the Secretary of State for India an extension of leave till the 15th October 1913, on private affairs.

W. R. BIRDWOOD, *Major-General,*

Secretary to the Government of India.

RAILWAY DEPARTMENT.

(RAILWAY BOARD.)

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 14th October, 1913.

No. 278.—Mr. W. H. Young, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Traffic Superintendent in class II of that establishment, with effect from the 15th September 1913, during the absence of Mr. T. S. Scott, Officiating District Traffic Superintendent, on privilege leave.

No. 279.—Mr. A. Crosbie, Assistant Locomotive Superintendent, North Western Railway, in class III, grade 1, of the Superior Revenue Establishment of State Railways, is appointed to officiate as a District Locomotive Superintendent with temporary rank in class II, grade 5, of that establishment, with effect from the 10th September 1913 and until further orders.

No. 280.—Lieutenant L. Fraustadt, R.E., Assistant Traffic Superintendent, is, on return from leave, transferred from the North Western Railway to the Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 281.—The transfer of Mr. C. C. T. Brereton, Assistant Traffic Superintendent, from the North Western Railway to the Eastern Bengal Railway, notified in Railway Board's Notification No. 167, dated the 20th June 1913, is hereby cancelled.

The 16th October, 1913.

No. 282.—It is hereby notified for general information that the Railway Board have sanctioned the construction by the Upper Sind Light Railways, Jacobabad-Kashmore Feeder, Limited, of a line of railway, on the 2' 6" gauge, from Jacobabad, a station on the North Western Railway, to Kashmore, a length of 76.50 miles.

This line will be known as the Jacobabad-Kashmore Railway.

The 17th October, 1913.

No. 283.—Mr. J. Izat, Executive Engineer, Eastern Bengal Railway, is appointed Superintendent of Works, Sara-Serajunge Railway Construction, under the administrative control of the Agent, Eastern Bengal Railway.

No. 284.—Mr. P. Watkins, Officiating Assistant Engineer, Karachi Extension Railway Survey, is transferred to the Sara-Serajunge Railway.

No. 285.—It is hereby notified, for general information, that His Majesty's Secretary of State for India has sanctioned the construction by the agency of the Delhi-Umballa-Kalka Railway Company of a line of railway on the 5' 6" gauge from Jind station on the Southern Punjab Railway to Panipat station on the Delhi-Umballa-Kalka Railway, a distance of 43·61 miles.

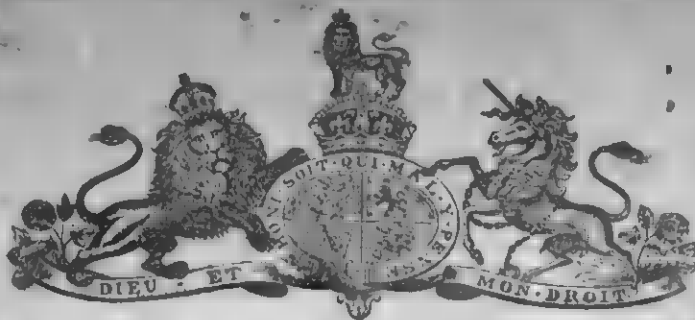
The project will be known as the Jind-Panipat Railway.

No. 286.—Mr. A. A. Richardson, Assistant Engineer and Officiating Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 5, Bombay, is transferred to the North Western Railway.

No. 287.—With reference to Notification No. 286, dated the 17th October 1913, Mr. J. H. Lovell, Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 6, is appointed to officiate as Junior Government Inspector of Railways, Circle No. 5, in addition to his own duties, until further orders.

T. RYAN,

Offg. Secretary, Railway Board.



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SIMLA, SATURDAY, OCTOBER 25, 1913.

Separate paging is given to this Part in order that it may be filed as a separate compilation.

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PART I.

Government of India Notifications, Appointments, Promotions, &c.

LEGISLATIVE DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 24th October, 1913.

No. 56.—Mr. G. R. Ridge, a Superintendent in the Legislative Department, is permitted to retire from the service with effect from the 1st November, 1913.

No. 57.—In consequence of the retirement of Mr. G. R. Ridge, a Superintendent in the Legislative Department, with effect from the 1st November, 1913, Mr. C. H. Pereira is appointed a Superintendent in his place.

W. H. VINCENT,

Secretary to the Government of India.

HOME DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

ESTABLISHMENTS.

Simla, the 22nd October, 1913.

No. 2242.—Rai Sahib Abinas Chandra Koar, a Superintendent in the Home Department, is placed on special duty with the Royal Commission on the Public Services in India with effect from the 22nd October 1913.

No. 2245.—The following acting arrangements in the grades of Superintendents in the Home Department are sanctioned with effect from the 22nd October 1913:—

Mr. H. C. Marsden to continue to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade;

Mr. Prasanna Kumar Basu to officiate as Superintendent, 2nd grade, until the return of Mr. J. H. Frost from privilege leave;

Mr. Ramani Mohan Ganguli to continue to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade;

Mr. R. S. D'Arcy to officiate as Superintendent, 3rd grade, until the return of Mr. J. H. Frost from privilege leave.

The 24th October, 1913.

No. 2284.—Mr. J. B. Wingate has been permitted to resign His Majesty's Indian Civil Service with effect from the 3rd September 1913.

JUDICIAL.

The 20th October, 1913.

No. 1801.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 527, sub-section (7) of the Code of Criminal Procedure, 1898 (Act V of 1898), the Governor General in Council is pleased to direct the transfer of the criminal case, All India Banking and Insurance Company, Limited, *versus* Rajani Benode Chakrabatti, Jogesh Chandra Guha, and Mahendra Lal Guha, accused under sections 403, 420, 467 and 477 of the Indian Penal Code, from the Court of the Additional District Magistrate of Lahore in the Punjab to that of the District Magistrate of Chittagong in Bengal.

The 22nd October, 1913.

No. 1811.—In the Home Department Notification No. 982-C, dated the 7th February 1913, appointing Mr. Alexander Kinney to officiate as Administrator General, Bengal, after the words "from the 4th February 1913" add the words "or until further orders".

The 24th October, 1913.

No. 1882.—In exercise of the power conferred by section 138 of the Negotiable Instruments Act, 1881 (XXVI of 1881), the Governor General in Council is pleased to appoint the person for the time being holding the office of City Deputy Collector, Karachi, to be a Notary Public and to exercise his functions as such within that city.

MEDICAL.

The 22nd October, 1913.

No. 887.—The services of Colonel R. Robertson, M.B., I.M.S., are placed permanently at the disposal of His Excellency the Commander-in-Chief in India, with effect from the 30th June 1913.

No. 892.—The services of Colonel R. W. S. Lyons M.D., I.M.S., are placed temporarily at the disposal of the Government of Bombay, with effect from the 1st November 1913.

H. WHEELER,

Secretary to the Government of India.

FOREIGN DEPARTMENT.

NOTIFICATIONS.

Simla, the 20th October, 1913.

No. 2564-*Est.-A.*—Captain H. R. N. Pritchard of the Political Department is posted as Political Officer, Bundi, with effect from the 5th October, 1913.

No. 2571-*Est.-A.*—Lieutenant E. J. D. Colvin of the Political Department was posted temporarily as First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India from the 20th September to the 7th October, 1913, inclusive.

No. 2572 *Est.-1*.—Rai Bahadur Pandit Nand Lal, L.S. O., Extra Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, held charge of the current duties of the office of Second Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India in addition to his own duties, from the 20th September to the 7th October, 1913, inclusive.

No. 2573 *Est.-A*.—Major A. B. Drummond of the Political Department is posted as First Assistant to the Agent to the Governor General in Central India, with effect from the 8th October, 1913.

No. 2576 *Est.-A*.—Mr. A. N. L. Cater of the Political Department is granted combined leave (privilege leave to the amount due, and the balance furlough) for eighteen months, with effect from the 26th September, 1913, under Articles 233 and 308 (b), Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2579 *Est.-A*.—Mr. C. W. Waddington, C.I.E., M.V.O., Principal of the Mayo College, Ajmer, is granted furlough for one year and one month, with effect from the 10th October, 1913, under Article 308 (b) of the Civil Service Regulations.

No. 2580 *Est.-A*.—Mr. S. F. Madden, Assistant Master in the Mayo College, Ajmer is appointed to officiate as Principal of the College, with effect from the 10th October, 1913 and until further orders.

The 21st October, 1913.

No. 2593 *Est.-A*.—Mr. S. E. Pears of the Political Department, is posted, on return from leave, as Political Agent, Khyber, with effect from the 7th October, 1913.

No. 2594 *Est.-A*.—Major W. J. Keen of the Political Department is posted as Additional Divisional and Sessions Judge, Peshawar, with effect from the 7th October 1913.

The 22nd October, 1913.

No. 2606 *Est.-A*.—Major T. S. B. Williams, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Civil Surgeon, Dera Ismail Khan, with effect from the 1st September, 1913.

No. 2607 *Est.-A*.—Major J. Husband, Indian Medical Service, an officiating Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, is posted as Civil Surgeon, Wano Agency, with effect from the 12th September, 1913.

No. 2608 *Est.-A*.—Major de V. Condon, Indian Medical Service, an Agency Surgeon of the 2nd Class, on return from leave is posted as Civil Surgeon, Hazara, with effect from the 26th September, 1913.

No. 1971 *G*.—In exercise of the powers conferred by sections 4, 10, 11, 17 and 29 of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), in the modified form in which the said Act is in force in British Baluchistan, and in supersession of all previous Notifications on the same subject, the Governor General in Council is pleased to make the sub-joined rules relating to arms, ammunition and military stores :

Provided that all exemptions, exclusions or withdrawals made, all licenses or 'duplicates granted or renewed, all fees imposed, levied, remitted or reduced and all powers conferred by or under any Notification hereby superseded, and in force at the commencement of this Notification, shall, so far as they are consistent herewith, be deemed to have been respectively made, granted, renewed, imposed, levied, remitted, reduced or conferred hereunder.

The Rules.

Short title.

1. These rules may be called the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. In these rules, unless there is anything repugnant in the subject or context, all words and expressions which are defined in the General Clauses Act, 1897, shall have the meanings respectively assigned to them thereby, and the Provisions of Sections 9, 10 and 13 to 19 of the said Act shall be deemed to apply as if these rules were an enactment made by the Governor General in Council after the commencement of the said Act.

Interpretation.

Application of the Act.

Exemption, exclusion and withdrawal.

3. (1) Under Section 27 :—

(a) the persons and classes of persons, and

(b) the arms, ammunition and military stores specified or described in the First and Second Schedules are respectively exempted to the extent there indicated from the operation of prohibitions and directions contained in the Act.

(2) The exemptions specified in the First Schedule are conferred subject to the condition that they shall not be deemed to render lawful the import of arms or ammunition through the medium of the Post Office.

4. For the purposes of the definition of "Military Stores" contained in Section 4, all sections of the Act are extended throughout British Baluchistan to all lead, sulphur and saltpetre.

Extension.

Imports.

Restrictions upon import of cannon and certain other articles.

5. (1) A license for the import of :—

- (a) Cannon,
- (b) War-rockets,
- (c) Machinery for the Manufacture of arms and ammunition,

• Form I.

shall not be granted* save under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department.

- (2) A copy of every license granted in accordance with Sub-rule (1) shall be forthwith sent to the Magistrate of the district to which the articles are consigned.

Restriction upon import of certain rifles.

- 6 (1) A license shall not be granted for the import—

- (a) of rifles of 303 bore or of 450 bore, or parts of or fittings for rifles of such bores, or, save as provided by rule 23, of ammunition which can be fired from such rifles, or
- (b) save by special order, certified under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, of rifles, or parts of or fittings for rifles, of any other bore.
- (c) of any arms or ammunition through the medium of the Post Office.

- (2) Nothing in Sub-rule (1), Clause (b), shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect the power to grant a license for the import of rifles, or parts of or fittings for rifles, which, in the opinion of the authority granting the license, are intended in good faith for sporting purposes.

7. (1) Save as otherwise provided by Rules 5 and 6, a license for the import into British Baluchistan of arms, ammunition or military stores may be granted by the Magistrate of the district to which such arms, ammunition or military stores are consigned.

- (2) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are imported from a Native State, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent to the Political Agent for such State.

- (3) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are imported by road, and consigned to a district other than a frontier district, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent to the Magistrate of the district into which they cross the frontier, and such Magistrate may, in his discretion, require the licensee to produce them for his inspection before allowing them to leave the district.

- (4) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are imported by rail, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent by the authority granting it to the Railway Authorities at the place to which such arms, ammunition or stores are consigned.

8. (1) The Railway Authorities to whom a copy of a license has been sent under Rule 7, Sub-rule (4), shall require the consignee to produce the original license and shall satisfy themselves :—

- (a) that the arms, ammunition or stores claimed by him correspond with the description given in such license, and
 - (b) that such license is identical in substance with a copy sent to them.
- (2) Where in any case referred to in Sub-rule (1) :—
- (a) the consignee fails to produce the original license, or
 - (b) the arms, ammunition or stores claimed by him do not correspond with the description given in such license, or
 - (c) the license is not identical in substance with the copy sent to the Railway Authorities, such authorities shall not deliver the consignment, and shall forthwith inform the nearest Magistrate.

Production and delivery of import licenses.

9. (1) The consignee of arms, ammunition or military stores imported under a license shall—

- (a) within six days of the articles reaching their destination, deliver the import license to the Magistrate of the district, and
- (b) in any case in which the consignment crosses the frontier by road, produce the import license, within six days of such crossing, before the Magistrate of the district into which the consignment so crosses, or other officer empowered by him in this behalf.

- (2) Every officer before whom a license is produced, or to whom a license is delivered under Sub-rule (1), shall satisfy himself :—

- (a) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in the license, and
- (b) that any deficiency is properly accounted for.

Export.

10. (1) A license for the export of arms, ammunition or military stores to any place beyond the frontier of British Baluchistan may be granted—
Export of arms, ammunition or military stores to certain Native States.

Form III.

(a) under the signature of the Secretary to the Government of India in the Foreign Department, or

(b) by any other officer specially empowered by the Government of India in this behalf.

(2) Where any arms, ammunition or stores exported under a license granted under this rule are exported to a Native State, a copy of such license shall be forthwith sent to the Political Agent for such State, and a copy shall also be sent to the Magistrate of the district out of which they cross the frontier, and such Magistrate may in his discretion require the licensee to produce them for his inspection before allowing them to leave the district.

(3) Where the arms, ammunition or stores are exported by rail, a copy of the license shall be forthwith sent by the authority granting it to the Magistrate of the district from which the consignment is to be despatched.

(4) The Magistrate of the district shall forthwith send a copy to the Railway Authorities at the place from which the consignment is to be despatched, and the Railway Authorities shall not receive for despatch any case or package containing arms, ammunition or stores unless accompanied by the original license, and shall satisfy themselves:—

(a) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in such license, and

(b) that such license is identical in substance with the copy sent to them.

(5) Where in any case referred to in Sub-rule (4)—

(a) the case or package is not accompanied by the original license, or

(b) the arms, ammunition or stores contained therein do not correspond with the description given in such license, or

(c) the license is not identical in substance with the copy sent to them, such authorities shall not receive the consignment for despatch, and shall forthwith inform the nearest Magistrate.

Delivery of export licenses.

11. (1) Where any arms, ammunition or military stores are exported by road:—

(a) the consignee or

(b) if the arms, ammunition or stores are in charge of any person travelling with them, such person, shall, within six days of the arrival of the consignment in the district out of which it is to cross the frontier, and before it crosses, deliver the license to the Magistrate of such district or other officer empowered by him on this behalf.

(2) Every officer to whom a license is delivered under Sub-rule (1) shall satisfy himself—

(a) that the arms, ammunition or stores correspond with the description given in the license, and

(b) that any deficiency is properly accounted for.

Transport.

12. (1) Save as herein otherwise provided, the transport of any description of arms, ammunition or military stores is prohibited over the whole of British Baluchistan except under a license and to the extent and in the manner permitted by such license.

(2) Subject to the provisions of Rule 22 nothing in Sub-rule (1) shall be deemed to apply to:—

(a) arms, ammunition or stores which are covered by a license for their import or export and are being transported in accordance with such license:—

(i) from the place of import to the place of destination in British Baluchistan, or

(ii) from the place of despatch in British Baluchistan to the place of export;

(b) arms, ammunition or stores transported:—

(i) by any person licensed to possess such articles, or exempted from the liability to obtain such a license, in reasonable quantities, for his own use, from the premises of a licensed dealer, or

(2) In places to which Section 15 applies, a license may be granted under Sub-rule (1) to the heir or successor of any person to whom arms have been presented by or under the orders of the Government, in respect of such arms.

(3) A license may be granted under Sub-rule (1) for the possession of reasonable quantities of ball-d ammunition which can be fired from rifles of '303 bore or rifles of '450^c bore to any person lawfully in possession for sporting purposes of a rifle of such bore.

(4) On every license of the nature referred to in Sub-rule (3) there shall be entered the amount of ball-d ammunition which the licensee may possess during the period of twelve months next ensuing.

(5) A license granted under Sub-rule (1) shall, on countersignature by the Secretary to the Chief Commissioner, be valid for such divisions or districts within the Province as he may specify.

20. (1) Save as otherwise provided by Rule 22, Sub-rule (2), a license for going armed on a journey in British Baluchistan may be granted—

Form XII.

(a) by the Magistrate of the district, or

(b) in the case of a person residing in any Native State by the Political Agent for such State.

(2) Where a Magistrate of a district receives an application for a license of the nature referred to in Sub-rule (1) from any person who—

(a) is not resident within the local limits of his authority, or

(b) is not personally known to him, he shall before granting the license, ascertain—

(i) when the applicant resides in any Presidency town or Rangoon, from the Commissioner of Police,

(ii) when the applicant resides in any other place in British India or in British Baluchistan or the Baluchistan Agency Territories, from the Magistrate of the district in which such place is situated, or

(iii) when the applicant resides in any Native State, from the Political Agent for such State,

whether there is any objection to the grant of the license, unless, for reasons to be recorded, he considers this precaution to be clearly unnecessary.

Possession and import or transport.

21. (1) A licensed dealer authorised by the Chief Commissioner under Rule 16, Sub-rule (3), to keep and sell a specified amount of ball-d ammunition for rifles of '303 bore or rifles of '450 bore may be permitted by the Magistrate of the district to import or transport such ammunition up to such amount.

(2) Where application is made under Sub-rule (1) for permission to import or transport ball-d ammunition, the dealer shall produce his license, and, if permission is granted, the authority granting it shall endorse on the license the quantity of ball-d ammunition for which, and the date on which, such permission was granted.

Application for and grant of licenses.

22. (1) A license, having effect beyond the local limits of the authority of the officer granting it, shall not be granted for the export or transport of any arms, ammunition or military stores—

(a) to any Native State without the consent of the Political Agent for such State: provided that the consent of such Political Agent shall not be necessary in cases where the consignee is a European subject of His Majesty and a Gazetted Civil or Commissioned Military Officer, and the consignment is intended for the personal use only of the consignee;

(b) to any Presidency town or Rangoon, without the consent of the Commissioner of Police; or

(c) to any other place in British India, or to any place in British Baluchistan, or in the Baluchistan Agency Territories, without the consent of the Magistrate of the district.

(2) A license shall not be granted under Rule 7, 14, 18, 19 or 20, in respect of any breech-loading rifle or ball rifle ammunition without the previous sanction of the Chief Commissioner.

(3) The consent or previous sanction referred to in this rule may be obtained either—

(a) by the applicant for the license, or

(b) by the officer to whom application for the grant of such license is made.

(4) Where the consent or previous sanction is sought by the officer to whom application for the grant of the license is made, he shall send a copy of the proposed license to the authority whose consent or previous sanction is required; and, on receipt of the reply of such authority, he shall either grant the license or inform the applicant that his application is refused.

23. (1) Every person who wishes to obtain a license under these rules shall apply in writing to the nearest authority empowered to grant such license, and shall in such application furnish all such particulars as may be necessary to enable such license to be granted.

Particulars to be stated in applications.

(2) In particular, and without prejudice to the generality of Sub-rule (1), every application for a license for the import, export or transport of any arms, ammunition or military stores shall specify—

(i) the place of destination,

(ii) the route,

(iii) the time likely to be occupied in the journey, and

(iv) the quantity, description, average price and purpose of each kind of arms, ammunition or stores.

(3) Where the grant of the license requires the consent or previous sanction of some other authority specified in Rule 22, the application shall state whether such consent or previous sanction has been obtained, and, if so, shall be supported by evidence thereof.

24. (1) Every license shall be granted or renewed in the appropriate form set forth in the Third Schedule, and, save as therein otherwise expressly provided, the arms, ammunition or military stores specified, and the persons named in the license, shall alone be covered thereby.

Form and language of license.

(2) Every such license shall be written or printed—

(a) where it is granted in a district, and is intended for use beyond the limits of such district, in English, and, if the licensing officer so directs, in the vernacular, or

(b) where it is granted in a district, and is intended for use within the limits of such district, in English, or in the vernacular as the licensing officer may direct.

25. (1) Save as herein otherwise provided, every license under these Rules shall, unless previously forfeited, be in force for such period and expire on such day as, subject to any restrictions or limitations imposed by the appropriate form set out in the Third Schedule, the authority granting it may enter thereon.

Duration and renewal of licenses.

(2) A license for the transport of arms, ammunition or military stores shall not, save for special reasons to be recorded by the authority granting it, be granted for a period longer than twice the time likely to be occupied in the journey to the place of destination by the route indicated on the license.

(3) Every license may, at its expiration, and subject to the same conditions (if any) as to consent or previous sanction, be renewed by the authority who granted it.

26. (1) Every authority empowered to grant or renew a license, or to give his consent or previous sanction to such grant or renewal, may in his discretion—

Discretion and control of authority empowered to grant licenses.

(a) refuse to grant or renew such license, or to give such consent or sanction, or

(b) refer the application for orders to the Government to which he is subordinate.

(2) Every such authority shall exercise all powers and perform all duties conferred or imposed by these Rules, subject to the control of the executive authorities to whom he is subordinate.

Obligation to produce licenses.

27. (1) Any person who—

(a) holds a license granted or renewed under these Rules, or

(b) is acting under colour of such a license shall forthwith produce such license upon the demand of any Magistrate or of any Police officer of a rank not below that of officer in charge of a Police station.

(2) Nothing in Sub-rule (1) shall be deemed to limit or otherwise affect the power of any authority empowered to grant or renew a license, to grant or renew it upon any condition not inconsistent with the said Sub-rule with respect to the production of such license.

Fees.

28. (1) Every license granted or renewed under these rules shall, save as herein otherwise expressly provided, be chargeable with the fee (if any) indicated on the appropriate form set forth in the Third Schedule.

(2) The Government of India may, by general or special order, grant exemption from, or reduction of, the fee payable in respect of any license.

(3) The fee payable in respect of the grant or renewal of any license of the nature hereinafter referred to may, by general or special order of the Chief Commissioner, be remitted or reduced—

(a) for the import, transport or possession of sulphur, in reasonable quantities, proved to the satisfaction of the Chief Commissioner to be required in good faith for medicinal, agricultural, manufacturing or industrial purposes other than the manufacture of ammunition;

(b) for the export to a Native State of ammunition required for the use of a public railway or other public work;

(c) to any person for the import under Rule 7 of any arms, ammunition or military stores, in reasonable quantities proved to the satisfaction of the authority granting the license to be required in good faith for the protection of person or property.

(4) The fee payable in respect of the grant or renewal of a license in Form III may be remitted by any Political Officer authorised to grant licenses in Form III, in the case of arms and ammunition exported for the personal use of persons of the classes mentioned in Schedule I.

29. Where a license granted or renewed under these rules is lost or accidentally destroyed, the authority empowered to grant such license may grant a duplicate :—

Fees payable for duplicates.

(a) where the original license was granted without the payment of any fee, free of all fee;

(b) where such original license was granted on the payment of a fee not exceeding one rupee, on payment of a fee of the same amount; or

(c) in any other case, on payment of a fee of one rupee.

30. (1) All fees payable under Rule 28 or under Rule 29 shall be collected by impressed stamps.

Collection and refund of fees.

(2) Ordinarily the applications for licences or renewal of licenses in respect of which a fee is payable shall be written upon an impressed stamp of a value equal to such fee, and in such case the license or duplicate shall be granted or renewed on plain paper, but when the licenses themselves are written or printed on impressed stamps the application may be written on plain paper.

(3) Where a fee of not less than one rupee payable under these Rules has been collected, and the application for the grant or renewal of a license or duplicate is refused, the value of the fee shall be refunded under the orders of the Magistrate of the district upon application for the same being made within two months from the date of such refusal.

THE FIRST SCHEDULE.

(RULE 3.)

Persons exempted.

The persons or classes of persons specified or described in the 1st column of the subjoined table are exempted in respect of the arms and ammunition described in the 2nd column when carried or possessed (save where otherwise expressly stated) for their own personal use from such prohibitions and directions contained in the Act as are indicated in the 4th column, subject to the provisos and restrictions entered in the 3rd column.

Persons or classes of persons.	Arms and ammunition.	Provisos and restrictions.	Prohibitions and directions.
<p>(1) All persons who in British India are exempted from the prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 to 16 of the Indian Arms Act XI of 1878.</p> <p>All except—</p> <p>(a) Cannon.</p> <p>(b) War rockets.</p> <p>(c) Rifles of 303 or 450 bore other than rifles of such bores lawfully imported into British India, and ammunition which can be fired from the same, and</p> <p>(d) Machinery for the manufacture of arms or ammunition.</p> <p>(e) Appliances the object of which is the silencing of fire-arms.</p> <p>(2) The retainers of His Highness the Khan of Kalat.</p> <p>(3) The retainers of the Jam of Las Bela.</p> <p>(4) The Baluch, Brahui and Pathan Sardars, Khans, and Jagirdars of British Baluchistan and their retainers subject to such orders as the Chief Commissioner may issue regarding the personages to be included in these categories and the number of weapons and retainers in each case.</p> <p>(5) Such Government servants, including Levies* and such other persons as the Chief Commissioner may from time to time by general or special order direct.</p>	<p>In respect of such arms and ammunition as are defined in the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, Schedule I.</p> <p>Ditto ...</p> <p>Ditto ...</p> <p>Ditto ...</p> <p>Such arms as the Chief Commissioner may direct.</p>	<p>The arms or ammunition carried or possessed by any person herein exempted shall not exceed such quantities (if any) as :—</p> <p>(a) the Government of India, or</p> <p>(b) the Chief Commissioner with respect to British Baluchistan may declare to be reasonable for him to carry or possess.</p> <p>Ditto ...</p> <p>Ditto ...</p> <p>Ditto ...</p>	<p>Those contained in sections 13 to 16 as extended by Chief Commissioner's Notification No. 1960, dated the 6th April 1904 to the areas in British Baluchistan therein specified.</p> <p>Ditto.</p> <p>Ditto.</p> <p>Ditto.</p> <p>Ditto.</p>

* The Chief Commissioner has directed that levies should be provided with metal badges to facilitate identification by the Police and that a register of all badges so issued should be maintained (Chief Commissioner's No. 1972-73, dated the 7th March 1900).

THE SECOND SCHEDULE.

RULE 3.

Arms, ammunition and military stores excluded.

Within the areas specified in the first column of the sub-joined table, the arms, ammunition and military stores described in the second column are exempted from the operation of such prohibitions and directions contained in the Act as are indicated in the third column.

THE TABLE.

Areas.	Arms, Ammunition and Military Stores.	Prohibitions and directions.
British Baluchistan ...	(a) Spears of all kinds and hunting knives, ...	A 1.
	(b) Uniform swords and dirks manufactured in Europe of recognised Military or official patterns when possessed by, or intended to be supplied to, persons entitled to wear them as part of their uniforms,	All.
	(c) Swords imported for presentation as Army or Volunteer prizes.	All.
	(d) Ornamental arms of an obsolete pattern possessing only antiquarian value provided they are virtually useless for offensive and defensive purposes.	All.
	(e) Toy cannon weighing less than 56 lbs. and having—	All.
	(1) a calibre of less than one inch,	
	(2) a length of bore of less than 24 inches, and	
	(3) the interior of the bore unrifled.	
	(f) Gun wads and wire cartridges ...	Those contained in Section 6.
	(g) Lead required <i>bona fide</i> for industrial and manufacturing purposes (other than the manufacture of bullets and bird shot) up to any quantity.	Ditto.
	(h) Leaden bullets and bird shot in quantity not exceeding such limits as the Chief Commissioner may fix.	Ditto.
	(i) Saltpetre	Ditto.
	(j) Sulphur in quantities not exceeding such limits as the Chief Commissioner may fix.	Ditto.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE.

FORM NO. 1.

[Rules 5, 12 and 17.]

License for the Import transport possession of cannon, war-rockets or machinery for the manufacture of arms and ammunition.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any).	Number of packages.	Description with specification of calibre of cannon or other articles.	Number of articles.	COLUMNS TO BE FILLED UP IN CASES OF IMPORT OR TRANSPORT.			Period for which the license is valid.	Use to which the articles are to be put.
				Place of despatch and route	Place of destination.	Name, description and residence of consignee.		
							From the	
							to the	

Dated the

Date on which, in cases (Signature)

of _____ 9

of import or transport,

a copy is sent to the

Magistrate of the (Seal)

_____ district.

Secretary to
the Government
of India, Foreign
Department.

The _____ of _____ 19 .

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and of the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1912.

2. In cases of import or transport—

(a) hulk shall not be broken before the articles reach the place of destination, and

(b) the articles shall be delivered only to a person lawfully entitled to receive them.

3. In cases of import or of transport, an account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon.

4. In cases of transport by rail each package shall be marked with the word "Cannon," or as the case may be, in such a manner as to be readily recognizable by the Railway Authorities.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. II.

[Rule 7.]

Fee—Five rupees in stamps.

License for the import of arms, ammunition or military stores.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any).	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place of despatch and route.	Purpose for which required.	Place of destination.	Name, description and residence of consignee.	Period for which the license is valid.
		Description.	Number.	Description.	Weight in seers or number.					
										From the
										to the—

(Signature)

Dated the _____

(Seal)

of _____ 19 .

Magistrate of the _____ District.

Date on which a copy is sent to

Political Agent for the _____ State [R 7 (2)]
 the Magistrate of the _____ District [R 7 (3)]
 Station Master at the _____ Station [R 7 (4)]

The _____ 19 .

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and of the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7, and bulk shall not be broken, nor shall the consignment be stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.

3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon, and, where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms," "Ammunition" or "Military Stores," as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the Railway Authorities.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM No. III.

[Rule 10]

Fee—Five rupees in stamps, unless remitted or reduced under rule 28.

License for the export of arms, ammunition or military stores to any place beyond the frontier of British Baluchistan, or to any place in a Native State.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any).	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place of despatch and route.	Purpose for which required.	Place of destination.	Name and residence of consignee.	Period for which the license is valid.
		Description.	Number.	Description.	Weight in seers or number.					
										From the _____ to the _____

(Signature)

(Seal)

Dated the _____ Date on which the consent of
of _____ 19 . the Political Agent for the _____ State
Magistrate of the _____ District
is obtained (R 24 (1)).

The _____ Date on which a copy is sent to the
of _____ 19 . Political Agent for the _____ State [R 10 (2)]
the Magistrate of the _____ District [R 10 (2)]
the Magistrate of the _____ District [R 10 (3)]
the Station Master at the _____ Station [R 10 (4)]

The _____ 19 .

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and of the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7, and bulk shall not be broken, nor shall the consignment be stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.

3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon, and where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms," "Ammunition" or "Military Stores," as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the Railway Authorities.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM No. IV.

[Rule 14.]

Fee—Ten rupees in stamps.

License for the transport of arms, ammunition or military stores.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agent (if any) authorized for the purpose of this consignment.	Licensee's place of business, if any.	Number of packages.	ARMS.		AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place of despatch, route and mode of transit.	Place of destination.	Name, description and residence of consignee.	Period for which the license is valid.
			Description.	Number.	Description.	Weight in pounds or number.				
										From the
										to the

(Signature)

(Seal)

Magistrate of the _____ District

The _____

of _____ 19 .

Date on which the consent of
the Commissioner of Police
the Magistrate of the _____ District
is obtained [R 24 (1).]

The _____

of _____ 19 .

Date on which copy is sent to
the Commissioner of Police [R 14 (2) (a)]
the Magistrate of the _____ District [R 14 (2) (b)]
Magistrate at _____ [R 14 (3)]

The _____ 19 .

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878 (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. The articles shall not be conveyed by any route other than that specified in column 7, and bulk shall not be broken, nor shall the consignment be stopped, before the articles reach the place of destination.

3. An account of the contents of each package shall be legibly written thereon, and, where the articles are conveyed by rail, each package shall be marked with the word or expression "Arms", "Ammunition" or "Military Stores", as the case may be, so as to be readily recognizable by the Railway Authorities.

4. The articles shall be delivered only to a person lawfully entitled to receive them.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. V.

[Rule 16 (1) (a).]

Fee—Twenty rupees in stamps.

License to manufacture, convert, sell, or keep and sell, arms, ammunition or military stores (other than breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles).

Serial No. of license.	Name, descrip- tion and residence of licensee.	Place of business, factory or shop.	DESCRIPTION OF ARMS.		DESCRIPTION OF AMMU- NITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Date on which the license expires.
			To be manufactured or converted.	To be sold or kept for sale.	To be manufactured.	To be sold or kept for sale.	
							The 31st December 19 .

(Signature)

The _____ 19 .

(Seal)

Magistrate of the _____ District.

Form for renewal of license.

Date and year of renewal.	Date on which the renewed license expires.	Signature of Magistrate of the District.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. The licensee shall maintain registers of all arms manufactured or converted, of all ammunition and military stores manufactured, of all stock in hand, and of all sales, in such form as the Chief Commissioner may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on the demand of any Magistrate or any Police officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the Chief Commissioner so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix, on a conspicuous part of his place of business, factory or shop, a signboard on which shall be painted in large letters in English and in the Vernacular of the District his name and the words "Licensed to manufacture (or "Licensed to deal in) arms, ammunition and military stores" as the case may be.

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business, factory or shop a copy of section 28 either in English or in the Vernacular of the District.

5. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license in Form No. XI or XII—

(a) the name, description, and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold,

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall not sell ammunition to any person licensed to possess or carry arms in excess of the maximum which may be fixed by the Chief Commissioner for such person, and which is endorsed on his license.

7. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores elsewhere than at the place of business, factory or shop specified in column 3.

8. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to a Native officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier of the Indian Army unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

9. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores, or, unless he is specially authorised in this behalf by the Chief Commissioner, keep or sell revolvers manufactured out of India or magazine pistols.

Explanation—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arms" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government, and

(b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

10. (1) He shall not, save as herein otherwise provided, sell arms, ammunition or military stores to or for the use of any person without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of the District in which such person resides.

(2) Nothing in this condition shall be deemed to apply to sales to or for the use of—

(a) Any person who is exempted under any of the articles 1-5, 9, 12-14 or 18 (d) of the Table appended to the First Schedule of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, from certain prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 to 16,

(b) any person licensed to possess or carry arms,

(c) any person whose name is included in any list compiled by the Magistrate of the District for this purpose and who declares that he purchases for his own use.

11. Save where the Chief Commissioner directs the omission of this condition, the licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest Police Station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the license.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE.—*contd.*

FORM NO. VI.

[Rule 16 (1) (b).]

Fee—Ten rupees in stamps.

License to keep and sell arms, ammunition or military stores (other than breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles).

Serial No. of license.	Name, description and residence of licensee.	Place of business or shop.	DESCRIPTION OF		Date on which the license expires.
			Arms.	Ammunition or Military stores.	
					The 31st December 19 .

(Signature)

(Seal)

The _____ 19 .

Magistrate of the _____ District.

Form for renewal of the license.

Date and year of renewal.	Date on which the renewed license expires.	Signature of Magistrate.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. The licensee shall maintain registers of all arms, ammunition and military stores in stock, and of all sales, in such form as the Chief Commissioner may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on the demand of any Magistrate, or any Police officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the Chief Commissioner so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his place of business or shop a signboard on which shall be painted in large letters in English and in the Vernacular of the District his name and the words "Licensed to deal in arms, ammunition and military stores."

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business or shop a copy of section 28 in English or in the Vernacular of the District.

5. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license in Form No. XI or XII—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold,

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall not sell ammunition to any person licensed to possess or carry arms in excess of the maximum which may be fixed by the Chief Commissioner for such person and which is endorsed on his license.

7. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores elsewhere than at the place of business or shop specified in column 3.

8. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to a Native officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier of the Indian Army, unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

9. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores, or unless he is specially authorised in this behalf by the Chief Commissioner, keep or sell revolvers manufactured out of India or magazine pistols.

Explanation—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arms" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

10. (1) He shall not, save as herein otherwise provided, sell arms, ammunition or military stores to or for the use, of any person without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of the District in which such person resides.

(2) Nothing in this condition shall be deemed to apply to sales to or for the use of—

(a) Any person who is exempted under any of the articles 1-5-9, 13-14 or 18 (d) of the Table appended to the First Schedule of the Indian Arms Rules, 1909, from certain prohibitions and directions contained in sections 13 to 16.

(b) any person licensed to possess or carry arms,

(c) any person whose name is included in any list compiled by the Magistrate of the District for this purpose and who declares that he purchases for his own use.

11. Save where the Chief Commissioner directs the omission of this condition, the licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest Police Station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the license.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. VII.

[Rule 16 (2) (a).]

Fee—Where the licensee holds a license in Form No. V.—Free of all charge.

In all other cases—Twenty rupees in stamps.

License to manufacture, convert, sell, or keep and sell breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles.

Serial No. of license.	Name, description and residence of licensee.	Place of business, factory or shop.	Description of arms.		Description of ammunition or military stores.		Date on which the license expires.
			To be manufactured or converted.	To be sold or kept for sale.	To be manufactured.	To be sold or kept for sale.	
							The 31st December 19 .

(Signature)

(Seal)

No. _____ 19 .

Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

Form for renewal of the license.

Date and year of renewal.	Date on which the renewed license expires.	Signature of Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878. (XI of 1878) as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. The licensee shall maintain registers of all arms, ammunition and military stores in stock, and of all sales, in such form as the Chief Commissioner may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on the demand of any Magistrate, or any Police Officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the Chief Commissioner so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his place of business, factory or shop, a signboard, on which shall be painted, in large letters in English and in the Vernacular of the district his name and the words "licensed to deal in breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition and military stores for rifles."

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business, factory or shop a copy of section 28 either in English or in the Vernacular of the District.

5. He shall, at the time of purchase, endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license in Form No. XI or XII—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold, and

(c) the date of sale,

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall not sell breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles elsewhere than at the place of business, factory or shop specified in column 3.

7. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores.

Explanation—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arms" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

8. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to a Native officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier of the Indian Army, unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

9. He shall not sell breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles to, or for the use of, any person without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of the District in which such person resides.

10. Save where the Chief Commissioner directs the omission of this condition, the licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest Police Station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the license.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. VIII.

[Rule 16 (2) (b).]

Fee—Where the licensee already holds a license in Form No. VI.—Free of all charge.
In all other cases—Ten rupees in stamps.

License to keep and sell breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles.

Serial Number of license.	Name, description and residence of licensee.	Place of business or shop.	DESCRIPTION OF		Date on which the license expires.
			Arms.	Ammunition or military stores.	
					The 31st December 19 .

(Signature)

(Seal)

Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

The _____ 19 .

Form for the renewal of the license.

Date and year of renewal.	Date on which the renewed license expires.	Signature of Secretary to the Chief Commissioner.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878) as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.
2. The licensee shall maintain registers of all arms, ammunition or military stores in stock, and of all sales, in such form as the Chief Commissioner may direct.

3. He shall exhibit his stock and his registers on the demand of any Magistrate, or any Police Officer of a rank not below that of Inspector, or, if the Chief Commissioner so directs, of Sub-Inspector.

4. (1) He shall affix on a conspicuous part of his place of business or shop a signboard, on which shall be painted in large letters, in English and in the Vernacular of the District his name and the words "Licensed to deal in breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition and military stores for rifles".

(2) He shall also affix in his place of business or shop a copy of section 28 in English or in the Vernacular of the District.

5. He shall at the time of purchase endorse upon the license of every purchaser holding a license in any of the Form No. XI or XII—

(a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles sold,

(b) the nature and quantity of the articles sold, and

(c) the date of sale.

and shall sign the endorsement.

6. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores elsewhere than at the place of business or shop specified in column 3.

7. He shall not keep Government arms, ammunition or military stores.

Explanation—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arms" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" and "Government military stores" mean ammunition and military stores manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

8. He shall not sell arms, ammunition or military stores to a Native officer, non-commissioned officer or soldier of the Indian Army, unless he produces a written pass or permit signed by his Commanding Officer, and then only to the extent and on the conditions specified in such pass or permit.

9. He shall not sell breech-loading rifles, rifle ammunition or military stores for rifles to, or for the use of, any person without the sanction in writing of the Magistrate of the District in which such person resides.

10. Save where the Chief Commissioner directs the omission of this condition, the licensee shall forthwith give information at the nearest Police Station of the loss or theft of any arms, ammunition or military stores covered by the license.

FORM NO. IX.

[Rule 16 (4).]

Free of all charge.

License to sell rifled fire-arms or ball ammunition for rifled fire-arms which the vendor lawfully possesses for his own private use.

Serial No. of license.	Description of rifled fire-arms or ammunition.	Name, parentage and residence of person desiring to sell rifled fire-arms or ammunition.	Name, parentage and residence of person to whom sale is to be made.	Price agreed upon.	Date on which license expires.

(Signature)

(Seal)

The _____ 19

Magistrate of the _____ District.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. 3.

[Rule 18.]

Free of all charge.

License for the possession of fire-arms, ammunition or military stores.

Name, description and residence of licensee and agents, if any.	Number and description of fire-arms.	AMMUNITION OR MILITARY STORES.		Place (with description) where articles are to be kept.	Period for which the license is valid.
		Description.	Quantity.		

(Signature)

(Seal)

Date _____ 19__

Magistrate of the _____ District.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. It covers only the fire-arms, ammunition and stores specified in columns 2, 3 and 4 so long as they are kept in the place described in column 5, but does not authorise the licensee—

(a) to go armed, or

(b) to keep Government arms and ammunition.

Explanation—For the purposes of this condition—

(a) "Government arms" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government; and

(b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory, or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

THE THIRD SCHEDULE—*contd.*

FORM NO. XI.

[Rule 19.]

Fee—When granted under sub-rule (3)—Free of all fee.

In any other case, four annas in stamps for each weapon. License for the possession of arms and ammunition and for going armed for the purpose of ^{sport} ^{protection} ^{display}

1	2	3		4				5	6
Serial No. of license.	Name, description and residence of licensee and agent, if any.	Arms or ammunition that licensee is entitled to possess.		RETAINERS (IF ANY) COVERED BY THIS LICENSE.				District or place within which the license is valid.	Date on which the license expires.
		Description.	Quantity.	Name of retainer.	Name of retainer's father.	Address of retainer.	Arms or ammunition that the retainer is entitled to possess.		
							Description. Quantity.		

(Signature)

(Seal)

Magistrate of the _____ District.

The _____ 19 .

Form for renewal of the license.

Date and year of renewal.	Date on which the renewed license expires.	Signature of the Magistrate of the _____ District.

Conditions.

1. This license is granted subject to all the provisions of the Indian Arms Act, 1878, (XI of 1878), as extended to British Baluchistan, and the British Baluchistan Arms Rules, 1913.

2. It covers only the persons named, and the arms and ammunition described therein, and such retainers (if any) as may be entered in column 4.

3. Save where it is countersigned in the manner provided by rule 19, sub-rule (5), it extends only to the district or place specified therein.

4. The licensee or any retainer acting under this license shall not go armed with any arms covered thereby otherwise than in good faith for the purpose of ^{sport} ~~protection,~~ and, _{display} save where he is specially authorised in this behalf by the Magistrate of the district, he shall not take any such arms into a railway carriage or to a fair, religious procession, or other public assemblage.

5. The licensee at the time of purchasing any new arms or ammunition shall cause the following particulars to be endorsed upon his license under the vendor's signature, namely :—

- (a) the name, description and residence of the person who takes delivery of the articles purchased,
- (b) the nature and quantity of the articles purchased, and
- (c) the date of purchase.

6. He shall not purchase ammunition in excess of the maximum which may from time to time be fixed by the Chief Commissioner.

7. Save where the Chief Commissioner directs the omission of this condition, he shall forthwith give information at the nearest Police Station of the loss or theft of any arms covered by the license.

8. He shall not possess Government arms or ammunition.

Explanation—For the purposes of this condition—

- (a) "Government arms" means a fire-arm or other weapon which is the property of the Government, and
- (b) "Government ammunition" means ammunition manufactured in any Government factory or prepared for and supplied to the Government.

9. Where the license is granted for the purpose of sport, the licensee, or any retainer acting under the license, shall observe such close season as may be prescribed by the Chief Commissioner in respect of the game-birds and animals hereinafter set forth below,

Specification of game birds

and animals.

Close season,

